

Table 1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker and case characteristics and industry, Washington, private industry, 2003-2009

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total						
	2009	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Total:	31,300	38,310	37,730	36,410	40,050	37,720	35,860	31,300
Gender:								
Male	20,330	25,610	24,310	25,330	27,340	25,530	24,870	20,330
Female	10,880	12,620	13,350	11,020	12,640	12,120	10,900	10,880
Age:								
Under 14	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
14 to 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19	620	1,550	1,030	880	1,630	1,280	1,740	620
20 to 24	2,960	4,520	5,050	4,910	4,570	4,590	3,710	2,960
25 to 34	8,720	8,690	9,250	8,370	9,270	9,090	8,230	8,720
35 to 44	6,880	10,360	9,780	8,880	9,660	9,410	8,170	6,880
45 to 54	7,610	8,930	8,230	9,090	10,110	8,570	8,340	7,610
55 to 64	3,560	3,810	3,800	3,490	4,060	4,190	4,590	3,560
65 and over	770	400	590	780	650	550	1,020	770
Occupation:								
Management, business, financial	600	590	520	540	920	910	860	600
Professional and related	2,130	2,060	2,270	2,210	2,030	1,790	1,800	2,130
Service	7,240	8,300	7,940	7,460	7,300	7,240	7,140	7,240
Sales and related	2,900	2,560	1,870	2,170	2,710	2,490	2,140	2,900
Office and administrative support	1,980	2,300	2,640	1,850	2,180	2,170	2,140	1,980
Farming, fishing, and forestry	1,320	1,700	1,950	1,580	1,730	1,730	1,580	1,320
Construction and extraction	3,770	4,150	4,460	5,750	6,510	5,810	5,310	3,770
Installation, maintenance, and repair	1,950	3,300	3,360	3,000	3,050	3,610	2,530	1,950
Production	3,550	5,420	5,010	4,320	5,410	5,280	4,370	3,550
Transportation and material moving	5,850	7,930	7,710	7,510	8,210	6,690	7,960	5,850
Military specific	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Length of service with employer:								
Less than 3 months	2,970	4,290	5,260	5,190	6,030	4,980	4,790	2,970
3 months to 11 months	5,230	7,370	7,940	8,390	8,800	9,860	8,000	5,230
1 year to 5 years	12,740	14,550	13,420	11,880	13,960	12,970	13,270	12,740
More than 5 years	9,980	11,740	11,030	10,880	11,080	9,790	9,650	9,980
Race or ethnic origin:								
White	11,680	15,600	17,180	18,340	17,550	17,390	14,480	11,680
Black or African American	780	820	710	900	1,200	850	610	780
Hispanic or Latino	3,620	3,630	3,260	3,460	4,350	4,560	4,160	3,620
Asian	490	810	530	750	1,000	720	740	490
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander	120	220	150	160	260	190	240	120
American Indian or Alaska Native	170	220	90	350	140	440	240	170
Hispanic and other	40	--	--	--	20	--	60	40
Multi-race	60	--	50	20	20	80	50	60
Not reported	14,340	16,980	15,750	12,430	15,520	13,490	15,290	14,340

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker and case characteristics and industry, Washington, private industry, 2003-2009

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total						
	2009	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Number of days away from work:								
Cases involving 1 day	4,580	5,190	4,840	4,590	6,470	5,380	4,830	4,580
Cases involving 2 days	3,900	4,100	4,350	4,130	4,780	4,030	4,490	3,900
Cases involving 3-5 days	6,120	8,770	7,470	8,710	8,460	7,880	6,660	6,120
Cases involving 6-10 days	3,760	5,080	5,320	4,910	5,640	4,820	5,110	3,760
Cases involving 11-20 days	3,500	4,000	4,480	3,990	4,030	3,800	4,340	3,500
Cases involving 21-30 days	1,870	1,850	2,260	2,080	2,690	2,460	1,950	1,870
Cases involving 31 or more days	7,560	9,310	9,010	8,010	7,980	9,350	8,480	7,560
Median days away from work ⁵	7	6	7	6	6	7	7	7
Nature of injury or illness:								
Sprains, strains	15,170	20,210	19,250	19,110	19,400	18,670	17,310	15,170
Fractures	1,630	2,270	2,520	2,360	2,660	2,590	2,710	1,630
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	2,650	2,700	3,120	3,610	3,700	3,030	2,690	2,650
Cuts, lacerations	2,200	--	--	--	--	2,670	2,110	2,200
Punctures	450	--	--	--	--	360	580	450
Bruises, contusions	2,220	2,910	3,540	2,930	3,310	3,510	3,380	2,220
Heat burns	400	510	630	240	300	620	320	400
Chemical burns	180	130	150	160	70	140	110	180
Amputations	110	330	330	150	140	160	240	110
Carpal tunnel syndrome	430	820	680	620	990	430	470	430
Tendonitis	360	340	500	250	370	240	210	360
Multiple traumatic injuries	1,370	2,130	1,630	1,410	1,660	1,950	1,930	1,370
With fractures	310	200	160	180	290	270	460	310
With sprains	530	1,060	820	750	970	1,090	1,050	530
Soreness, Pain	2,310	1,850	1,170	1,310	1,620	1,500	1,830	2,310
Back pain	820	590	400	410	610	460	600	820
All other	4,460	4,110	4,220	4,260	5,830	4,890	4,650	4,460
Part of body affected:								
Head	1,650	1,930	2,250	2,550	3,300	2,460	2,470	1,650
Eye	780	890	1,050	1,560	2,260	1,130	1,150	780
Neck	510	740	840	1,230	850	610	650	510
Trunk	12,850	15,190	14,760	13,720	14,670	13,800	13,220	12,850
Back	8,000	10,050	9,670	9,120	9,670	8,620	8,500	8,000
Shoulder	2,750	3,060	2,780	2,410	2,880	2,700	2,550	2,750
Upper extremities	6,530	8,250	7,690	7,610	8,920	7,870	7,550	6,530
Arm	1,120	--	--	--	--	1,310	1,720	1,120
Finger	2,120	3,090	3,330	3,040	3,150	2,750	3,170	2,120
Hand, except finger	1,430	1,190	1,320	1,600	1,320	1,750	830	1,430
Wrist	1,430	2,370	1,480	1,650	2,140	1,530	1,460	1,430
Lower extremities	6,250	7,500	7,440	7,340	8,040	8,590	8,030	6,250
Knee	2,740	3,130	2,820	3,000	3,440	3,570	3,450	2,740
Ankle	1,320	--	--	--	--	2,510	1,740	1,320
Foot, toe	1,160	1,130	1,480	1,350	1,450	1,410	1,380	1,160
Body systems	310	310	420	290	420	510	270	310
Multiple	3,160	4,360	4,290	3,660	3,790	3,820	3,660	3,160
All other	50	--	--	--	60	50	20	50

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker and case characteristics and industry, Washington, private industry, 2003-2009

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total						
	2009	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Source of injury or illness:								
Chemicals, chemical products	400	560	540	510	1,140	560	400	400
Containers	4,700	5,740	5,820	4,630	5,960	4,580	4,810	4,700
Furniture, fixtures	1,080	1,440	1,460	1,200	1,300	1,400	1,330	1,080
Machinery	1,650	2,480	2,210	2,440	2,330	2,520	1,720	1,650
Parts and materials	3,220	3,540	3,310	3,670	4,530	3,940	4,100	3,220
Person, injured or ill worker	5,470	--	--	--	--	6,530	6,010	5,470
Worker motion or position	5,430	6,700	6,690	6,560	7,340	6,290	5,950	5,430
Floor, ground surfaces	5,120	6,300	6,160	6,150	6,120	6,880	6,230	5,120
Handtools	1,840	2,020	2,230	2,090	2,860	2,400	1,990	1,840
Vehicles	2,100	3,270	2,750	3,050	2,940	2,960	3,170	2,100
Person, other than injured or ill worker	1,860	--	--	--	--	1,550	1,620	1,860
Health care patient	1,380	1,410	1,290	1,210	1,220	1,400	1,190	1,380
All other	3,870	4,860	5,250	4,900	4,310	4,410	4,500	3,870
Event or exposure:								
Contact with object, equipment	6,970	9,060	8,720	10,080	10,530	9,360	9,710	6,970
Struck by object	3,490	4,320	4,920	4,690	5,140	4,780	5,430	3,490
Struck against object	1,710	3,030	2,030	3,270	3,250	2,450	2,170	1,710
Caught in object, equipment, material	1,180	960	1,070	1,020	1,180	1,280	1,310	1,180
Fall to lower level	2,170	2,920	2,540	2,350	2,950	2,650	2,560	2,170
Fall on same level	3,330	3,890	4,480	4,270	3,740	4,160	3,810	3,330
Slips, trips	1,360	1,120	1,220	940	1,110	1,030	1,300	1,360
Overexertion	10,160	12,010	11,420	9,670	11,410	11,200	10,390	10,160
Overexertion in lifting	4,100	6,340	6,240	4,970	6,210	4,960	4,840	4,100
Repetitive motion	1,410	1,820	1,730	1,430	2,290	1,730	1,700	1,410
Exposed to harmful substance	1,240	1,450	1,620	1,070	1,870	1,650	1,080	1,240
Transportation accidents	1,220	1,410	1,390	1,610	1,240	1,540	1,400	1,220
Highway accident	750	--	--	--	--	870	710	750
Fires, explosions	--	--	--	--	130	--	20	--
Assault, violent act	350	360	610	470	390	300	520	350
by person	310	300	290	380	190	170	390	310
by other	40	60	320	90	200	130	130	40
by animal	40	--	--	--	--	130	130	40
All other	3,080	4,260	3,980	4,490	4,380	4,120	3,380	3,080

