

## INCIDENT FACTS

### REPORT #:

71-227-2022

### REPORT DATE:

September 19, 2022

### INCIDENT DATE:

July 21, 2020

### VICTIM:

38 years old

### INDUSTRY:

Residential remodelers

### OCCUPATION:

Siding installer/ Construction company owner

### SCENE:

Apartment building under construction

### EVENT TYPE:

Fall



Rope grab lifeline with connector that installer did not use, as he was not wearing his full body harness.

[For a slideshow version, click here.](#)



## Siding Installer Falls 23 Feet from Pump Jack Scaffold

### SUMMARY

A 38-year-old siding installer died when he fell 23 feet from a pump jack scaffold. The siding installer, who owned his own construction company, was working for a subcontractor to install siding at a new construction apartment complex. On the day of the incident, the installer accessed the scaffold platform at the building's third floor level by climbing an extension ladder. The scaffold was not equipped with a guardrail system; it only had a workbench, which alone does not meet the requirement of a guardrail system. The installer provided his own full body harness, but he was not wearing it. The subcontractor provided the pump jack scaffolds and the rest of the personal fall arrest system consisting of a vertical rope lifeline with a rope grab and connector. The subcontractor required that site workers use the personal fall arrest system. As the installer was working from the scaffold platform, he fell 23 feet, landing on a pile of construction materials on the ground. He died of multiple blunt force injuries due to the fall.

Investigators found:

All employees had received fall protection training. The site superintendent reported that he held weekly site-wide safety meetings, which included an emphasis on the requirement for workers to use personal fall arrest systems. In addition, he did safety walk-arounds once or twice per day to ensure workers were using fall protection. On the day of the fatal incident, he had not yet done a walk-around inspection.

### REQUIREMENTS

Employers must:

- Protect each employee on a scaffold from falling ten feet or more to a lower level, by providing either: (a) A personal fall arrest system; or (b) Guardrails. For additional requirements, see [WAC 296-880-30030](#)
- Ensure guardrails are installed along all open sides and ends of platforms. See [WAC 296-874-20064](#)
- Develop and implement a written fall protection work plan including each area of the work place where the employees are assigned and where fall hazards of ten feet or more exist. See [WAC 296-880-10020](#) (Note: A fall protection work plan is not required where a guardrail system eliminates the fall hazard.)

### RECOMMENDATIONS

FACE investigators concluded that **general contractors and sub-contractors should:**

- Use guardrails on scaffolds whenever practical instead of or in addition to personal fall protection.
- Emphasize the requirement that workers maintain 100% tie off. This should be written in the work contract.
- Inspect scaffold operations at the start of each day before work begins and periodically throughout the day to ensure workers use fall protection.

### RESOURCES

[An Overview of Supported Scaffold Safety](#)



Unguarded pump jack scaffold from which the siding installer fell 23 feet.