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker and case characteristics and industry, Washington, private industry, 2003-2009

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total						
	2009	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Day of Week:								
Sunday	2,030	2,220	2,060	2,810	1,860	2,250	2,060	2,030
Monday	5,810	7,470	6,700	7,420	7,270	7,420	6,210	5,810
Tuesday	5,790	6,530	6,360	6,550	6,650	6,510	6,690	5,790
Wednesday	5,400	6,620	6,950	6,640	7,720	6,890	5,800	5,400
Thursday	4,910	6,880	6,690	5,560	6,670	6,400	6,390	4,910
Friday	4,550	5,700	6,140	5,090	7,040	5,380	6,060	4,550
Saturday	2,810	2,880	2,830	2,340	2,830	2,870	2,650	2,810
Time of Day:								
12:01 AM - 4:00 AM	1,080	1,270	1,470	920	1,150	950	1,070	1,080
4:01 AM - 8:00 AM	3,120	3,890	3,900	3,810	3,660	3,890	3,440	3,120
8:01 AM - 12:00 PM	8,600	11,860	11,250	10,720	12,810	12,710	10,220	8,600
12:01 PM - 4:00 PM	6,860	8,310	9,390	9,350	9,970	8,610	8,250	6,860
4:01 PM - 8:00 PM	3,040	3,480	4,100	3,410	3,780	3,630	3,290	3,040
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	1,530	2,330	2,270	1,700	2,190	1,610	1,590	1,530
Not reported	7,080	7,180	5,350	6,500	6,490	6,330	8,010	7,080
Hours Worked:								
Occurred before shift began	120	--	--	50	80	30	80	120
Less than 1 hour	1,870	2,700	3,030	2,520	2,610	2,400	2,090	1,870
1 - 2 hours	2,310	3,460	3,730	3,870	3,560	3,070	3,690	2,310
2 - 4 hours	5,390	7,930	7,890	7,840	7,820	7,890	6,380	5,390
4 - 6 hours	3,860	5,140	6,300	5,460	7,500	6,070	4,710	3,860
6 - 8 hours	3,800	5,220	6,360	5,890	5,450	5,010	4,400	3,800
8 - 10 hours	1,550	2,380	3,200	2,770	3,010	2,250	2,610	1,550
10 - 12 hours	330	550	600	560	540	560	640	330
12 - 16 hours	80	210	150	140	330	150	130	80
More than 16 hours	--	60	20	20	--	--	--	--
Not reported	11,990	10,650	6,430	7,290	9,150	10,290	11,130	11,990

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁵ Median days away from work is the measure used to summarize the varying lengths of absences from work among the cases with days away from work. Half the cases involved more days and half involved less days than a specified median. Median days away from work are represented in actual values.

NOTE: Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals. Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines. The scientifically selected probability sample used was one of many possible samples, each of which could have produced different estimates. A measure of sampling variability for each estimate is available upon request.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, December 16, 2010

Table 2. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² by selected worker and case characteristics and industry, Washington, private industry, 2003-2009

Characteristic	Private industry ^{3,4,5}	Total						
	2009	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Total:	165.6	227.9	214.4	203.3	215.5	196.0	182.1	165.6
Number of days away from work:								
Cases involving 1 day	24.3	30.9	27.5	25.7	34.8	27.9	24.5	24.3
Cases involving 2 days	20.6	24.4	24.7	23.0	25.7	20.9	22.8	20.6
Cases involving 3-5 days	32.4	52.2	42.4	48.6	45.5	40.9	33.8	32.4
Cases involving 6-10 days	19.9	30.2	30.3	27.4	30.3	25.0	25.9	19.9
Cases involving 11-20 days	18.5	23.8	25.5	22.3	21.7	19.8	22.0	18.5
Cases involving 21-30 days	9.9	11.0	12.8	11.6	14.5	12.8	9.9	9.9
Cases involving 31 or more days	40.0	55.4	51.2	44.7	42.9	48.6	43.1	40.0
Nature of injury or illness:								
Sprains, strains	80.3	120.2	109.4	106.7	104.4	97.0	87.9	80.3
Fractures	8.6	13.5	14.3	13.2	14.3	13.5	13.7	8.6
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	14.0	16.1	17.8	20.2	19.9	15.7	13.7	14.0
Cuts, lacerations	11.7	--	--	--	--	13.9	10.7	11.7
Punctures	2.4	--	--	--	--	1.9	3.0	2.4
Bruises, contusions	11.8	17.3	20.1	16.3	17.8	18.2	17.2	11.8
Heat burns	2.1	3.0	3.6	1.4	1.6	3.2	1.6	2.1
Chemical burns	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.4	0.7	0.6	1.0
Amputations	0.6	2.0	1.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	1.2	0.6
Carpal tunnel syndrome	2.3	4.9	3.8	3.4	5.3	2.2	2.4	2.3
Tendonitis	1.9	2.0	2.8	1.4	2.0	1.3	1.1	1.9
Multiple traumatic injuries	7.3	12.7	9.3	7.9	8.9	10.1	9.8	7.3
With fractures	1.7	1.2	0.9	1.0	1.6	1.4	2.3	1.7
With sprains	2.8	6.3	4.7	4.2	5.2	5.7	5.3	2.8
Soreness, Pain	12.2	11.0	6.6	7.3	8.7	7.8	9.3	12.2
Back pain	4.3	3.5	2.2	2.3	3.3	2.4	3.1	4.3
All other	23.6	24.5	24.0	23.8	31.3	25.4	23.6	23.6
Part of body affected:								
Head	8.7	11.5	12.8	14.2	17.7	12.8	12.5	8.7
Eye	4.1	5.3	5.9	8.7	12.2	5.9	5.9	4.1
Neck	2.7	4.4	4.8	6.8	4.6	3.1	3.3	2.7
Trunk	68.0	90.4	83.9	76.6	78.9	71.7	67.1	68.0
Back	42.3	59.8	55.0	50.9	52.0	44.8	43.1	42.3
Shoulder	14.5	18.2	15.8	13.4	15.5	14.0	12.9	14.5
Upper extremities	34.5	49.1	43.7	42.5	48.0	40.9	38.3	34.5
Arm	5.9	--	--	--	--	6.8	8.7	5.9
Finger	11.2	18.4	18.9	17.0	16.9	14.3	16.1	11.2
Hand, except finger	7.6	7.1	7.5	8.9	7.1	9.1	4.2	7.6
Wrist	7.6	14.1	8.4	9.2	11.5	8.0	7.4	7.6
Lower extremities	33.1	44.6	42.3	41.0	43.3	44.6	40.8	33.1
Knee	14.5	18.6	16.0	16.8	18.5	18.5	17.5	14.5
Ankle	7.0	--	--	--	--	13.0	8.8	7.0
Foot, toe	6.1	6.7	8.4	7.5	7.8	7.3	7.0	6.1
Body systems	1.6	1.8	2.4	1.6	2.2	2.7	1.3	1.6
Multiple	16.7	25.9	24.4	20.4	20.4	19.9	18.6	16.7
All other	0.3	--	--	--	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² by selected worker and case characteristics and industry, Washington, private industry, 2003-2009

Characteristic	Private industry ^{3,4,5}	Total						
	2009	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Source of injury or illness:								
Chemicals, chemical products	2.1	3.3	3.1	2.8	6.1	2.9	2.0	2.1
Containers	24.9	34.2	33.1	25.9	32.1	23.8	24.4	24.9
Furniture, fixtures	5.7	8.6	8.3	6.7	7.0	7.3	6.8	5.7
Machinery	8.7	14.8	12.6	13.6	12.5	13.1	8.7	8.7
Parts and materials	17.0	21.1	18.8	20.5	24.3	20.5	20.8	17.0
Person, injured or ill worker	28.9	--	--	--	--	33.9	30.5	28.9
Worker motion or position	28.8	39.9	38.0	36.6	39.5	32.7	30.2	28.8
Floor, ground surfaces	27.1	37.5	35.0	34.4	32.9	35.7	31.6	27.1
Handtools	9.7	12.0	12.7	11.7	15.4	12.4	10.1	9.7
Vehicles	11.1	19.5	15.6	17.0	15.8	15.4	16.1	11.1
Person, other than injured or ill worker	9.8	--	--	--	--	8.1	8.2	9.8
Health care patient	7.3	8.4	7.3	6.7	6.6	7.2	6.0	7.3
All other	20.5	28.9	29.8	27.4	23.2	22.9	22.8	20.5
Event or exposure:								
Contact with object, equipment	36.9	53.9	49.6	56.3	56.7	48.6	49.3	36.9
Struck by object	18.4	25.7	28.0	26.2	27.6	24.8	27.6	18.4
Struck against object	9.0	18.0	11.6	18.2	17.5	12.7	11.0	9.0
Caught in object, equipment, material	6.3	5.7	6.1	5.7	6.4	6.6	6.7	6.3
Fall to lower level	11.5	17.4	14.4	13.1	15.9	13.8	13.0	11.5
Fall on same level	17.6	23.1	25.5	23.8	20.1	21.6	19.4	17.6
Slips, trips	7.2	6.7	6.9	5.2	6.0	5.3	6.6	7.2
Overexertion	53.7	71.5	64.9	54.0	61.4	58.2	52.7	53.7
Overexertion in lifting	21.7	37.7	35.4	27.8	33.4	25.8	24.6	21.7
Repetitive motion	7.4	10.8	9.8	8.0	12.3	9.0	8.6	7.4
Exposed to harmful substance	6.6	8.6	9.2	6.0	10.1	8.6	5.5	6.6
Transportation accidents	6.5	8.4	7.9	9.0	6.7	8.0	7.1	6.5
Highway accident	3.9	--	--	--	--	4.5	3.6	3.9
Fires, explosions	--	--	--	--	0.7	--	0.1	--
Assault, violent act	1.8	2.1	3.5	2.6	2.1	1.5	2.7	1.8
by person	1.6	1.8	1.7	2.1	1.0	0.9	2.0	1.6
by other	0.2	0.4	1.8	0.5	1.1	0.7	0.7	0.2
by animal	0.2	--	--	--	--	0.7	0.7	0.2
All other	16.3	25.3	22.6	25.1	23.6	21.4	17.2	16.3

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as (N / EH) X 20,000,000 where,

N = number of injuries and illnesses,
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year,
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines or data for incidence rates less than 0.05 per 10,000 full-time workers. The scientifically selected probability sample used in each year was one of many possible samples, each of which could have produced different estimates. A measure of sampling variability for each estimate is available upon request.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, December 16, 2010

Table 1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, 2009

Washington--private industry

Characteristic	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total.....	31,300	10,330	1,570	3,660	5,100	20,970	9,220	340	650	2,380	4,570	2,940	860
Gender:													
Male.....	20,330	9,000	1,210	3,500	4,290	11,330	5,980	260	450	1,630	870	1,500	640
Female.....	10,880	1,330	360	160	810	9,550	3,150	80	210	750	3,700	1,440	230
Age:													
14 to 15.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19.....	620	90	40	--	40	530	230	--	--	20	80	190	--
20 to 24.....	2,960	910	200	300	410	2,050	900	--	--	300	420	310	80
25 to 34.....	8,720	3,170	460	1,510	1,210	5,550	1,800	170	230	820	960	1,140	420
35 to 44.....	6,880	2,550	500	890	1,170	4,320	2,070	60	140	540	1,030	390	90
45 to 54.....	7,610	2,480	200	820	1,460	5,130	2,640	60	140	390	1,160	570	180
55 to 64.....	3,560	950	120	100	740	2,600	1,130	30	90	270	800	250	--
65 and over.....	770	90	40	--	40	680	390	--	30	30	120	90	--
Length of service with employer:													
Less than 3 months.....	2,970	1,360	610	510	240	1,610	510	--	110	250	360	320	60
3 to 11 months.....	5,230	1,510	190	590	730	3,720	1,570	20	40	350	1,000	640	100
1 to 5 years.....	12,740	3,780	410	1,410	1,960	8,970	3,780	190	300	1,240	1,850	1,240	370
More than 5 years.....	9,980	3,600	340	1,120	2,130	6,380	3,160	130	210	510	1,320	730	330
Race or ethnic origin:													
White only.....	11,680	4,060	270	2,010	1,780	7,620	3,300	40	380	860	1,970	830	230
Black only.....	780	100	--	30	80	670	90	--	--	80	390	90	--
Hispanic or Latino only.....	3,620	2,210	860	610	740	1,420	370	--	80	270	240	440	--
Asian only.....	490	140	--	--	130	350	100	--	--	50	90	100	--
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only.....	120	30	--	--	30	90	60	--	--	--	20	--	--
American Indian or Alaskan Native only.....	170	40	--	--	30	130	30	--	--	--	50	50	--
Hispanic or Latino and other race.....	40	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multi-race.....	60	20	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	--	20	--	--
Not reported.....	14,340	3,730	440	970	2,320	10,620	5,270	290	170	1,090	1,800	1,390	610

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007*) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping

requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 2. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from wor¹ by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, 2009

Washington--private industry

Characteristic	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total [31,300 cases].....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Gender:													
Male.....	65.0	87.1	77.1	95.6	84.1	54.0	64.9	76.5	69.2	68.5	19.0	51.0	74.4
Female.....	34.8	12.9	22.9	4.4	15.9	45.5	34.2	23.5	32.3	31.5	81.0	49.0	26.7
Age:													
14 to 15.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19.....	2.0	0.9	2.5	--	0.8	2.5	2.5	--	--	0.8	1.8	6.5	--
20 to 24.....	9.5	8.8	12.7	8.2	8.0	9.8	9.8	--	--	12.6	9.2	10.5	9.3
25 to 34.....	27.9	30.7	29.3	41.3	23.7	26.5	19.5	50.0	35.4	34.5	21.0	38.8	48.8
35 to 44.....	22.0	24.7	31.8	24.3	22.9	20.6	22.5	17.6	21.5	22.7	22.5	13.3	10.5
45 to 54.....	24.3	24.0	12.7	22.4	28.6	24.5	28.6	17.6	21.5	16.4	25.4	19.4	20.9
55 to 64.....	11.4	9.2	7.6	2.7	14.5	12.4	12.3	8.8	13.8	11.3	17.5	8.5	--
65 and over.....	2.5	0.9	2.5	--	0.8	3.2	4.2	--	4.6	1.3	2.6	3.1	--
Length of service with employer:													
Less than 3 months.....	9.5	13.2	38.9	13.9	4.7	7.7	5.5	--	16.9	10.5	7.9	10.9	7.0
3 to 11 months.....	16.7	14.6	12.1	16.1	14.3	17.7	17.0	5.9	6.2	14.7	21.9	21.8	11.6
1 to 5 years.....	40.7	36.6	26.1	38.5	38.4	42.8	41.0	55.9	46.2	52.1	40.5	42.2	43.0
More than 5 years.....	31.9	34.8	21.7	30.6	41.8	30.4	34.3	38.2	32.3	21.4	28.9	24.8	38.4
Race or ethnic origin:													
White only.....	37.3	39.3	17.2	54.9	34.9	36.3	35.8	11.8	58.5	36.1	43.1	28.2	26.7
Black only.....	2.5	1.0	--	0.8	1.6	3.2	1.0	--	--	3.4	8.5	3.1	--
Hispanic or Latino only.....	11.6	21.4	54.8	16.7	14.5	6.8	4.0	--	12.3	11.3	5.3	15.0	--
Asian only.....	1.6	1.4	--	--	2.5	1.7	1.1	--	--	2.1	2.0	3.4	--
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only.....	0.4	0.3	--	--	0.6	0.4	0.7	--	--	--	0.4	--	--
American Indian or Alaskan Native only.....	0.5	0.4	--	--	0.6	0.6	0.3	--	--	--	1.1	1.7	--
Hispanic or Latino and other race.....	0.1	--	--	--	--	0.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multi-race.....	0.2	0.2	--	--	--	0.1	--	--	--	--	0.4	--	--
Not reported.....	45.8	36.1	28.0	26.5	45.5	50.6	57.2	85.3	26.2	45.8	39.4	47.3	70.9

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping

requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by major occupational group and major industry sector, 2009

Washington--private industry

Occupation	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total.....	31,300	10,330	1,570	3,660	5,100	20,970	9,220	340	650	2,380	4,570	2,940	860
Management occupations.....	470	80	20	30	30	400	150	--	30	30	90	50	--
Business and financial operations occupations.....	130	--	--	--	--	120	90	--	--	--	--	--	--
Computer and mathematical occupations.....	110	--	--	--	--	110	--	40	--	50	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations.....	320	110	--	--	110	210	--	--	--	180	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations.....	20	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social services occupations.....	290	--	--	--	--	290	--	--	--	--	280	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations.....	170	--	--	--	--	170	--	--	--	20	120	--	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations.....	120	--	--	--	--	110	--	20	--	--	--	70	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations.....	1,110	--	--	--	--	1,110	--	--	--	40	1,060	--	--
Healthcare support occupations.....	1,480	--	--	--	--	1,480	--	--	--	20	1,440	--	--
Protective service occupations.....	310	50	--	50	--	260	30	--	--	190	--	--	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations.....	2,590	--	--	--	--	2,590	240	--	--	--	280	2,030	--
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations.....	1,910	120	70	--	60	1,790	40	--	140	970	270	330	40
Personal care and service occupations.....	960	40	40	--	--	920	240	--	--	--	510	100	70
Sales and related occupations.....	2,900	50	--	20	30	2,840	2,630	120	--	40	--	30	--
Office and administrative support occupations.....	1,980	120	--	--	100	1,860	1,070	50	110	210	290	90	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.....	1,320	1,310	1,190	--	110	20	20	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction and extraction occupations.....	3,770	3,590	30	3,310	250	180	40	--	--	110	--	--	--
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations.....	1,950	570	30	140	400	1,380	590	40	80	80	70	--	500
Production occupations.....	3,550	2,870	40	90	2,740	690	390	20	--	90	70	60	50
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	5,850	1,390	120	20	1,240	4,460	3,660	20	250	320	20	130	50

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping

requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 4. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker occupations and major industry sector, 2009

Washington--private industry

Occupation	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total.....	31,300	10,330	1,570	3,660	5,100	20,970	9,220	340	650	2,380	4,570	2,940	860
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer.....	2,150	440	70	20	350	1,710	1,390	--	--	280	--	--	--
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand.....	1,650	480	--	--	470	1,170	1,100	--	--	20	--	20	--
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants.....	1,060	--	--	--	--	1,060	--	--	--	--	1,060	--	--
Retail salespersons.....	1,060	--	--	--	--	1,060	1,050	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction laborers.....	1,040	1,020	--	1,010	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Stock clerks and order fillers.....	750	20	--	--	--	730	700	--	--	20	--	--	--
Carpenters.....	750	740	--	660	80	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Cashiers.....	710	--	--	--	--	710	690	--	--	--	--	20	--
Farmworkers and laborers, crop, nursery, and greenhouse.....	700	690	690	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Registered nurses.....	660	--	--	--	--	660	--	--	--	--	650	--	--
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners.....	640	60	--	--	50	590	30	--	50	270	110	110	--
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers.....	630	--	--	--	--	620	--	--	--	530	--	40	40
First-line supervisors/managers of food preparation and serving workers.....	450	--	--	--	--	450	--	--	--	--	40	400	--
Personal and home care aides.....	430	--	--	--	--	430	--	--	--	--	410	--	--
Cooks, restaurant.....	420	--	--	--	--	420	--	--	--	--	--	420	--
Automotive service technicians and mechanics.....	420	40	--	--	--	380	200	--	--	--	--	--	--
Maintenance and repair workers, general.....	410	100	--	--	90	310	70	--	70	40	70	--	40
Maids and housekeeping cleaners.....	390	--	--	--	--	390	--	--	40	20	150	170	--
Truck drivers, light or delivery services.....	380	30	--	--	30	340	210	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aircraft structure, surfaces, rigging, and systems assemblers.....	370	370	--	--	370	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Food preparation workers.....	350	--	--	--	--	350	50	--	--	--	--	290	--
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food.....	350	--	--	--	--	350	150	--	--	--	--	200	--
Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers.....	350	320	--	40	280	30	20	--	--	--	--	--	--
Roofers.....	340	340	--	340	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Waiters and waitresses.....	270	--	--	--	--	270	--	--	--	--	--	270	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping

requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 5. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, 2009

Washington--private industry

Characteristic	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total.....	31,300	10,330	1,570	3,660	5,100	20,970	9,220	340	650	2,380	4,570	2,940	860
Nature of injury, illness:													
Sprains, strains.....	15,170	4,030	580	1,380	2,070	11,140	5,020	220	260	1,320	2,610	1,300	410
Bruises, contusions.....	2,220	740	230	160	350	1,480	570	20	110	290	300	190	--
Cuts, lacerations.....	2,200	800	70	210	530	1,400	530	--	50	20	80	520	190
Punctures.....	450	300	70	130	100	150	40	--	50	30	--	--	--
Fractures.....	1,630	870	60	420	380	770	360	20	30	60	180	110	--
Heat burns.....	400	100	--	30	50	300	40	--	--	20	50	190	--
Carpal tunnel syndrome.....	430	180	--	20	160	250	90	--	--	30	70	--	--
Tendonitis.....	360	200	--	180	--	150	110	--	--	--	--	20	--
Chemical burns.....	180	160	--	140	20	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Amputations.....	110	60	20	--	40	50	30	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multiple traumatic injuries.....	1,370	400	70	160	160	970	500	20	--	130	230	60	--
Part of body affected:													
Head.....	1,650	930	170	420	340	720	320	--	--	50	120	160	50
Eye.....	780	560	110	230	220	220	100	--	--	--	20	60	--
Neck.....	510	80	--	20	50	430	200	--	--	40	130	40	--
Trunk.....	12,850	3,710	400	1,300	2,020	9,140	4,200	180	340	650	2,280	1,100	380
Shoulder.....	2,750	1,150	70	520	550	1,600	700	20	40	150	470	150	60
Back.....	8,000	1,990	230	630	1,130	6,020	2,560	150	180	440	1,520	860	310
Upper extremities.....	6,530	2,430	260	690	1,470	4,100	1,590	50	70	650	530	900	290
Arm.....	1,120	440	60	110	260	680	410	--	--	40	80	110	--
Wrist.....	1,430	390	30	90	260	1,050	340	--	40	350	170	120	--
Hand, except finger.....	1,430	570	60	230	270	860	190	--	--	80	70	320	--
Finger.....	2,120	930	90	210	640	1,190	550	--	--	130	160	270	70
Lower extremities.....	6,250	2,150	460	750	940	4,090	1,900	50	150	570	820	520	80
Knee.....	2,740	900	230	400	270	1,840	820	40	30	300	410	220	--
Ankle.....	1,320	380	70	160	140	940	460	--	30	90	200	120	40
Foot, except toe.....	940	450	70	130	250	490	290	--	--	30	80	60	--
Toe.....	220	80	20	--	60	140	40	--	--	40	--	20	--
Body systems.....	310	80	50	--	20	230	30	--	--	20	100	30	--
Multiple parts.....	3,160	940	210	470	260	2,220	950	40	50	390	560	180	60

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, 2009 -- Continued

Washington--private industry

Characteristic	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Source of injury, illness:													
Chemicals, chemical products.....	400	230	--	150	70	170	70	--	--	--	40	50	--
Containers.....	4,700	950	150	190	610	3,750	2,370	--	110	230	310	660	60
Furniture, fixtures.....	1,080	90	--	20	70	990	430	--	--	70	270	170	--
Machinery.....	1,650	700	110	100	480	950	430	--	--	60	60	350	--
Parts and materials.....	3,220	2,120	160	830	1,130	1,100	690	--	60	150	80	50	70
Person, injured or ill worker.....	5,470	1,840	260	700	880	3,630	1,640	70	100	450	720	510	130
Worker motion or position.....	5,430	1,840	260	700	880	3,600	1,630	70	90	450	720	510	130
Floor, ground surfaces.....	5,120	1,880	400	830	640	3,240	1,170	60	110	470	860	460	100
Tools, instruments, and equipment.....	2,330	980	80	400	490	1,350	550	20	30	330	160	220	--
Vehicles.....	2,100	390	80	120	190	1,710	1,010	30	120	220	210	110	--
Person, other than worker.....	1,860	50	--	--	--	1,800	160	--	--	40	1,580	--	--
Health care patient.....	1,380	--	--	--	--	1,380	--	--	--	--	1,360	--	--
Event or exposure:													
Contact with object, equipment.....	6,970	3,300	490	990	1,820	3,670	1,620	30	110	410	410	800	290
Struck by object.....	3,490	1,670	220	420	1,030	1,820	970	20	70	180	190	340	40
Struck against object.....	1,710	510	110	240	160	1,190	330	--	30	110	130	360	210
Caught in object, equipment, material.....	1,180	750	90	200	460	430	220	--	--	70	30	70	--
Fall to lower level.....	2,170	1,120	320	540	260	1,050	490	40	30	220	130	100	40
Fall on same level.....	3,330	850	140	270	440	2,480	780	20	80	310	770	450	60
Slips, trips.....	1,360	370	50	190	130	990	380	--	50	170	200	130	60
Overexertion.....	10,160	2,400	180	820	1,410	7,760	3,700	140	140	730	1,960	760	320
Overexertion in lifting.....	4,100	900	90	250	560	3,200	1,990	--	--	230	570	280	100
Repetitive motion.....	1,410	560	20	240	290	850	390	30	40	110	140	100	--
Exposed to harmful substance.....	1,240	470	90	220	150	770	140	--	60	70	220	270	--
Transportation accidents.....	1,220	170	60	70	50	1,050	530	20	120	140	180	40	--
Highway accident.....	750	60	--	40	--	690	300	20	120	120	120	--	--
Fires, explosions.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Assault, violent act.....	350	40	30	--	--	300	150	--	--	30	130	--	--
by person.....	310	30	--	--	--	280	140	--	--	--	130	--	--
by animal.....	40	20	--	--	--	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements

effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 6. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from wor¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, 2009

Washington--private industry													
Characteristic	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total [31,300 cases].....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Nature of injury, illness:													
Sprains, strains.....	48.5	39.0	36.9	37.7	40.6	53.1	54.4	64.7	40.0	55.5	57.1	44.2	47.7
Bruises, contusions.....	7.1	7.2	14.6	4.4	6.9	7.1	6.2	5.9	16.9	12.2	6.6	6.5	--
Cuts, lacerations.....	7.0	7.7	4.5	5.7	10.4	6.7	5.7	--	7.7	0.8	1.8	17.7	22.1
Punctures.....	1.4	2.9	4.5	3.6	2.0	0.7	0.4	--	7.7	1.3	--	--	--
Fractures.....	5.2	8.4	3.8	11.5	7.5	3.7	3.9	5.9	4.6	2.5	3.9	3.7	--
Heat burns.....	1.3	1.0	--	0.8	1.0	1.4	0.4	--	--	0.8	1.1	6.5	--
Carpal tunnel syndrome.....	1.4	1.7	--	0.5	3.1	1.2	1.0	--	--	1.3	1.5	--	--
Tendonitis.....	1.2	1.9	--	4.9	--	0.7	1.2	--	--	--	--	0.7	--
Chemical burns.....	0.6	1.5	--	3.8	0.4	0.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Amputations.....	0.4	0.6	1.3	--	0.8	0.2	0.3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multiple traumatic injuries.....	4.4	3.9	4.5	4.4	3.1	4.6	5.4	5.9	--	5.5	5.0	2.0	--
Part of body affected:													
Head.....	5.3	9.0	10.8	11.5	6.7	3.4	3.5	--	--	2.1	2.6	5.4	5.8
Eye.....	2.5	5.4	7.0	6.3	4.3	1.0	1.1	--	--	--	0.4	2.0	--
Neck.....	1.6	0.8	--	0.5	1.0	2.1	2.2	--	--	1.7	2.8	1.4	--
Trunk.....	41.1	35.9	25.5	35.5	39.6	43.6	45.6	52.9	52.3	27.3	49.9	37.4	44.2
Shoulder.....	8.8	11.1	4.5	14.2	10.8	7.6	7.6	5.9	6.2	6.3	10.3	5.1	7.0
Back.....	25.6	19.3	14.6	17.2	22.2	28.7	27.8	44.1	27.7	18.5	33.3	29.3	36.0
Upper extremities.....	20.9	23.5	16.6	18.9	28.8	19.6	17.2	14.7	10.8	27.3	11.6	30.6	33.7
Arm.....	3.6	4.3	3.8	3.0	5.1	3.2	4.4	--	--	1.7	1.8	3.7	--
Wrist.....	4.6	3.8	1.9	2.5	5.1	5.0	3.7	--	6.2	14.7	3.7	4.1	--
Hand, except finger.....	4.6	5.5	3.8	6.3	5.3	4.1	2.1	--	--	3.4	1.5	10.9	--
Finger.....	6.8	9.0	5.7	5.7	12.5	5.7	6.0	--	--	5.5	3.5	9.2	8.1
Lower extremities.....	20.0	20.8	29.3	20.5	18.4	19.5	20.6	14.7	23.1	23.9	17.9	17.7	9.3
Knee.....	8.8	8.7	14.6	10.9	5.3	8.8	8.9	11.8	4.6	12.6	9.0	7.5	--
Ankle.....	4.2	3.7	4.5	4.4	2.7	4.5	5.0	--	4.6	3.8	4.4	4.1	4.7
Foot, except toe.....	3.0	4.4	4.5	3.6	4.9	2.3	3.1	--	--	1.3	1.8	2.0	--
Toe.....	0.7	0.8	1.3	--	1.2	0.7	0.4	--	--	1.7	--	0.7	--
Body systems.....	1.0	0.8	3.2	--	0.4	1.1	0.3	--	--	0.8	2.2	1.0	--
Multiple parts.....	10.1	9.1	13.4	12.8	5.1	10.6	10.3	11.8	7.7	16.4	12.3	6.1	7.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, 2009 -- Continued

Washington--private industry													
Characteristic	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Source of injury, illness:													
Chemicals, chemical products.....	1.3	2.2	--	4.1	1.4	0.8	0.8	--	--	--	0.9	1.7	--
Containers.....	15.0	9.2	9.6	5.2	12.0	17.9	25.7	--	16.9	9.7	6.8	22.4	7.0
Furniture, fixtures.....	3.5	0.9	--	0.5	1.4	4.7	4.7	--	--	2.9	5.9	5.8	--
Machinery.....	5.3	6.8	7.0	2.7	9.4	4.5	4.7	--	--	2.5	1.3	11.9	--
Parts and materials.....	10.3	20.5	10.2	22.7	22.2	5.2	7.5	--	9.2	6.3	1.8	1.7	8.1
Person, injured or ill worker.....	17.5	17.8	16.6	19.1	17.3	17.3	17.8	20.6	15.4	18.9	15.8	17.3	15.1
Worker motion or position.....	17.3	17.8	16.6	19.1	17.3	17.2	17.7	20.6	13.8	18.9	15.8	17.3	15.1
Floor, ground surfaces.....	16.4	18.2	25.5	22.7	12.5	15.5	12.7	17.6	16.9	19.7	18.8	15.6	11.6
Tools, instruments, and equipment.....	7.4	9.5	5.1	10.9	9.6	6.4	6.0	5.9	4.6	13.9	3.5	7.5	--
Vehicles.....	6.7	3.8	5.1	3.3	3.7	8.2	11.0	8.8	18.5	9.2	4.6	3.7	--
Person, other than worker.....	5.9	0.5	--	--	--	8.6	1.7	--	--	1.7	34.6	--	--
Health care patient.....	4.4	--	--	--	--	6.6	--	--	--	--	29.8	--	--
Event or exposure:													
Contact with object, equipment.....	22.3	31.9	31.2	27.0	35.7	17.5	17.6	8.8	16.9	17.2	9.0	27.2	33.7
Struck by object.....	11.2	16.2	14.0	11.5	20.2	8.7	10.5	5.9	10.8	7.6	4.2	11.6	4.7
Struck against object.....	5.5	4.9	7.0	6.6	3.1	5.7	3.6	--	4.6	4.6	2.8	12.2	24.4
Caught in object, equipment, material.....	3.8	7.3	5.7	5.5	9.0	2.1	2.4	--	--	2.9	0.7	2.4	--
Fall to lower level.....	6.9	10.8	20.4	14.8	5.1	5.0	5.3	11.8	4.6	9.2	2.8	3.4	4.7
Fall on same level.....	10.6	8.2	8.9	7.4	8.6	11.8	8.5	5.9	12.3	13.0	16.8	15.3	7.0
Slips, trips.....	4.3	3.6	3.2	5.2	2.5	4.7	4.1	--	7.7	7.1	4.4	4.4	7.0
Overexertion.....	32.5	23.2	11.5	22.4	27.6	37.0	40.1	41.2	21.5	30.7	42.9	25.9	37.2
Overexertion in lifting.....	13.1	8.7	5.7	6.8	11.0	15.3	21.6	--	--	9.7	12.5	9.5	11.6
Repetitive motion.....	4.5	5.4	1.3	6.6	5.7	4.1	4.2	8.8	6.2	4.6	3.1	3.4	--
Exposed to harmful substance.....	4.0	4.5	5.7	6.0	2.9	3.7	1.5	--	9.2	2.9	4.8	9.2	--
Transportation accidents.....	3.9	1.6	3.8	1.9	1.0	5.0	5.7	5.9	18.5	5.9	3.9	1.4	--
Highway accident.....	2.4	0.6	--	1.1	--	3.3	3.3	5.9	18.5	5.0	2.6	--	--
Fires, explosions.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Assault, violent act.....	1.1	0.4	1.9	--	--	1.4	1.6	--	--	1.3	2.8	--	--
by person.....	1.0	0.3	--	--	--	1.3	1.5	--	--	--	2.8	--	--
by animal.....	0.1	0.2	--	--	--	0.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements

effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 7. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers for selected characteristics and major industry sector, 2009

Washington--private industry													
Characteristic	Private industry 3, 4, 5	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 3,4	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁵	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total [31,300 cases].....	165.6	222.3	266.6	259.8	192.5	147.1	212.2	34.4	51.6	87.0	178.2	163.2	156.0
Nature of injury, illness:													
Sprains, strains.....	80.3	86.7	98.2	97.8	78.2	78.2	115.7	22.5	20.4	48.2	101.7	72.3	73.4
Bruises, contusions.....	11.8	15.9	39.5	11.5	13.1	10.4	13.1	1.7	8.5	10.5	11.8	10.5	--
Cuts, lacerations.....	11.7	17.3	11.1	14.8	20.1	9.8	12.3	--	4.0	0.7	3.0	28.8	35.0
Punctures.....	2.4	6.4	11.3	9.3	3.7	1.1	0.8	--	3.9	1.0	--	--	--
Fractures.....	8.6	18.7	11.0	30.1	14.3	5.4	8.4	1.8	2.6	2.3	6.9	5.9	--
Heat burns.....	2.1	2.1	--	2.4	1.9	2.1	1.0	--	--	0.8	2.0	10.3	--
Carpal tunnel syndrome.....	2.3	3.9	--	1.3	5.9	1.8	2.2	--	--	1.2	2.6	--	--
Tendonitis.....	1.9	4.3	--	12.8	--	1.1	2.5	--	--	--	--	1.0	--
Chemical burns.....	1.0	3.5	--	10.3	0.7	0.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Amputations.....	0.6	1.3	2.7	--	1.5	0.3	0.8	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multiple traumatic injuries.....	7.3	8.5	12.5	11.3	6.2	6.8	11.4	2.1	--	4.8	9.0	3.1	--
Part of body affected:													
Head.....	8.7	20.0	28.4	29.7	13.0	5.0	7.4	--	--	1.9	4.8	9.1	8.8
Eye.....	4.1	12.1	18.6	16.1	8.5	1.6	2.4	--	--	--	0.8	3.4	--
Neck.....	2.7	1.7	--	1.2	2.0	3.0	4.6	--	--	1.3	5.2	2.4	--
Trunk.....	68.0	79.9	67.2	92.4	76.1	64.1	96.8	18.8	27.0	23.8	88.8	61.1	68.3
Shoulder.....	14.5	24.7	12.6	36.8	20.9	11.2	16.1	2.4	3.1	5.6	18.3	8.3	11.4
Back.....	42.3	42.7	39.5	44.6	42.5	42.2	59.0	15.5	13.9	16.0	59.3	47.8	55.3
Upper extremities.....	34.5	52.3	44.9	49.1	55.6	28.7	36.7	5.1	5.5	23.9	20.8	50.1	52.7
Arm.....	5.9	9.4	9.8	8.1	10.0	4.8	9.4	--	--	1.4	3.3	6.2	--
Wrist.....	7.6	8.3	5.5	6.5	9.9	7.4	7.7	--	3.3	12.7	6.4	6.5	--
Hand, except finger.....	7.6	12.2	10.7	16.6	10.2	6.1	4.4	--	--	3.0	2.8	17.8	--
Finger.....	11.2	20.1	14.5	15.0	24.1	8.3	12.7	--	--	4.8	6.1	14.9	11.8
Lower extremities.....	33.1	46.4	78.8	53.5	35.3	28.7	43.6	5.2	11.7	20.9	32.1	28.8	15.3
Knee.....	14.5	19.5	39.3	28.7	10.1	12.9	18.9	3.7	2.5	11.1	15.9	12.0	--
Ankle.....	7.0	8.1	12.6	11.7	5.3	6.6	10.7	--	2.0	3.2	7.9	6.6	6.6
Foot, except toe.....	5.0	9.6	11.7	9.4	9.3	3.5	6.6	--	--	1.1	3.2	3.5	--
Toe.....	1.2	1.8	3.7	--	2.1	1.0	0.9	--	--	1.5	--	1.4	--
Body systems.....	1.6	1.7	8.7	--	0.7	1.6	0.6	--	--	0.9	3.9	1.9	--
Multiple parts.....	16.7	20.2	36.4	33.1	9.7	15.6	21.9	3.6	3.7	14.2	22.0	9.9	10.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers for selected characteristics and major industry sector, 2009 --- Continued

Washington--private industry													
Characteristic	Private industry 3, 4, 5	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 3,4	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁵	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Source of injury, illness:													
Chemicals, chemical products.....	2.1	4.9	--	10.5	2.6	1.2	1.5	--	--	--	1.4	2.8	--
Containers.....	24.9	20.5	25.7	13.7	22.9	26.3	54.5	--	8.7	8.4	11.9	36.8	10.8
Furniture, fixtures.....	5.7	2.0	--	1.4	2.5	6.9	10.0	--	--	2.7	10.4	9.4	--
Machinery.....	8.7	15.1	18.9	7.4	18.3	6.7	9.9	--	--	2.2	2.2	19.2	--
Parts and materials.....	17.0	45.7	27.8	58.7	42.8	7.7	15.8	--	4.6	5.4	3.1	2.7	12.1
Person, injured or ill worker.....	28.9	39.6	43.5	49.7	33.3	25.5	37.8	7.3	8.0	16.3	28.2	28.3	24.4
Worker motion or position.....	28.8	39.5	43.5	49.7	33.2	25.2	37.5	7.3	7.5	16.3	27.9	28.0	24.4
Floor, ground surfaces.....	27.1	40.5	68.6	59.2	24.3	22.7	26.9	6.4	8.9	17.3	33.3	25.5	18.1
Tools, instruments, and equipment.....	12.3	21.1	14.1	28.6	18.7	9.5	12.8	1.6	2.7	12.2	6.2	12.3	--
Vehicles.....	11.1	8.5	13.5	8.8	7.2	12.0	23.3	2.8	9.8	7.9	8.1	6.0	--
Person, other than worker.....	9.8	1.1	--	--	--	12.6	3.6	--	--	1.4	61.8	--	--
Health care patient.....	7.3	--	--	--	--	9.7	--	--	--	--	53.0	--	--
Event or exposure:													
Contact with object, equipment.....	36.9	71.0	82.6	70.5	68.6	25.7	37.3	3.5	8.5	15.0	15.9	44.3	53.0
Struck by object.....	18.4	35.9	37.1	29.5	39.0	12.8	22.3	1.6	5.5	6.7	7.6	19.1	7.6
Struck against object.....	9.0	11.1	19.2	17.4	5.9	8.4	7.7	--	2.6	4.1	5.1	19.9	37.5
Caught in object, equipment, material.....	6.2	16.2	14.7	14.3	17.5	3.0	5.2	--	--	2.4	1.2	4.1	--
Fall to lower level.....	11.5	24.1	54.0	38.4	9.8	7.4	11.3	4.5	2.5	8.0	5.0	5.4	7.2
Fall on same level.....	17.6	18.3	23.0	19.4	16.7	17.4	18.1	1.8	6.6	11.2	30.2	25.0	11.6
Slips, trips.....	7.2	8.0	9.0	13.3	4.9	7.0	8.7	--	3.6	6.1	7.6	7.3	11.2
Overexertion.....	53.7	51.7	30.5	57.9	53.1	54.4	85.3	13.9	11.3	26.8	76.4	42.0	58.0
Overexertion in lifting.....	21.7	19.3	15.3	17.8	21.0	22.4	45.9	--	--	8.6	22.2	15.6	17.9
Repetitive motion.....	7.4	12.0	3.6	17.1	11.1	6.0	9.1	3.3	3.0	4.1	5.4	5.6	--
Exposed to harmful substance.....	6.6	10.1	16.1	15.8	5.7	5.4	3.3	--	4.6	2.6	8.7	14.8	--
Transportation accidents.....	6.5	3.8	10.0	4.7	1.9	7.4	12.2	2.0	9.7	5.3	7.2	2.3	--
Highway accident.....	3.9	1.3	--	2.5	--	4.8	6.9	1.6	9.4	4.3	4.9	--	--
Fires, explosions.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Assault, violent act.....	1.8	1.0	5.2	--	--	2.1	3.4	--	--	0.9	5.1	--	--
by person.....	1.6	0.6	--	--	--	2.0	3.2	--	--	--	5.1	--	--
by animal.....	0.2	0.4	--	--	--	0.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and

reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operator in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 8. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and number of days away from work, 2009

Washington--private industry

Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total [31,300 cases].....	100.0	14.6	12.5	19.6	12.0	11.2	6.0	24.2	7
Gender:									
Male.....	100.0	15.0	13.0	19.9	11.5	11.1	6.3	23.2	6
Female.....	100.0	14.0	11.5	18.9	13.1	11.5	5.3	25.7	7
Age:									
14 to 15.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19.....	100.0	19.4	14.5	19.4	16.1	6.5	6.5	17.7	5
20 to 24.....	100.0	17.9	14.5	24.7	14.5	8.4	3.7	16.2	4
25 to 34.....	100.0	17.7	18.8	24.7	10.4	9.1	4.5	15.0	4
35 to 44.....	100.0	15.8	9.7	16.4	11.0	12.2	5.1	29.5	8
45 to 54.....	100.0	11.2	8.3	17.9	13.3	11.7	9.2	28.4	10
55 to 64.....	100.0	9.6	7.0	14.6	12.6	15.4	6.5	34.0	14
65 and over.....	100.0	5.2	19.5	11.7	13.0	15.6	5.2	29.9	11
Length of service with employer:									
Less than 3 months.....	100.0	18.5	11.1	15.2	12.5	11.1	3.0	28.6	7
3 to 11 months.....	100.0	16.8	12.6	19.5	13.0	10.7	5.5	22.0	6
1 to 5 years.....	100.0	13.3	16.0	23.5	10.0	9.2	6.8	21.2	5
More than 5 years.....	100.0	14.0	8.3	15.7	14.1	14.1	6.0	27.8	10
Race or ethnic origin:									
White only.....	100.0	15.3	10.7	21.2	12.2	11.8	6.2	22.5	7
Black only.....	100.0	6.4	14.1	17.9	14.1	9.0	7.7	29.5	8
Hispanic or Latino only.....	100.0	19.6	8.8	24.3	13.0	8.8	3.0	22.7	5
Asian only.....	100.0	12.2	14.3	28.6	10.2	14.3	4.1	14.3	5
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only.....	100.0	25.0	16.7	16.7	--	16.7	16.7	--	4
American Indian or Alaskan Native only.....	100.0	23.5	29.4	17.6	11.8	--	--	11.8	2
Hispanic or Latino and other race.....	100.0	--	50.0	--	--	--	--	--	2
Multi-race.....	100.0	--	--	33.3	--	--	--	33.3	8

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 9. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by major occupational group and number of days away from work, 2009

Washington--private industry

Occupation	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total [31,300 cases]	100.0	14.6	12.5	19.6	12.0	11.2	6.0	24.2	7
Management occupations.....	100.0	34.0	8.5	19.1	10.6	4.3	10.6	12.8	3
Business and financial operations occupations.....	100.0	--	15.4	30.8	23.1	--	--	--	4
Computer and mathematical occupations.....	100.0	--	--	36.4	--	18.2	--	18.2	8
Architecture and engineering occupations.....	100.0	--	--	12.5	--	25.0	--	53.1	34
Life, physical, and social science occupations.....	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7
Community and social services occupations.....	100.0	10.3	17.2	31.0	13.8	--	13.8	10.3	4
Education, training, and library occupations.....	100.0	35.3	--	11.8	11.8	--	--	23.5	4
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations.....	100.0	--	--	33.3	--	--	--	25.0	14
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations.....	100.0	7.2	10.8	24.3	15.3	12.6	8.1	22.5	7
Healthcare support occupations.....	100.0	12.2	14.2	22.3	15.5	9.5	8.1	17.6	6
Protective service occupations.....	100.0	22.6	9.7	16.1	9.7	12.9	--	22.6	5
Food preparation and serving related occupations.....	100.0	19.7	10.8	21.2	16.2	9.3	4.6	17.8	5
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations.....	100.0	12.0	25.1	13.1	8.9	8.4	6.8	25.7	6
Personal care and service occupations.....	100.0	10.4	11.5	22.9	11.5	15.6	2.1	25.0	7
Sales and related occupations.....	100.0	9.7	13.1	19.7	12.8	11.0	10.3	23.4	8
Office and administrative support occupations.....	100.0	15.2	11.1	20.2	10.1	15.7	3.5	24.7	7
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.....	100.0	18.2	22.7	22.7	7.6	5.3	3.8	20.5	3
Construction and extraction occupations.....	100.0	14.9	5.0	22.0	15.1	9.5	3.4	29.4	8
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations.....	100.0	10.3	29.7	14.9	6.7	8.7	6.7	23.6	5
Production occupations.....	100.0	16.1	13.5	16.6	11.0	14.6	5.4	23.1	7
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	100.0	16.6	6.5	19.0	11.8	12.5	6.5	27.0	8

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 10. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected occupations and number of days away from work, 2009

Washington--private industry									
Occupation	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total [31,300 cases]	100.0	14.6	12.5	19.6	12.0	11.2	6.0	24.2	7
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer.....	100.0	20.9	6.0	14.9	10.2	11.6	8.4	28.4	9
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand.....	100.0	15.2	6.7	24.2	15.2	12.7	6.1	19.4	7
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants.....	100.0	13.2	14.2	21.7	17.9	10.4	7.5	16.0	6
Retail salespersons.....	100.0	12.3	8.5	25.5	17.9	12.3	4.7	19.8	7
Construction laborers.....	100.0	3.8	1.9	35.6	18.3	6.7	5.8	26.9	6
Stock clerks and order fillers.....	100.0	5.3	12.0	22.7	14.7	13.3	5.3	25.3	8
Carpenters.....	100.0	22.7	6.7	6.7	33.3	8.0	2.7	20.0	10
Cashiers.....	100.0	8.5	4.2	26.8	11.3	9.9	5.6	33.8	10
Farmworkers and laborers, crop, nursery, and greenhouse.....	100.0	20.0	21.4	21.4	11.4	8.6	2.9	14.3	3
Registered nurses.....	100.0	4.5	6.1	22.7	18.2	13.6	7.6	25.8	10
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners.....	100.0	14.1	15.6	15.6	12.5	10.9	12.5	21.9	7
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers.....	100.0	6.3	52.4	7.9	4.8	--	6.3	19.0	2
First-line supervisors/managers of food preparation and serving workers.....	100.0	51.1	--	11.1	11.1	--	8.9	13.3	1
Personal and home care aides.....	100.0	9.3	11.6	20.9	11.6	11.6	4.7	27.9	8
Cooks, restaurant.....	100.0	23.8	14.3	16.7	9.5	14.3	--	19.0	5
Automotive service technicians and mechanics.....	100.0	4.8	45.2	14.3	7.1	--	11.9	14.3	2
Maintenance and repair workers, general.....	100.0	12.2	22.0	19.5	7.3	14.6	--	24.4	4
Maids and housekeeping cleaners.....	100.0	17.9	5.1	20.5	7.7	10.3	--	35.9	10
Truck drivers, light or delivery services.....	100.0	34.2	--	15.8	7.9	7.9	5.3	23.7	5
Aircraft structure, surfaces, rigging, and systems assemblers.....	100.0	--	13.5	--	24.3	48.6	--	13.5	12
Food preparation workers.....	100.0	--	8.6	68.6	14.3	--	--	--	5
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food.....	100.0	5.7	14.3	11.4	22.9	8.6	--	28.6	9
Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers.....	100.0	11.4	17.1	14.3	11.4	25.7	5.7	17.1	7
Roofers.....	100.0	--	--	17.6	--	5.9	--	70.6	180
Waiters and waitresses.....	100.0	14.8	11.1	22.2	--	33.3	--	14.8	10

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 11. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and number of days away from work, 2009

Washington--private industry

Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total [31,300 cases].....	100.0	14.6	12.5	19.6	12.0	11.2	6.0	24.2	7
Nature of injury, illness:									
Sprains, strains.....	100.0	10.0	12.6	20.5	13.1	10.3	6.2	27.4	7
Bruises, contusions.....	100.0	21.6	18.9	23.0	9.5	11.3	4.5	11.3	3
Cuts, lacerations.....	100.0	35.9	21.8	15.5	8.2	9.1	2.3	8.2	2
Punctures.....	100.0	33.3	26.7	22.2	6.7	6.7	--	--	2
Fractures.....	100.0	4.9	5.5	12.9	8.6	9.8	9.8	49.1	29
Heat burns.....	100.0	30.0	7.5	22.5	20.0	7.5	7.5	5.0	5
Carpal tunnel syndrome.....	100.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	34.9	7.0	32.6	15
Tendonitis.....	100.0	5.6	--	13.9	50.0	--	8.3	16.7	10
Chemical burns.....	100.0	83.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	1
Amputations.....	100.0	--	--	36.4	27.3	--	--	18.2	7
Multiple traumatic injuries.....	100.0	6.6	8.8	22.6	10.2	10.9	16.1	24.8	12
Part of body affected:									
Head.....	100.0	39.4	17.0	26.1	4.8	4.8	2.4	5.5	2
Eye.....	100.0	53.8	21.8	15.4	2.6	5.1	--	--	1
Neck.....	100.0	13.7	21.6	23.5	5.9	5.9	5.9	23.5	4
Trunk.....	100.0	10.7	11.4	21.0	13.9	10.7	5.4	26.9	8
Shoulder.....	100.0	5.8	5.1	14.2	14.2	7.6	5.8	47.6	30
Back.....	100.0	10.1	13.3	26.4	13.5	11.0	5.0	20.8	6
Upper extremities.....	100.0	20.1	17.2	16.1	10.1	12.9	6.0	17.8	5
Arm.....	100.0	10.7	10.7	15.2	11.6	9.8	12.5	27.7	11
Wrist.....	100.0	9.1	26.6	11.9	7.7	17.5	7.7	19.6	7
Hand, except finger.....	100.0	30.1	19.6	12.6	6.3	16.1	4.9	11.2	3
Finger.....	100.0	27.4	15.1	22.6	11.3	8.0	2.4	13.2	3
Lower extremities.....	100.0	13.0	9.4	17.8	14.2	12.8	6.4	26.2	8
Knee.....	100.0	6.6	8.8	13.1	17.5	14.6	6.9	32.5	13
Ankle.....	100.0	15.9	5.3	17.4	13.6	11.4	6.8	28.8	8
Foot, except toe.....	100.0	11.7	13.8	27.7	14.9	11.7	4.3	17.0	5
Toe.....	100.0	9.1	18.2	27.3	--	18.2	--	13.6	3
Body systems.....	100.0	25.8	19.4	32.3	6.5	12.9	--	--	3
Multiple parts.....	100.0	9.2	8.9	19.0	9.5	10.1	9.5	33.9	14

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 11. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and number of days away from work, 2009 -- Continued

Washington--private industry									
Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Source of injury, illness:									
Chemicals, chemical products.....	100.0	52.5	20.0	7.5	5.0	7.5	--	5.0	1
Containers.....	100.0	8.9	11.9	24.0	12.8	12.8	4.3	25.3	7
Furniture, fixtures.....	100.0	20.4	7.4	22.2	14.8	9.3	3.7	22.2	6
Machinery.....	100.0	31.5	11.5	15.2	10.9	7.9	3.0	20.0	4
Parts and materials.....	100.0	22.7	8.7	29.2	7.8	8.1	5.9	17.7	4
Person, injured or ill worker.....	100.0	9.7	7.5	14.4	17.9	14.3	7.3	29.1	11
Worker motion or position.....	100.0	9.4	7.4	14.5	18.0	14.2	7.4	29.3	11
Floor, ground surfaces.....	100.0	11.1	11.3	16.8	10.7	11.1	6.3	32.4	10
Tools, instruments, and equipment.....	100.0	14.2	22.7	21.0	9.9	9.0	4.3	18.9	4
Vehicles.....	100.0	14.8	12.4	17.6	11.0	9.0	8.1	27.1	7
Person, other than worker.....	100.0	10.8	10.8	24.7	17.2	9.7	7.0	19.4	6
Health care patient.....	100.0	10.9	10.1	21.0	17.4	11.6	8.0	21.0	8
Event or exposure:									
Contact with object, equipment.....	100.0	25.0	16.6	21.7	8.9	9.6	3.4	14.9	3
Struck by object.....	100.0	24.6	14.9	26.4	8.9	10.0	2.6	12.3	3
Struck against object.....	100.0	32.7	24.6	14.6	8.8	8.8	1.8	8.8	2
Caught in object, equipment, material.....	100.0	12.7	9.3	19.5	11.0	10.2	5.9	31.4	8
Fall to lower level.....	100.0	16.1	8.8	15.7	12.4	7.4	6.0	33.6	8
Fall on same level.....	100.0	9.0	13.8	17.1	10.2	13.2	6.3	30.3	10
Slips, trips.....	100.0	12.5	7.4	19.9	11.8	12.5	6.6	29.4	10
Overexertion.....	100.0	9.2	12.7	22.2	12.3	11.6	6.7	25.3	7
Overexertion in lifting.....	100.0	8.8	10.0	21.2	14.9	11.2	7.1	26.6	8
Repetitive motion.....	100.0	9.2	5.0	8.5	19.1	17.0	8.5	32.6	15
Exposed to harmful substance.....	100.0	36.3	15.3	21.8	11.3	8.1	3.2	4.8	2
Transportation accidents.....	100.0	15.6	9.0	16.4	10.7	5.7	11.5	31.1	10
Highway accident.....	100.0	20.0	5.3	17.3	12.0	4.0	16.0	25.3	10
Fires, explosions.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Assault, violent act.....	100.0	11.4	17.1	42.9	5.7	8.6	--	8.6	5
by person.....	100.0	9.7	16.1	48.4	6.5	9.7	--	6.5	5
by animal.....	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 12. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by major industry sector and number of days away from work, 2009

Washington--private industry

Industry sector	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Private Industry ^{2,3,4} [31,300 cases].....	100.0	14.6	12.5	19.6	12.0	11.2	6.0	24.2	7
Goods producing	100.0	16.9	10.3	19.3	11.9	10.9	3.8	26.9	7
Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	100.0	18.5	22.9	21.0	8.9	5.1	4.5	18.5	3
Construction.....	100.0	14.5	5.2	23.0	15.8	9.3	3.6	28.7	7
Manufacturing.....	100.0	18.2	10.0	16.1	10.0	13.7	3.7	28.2	7
Service providing.....	100.0	13.5	13.5	19.7	12.1	11.3	7.1	22.8	7
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	100.0	10.7	8.7	19.5	12.6	13.3	8.0	27.1	10
Information.....	100.0	--	--	14.7	8.8	14.7	35.3	20.6	26
Financial activities.....	100.0	29.2	13.8	26.2	4.6	12.3	3.1	9.2	4
Professional and business services.....	100.0	13.0	26.5	14.3	8.4	10.5	5.5	21.8	4
Education and health services.....	100.0	12.5	12.5	21.7	15.5	10.5	7.9	19.7	6
Leisure and hospitality.....	100.0	20.4	10.5	22.8	13.3	8.5	3.7	21.1	5
Other services, except public administration.....	100.0	18.6	50.0	12.8	--	4.7	--	12.8	2

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007*) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety

and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 13. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and major industry sector, 2009

Washington--private industry

Characteristic	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total.....	31,300	10,330	1,570	3,660	5,100	20,970	9,220	340	650	2,380	4,570	2,940	860
Time of event:													
12:01 A.M. to 4:00 A.M.....	1,080	170	--	--	160	910	610	--	--	40	170	80	--
4:01 A.M. to 8:00 A.M.....	3,120	1,240	340	380	530	1,870	1,000	--	70	120	450	190	40
8:01 A.M. to 12:00 noon.....	8,600	3,050	530	1,170	1,350	5,550	2,380	190	290	680	1,110	690	210
12:01 P.M. to 4:00 P.M.....	6,860	2,240	390	870	990	4,610	1,810	60	210	650	1,050	570	260
4:01 P.M. to 8:00 P.M.....	3,040	550	60	60	430	2,490	1,050	20	30	150	470	550	220
8:01 P.M. to 12:00 midnight.....	1,530	390	20	--	370	1,140	560	--	--	90	280	190	--
Not reported.....	7,080	2,680	220	1,190	1,260	4,400	1,800	40	60	640	1,050	680	130
Hours on the job before event occurred:													
Before shift began.....	120	60	--	--	60	60	20	--	--	--	--	30	--
Less than 1 hour.....	1,870	380	110	80	190	1,500	810	--	60	130	310	130	50
1 hour to less than 2 hours.....	2,310	710	170	130	400	1,610	710	--	--	170	460	250	--
2 hours to less than 4 hours.....	5,390	1,480	270	380	830	3,910	1,640	170	150	360	720	730	140
4 hours to less than 6 hours.....	3,860	1,330	230	350	740	2,530	1,000	40	210	230	640	350	60
6 hours to less than 8 hours.....	3,800	1,660	220	550	880	2,140	1,040	40	50	210	590	180	40
8 hours to less than 10 hours.....	1,550	640	80	200	370	910	540	20	--	100	170	--	50
10 hours to less than 12 hours.....	330	110	30	30	60	220	120	--	--	40	50	--	--
12 hours to less than 16 hours.....	80	--	--	--	--	60	40	--	--	--	20	--	--
More than 16 hours.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Not reported.....	11,990	3,950	460	1,930	1,570	8,040	3,310	40	150	1,150	1,610	1,250	530
Day of week:													
Sunday.....	2,030	270	70	30	170	1,760	690	20	--	80	370	580	--
Monday.....	5,810	1,950	240	640	1,080	3,860	1,760	40	230	730	680	310	110
Tuesday.....	5,790	2,440	290	900	1,250	3,340	1,490	40	60	440	740	340	230
Wednesday.....	5,400	1,660	200	690	770	3,740	1,610	40	190	390	870	540	110
Thursday.....	4,910	1,580	250	550	780	3,330	1,540	40	80	330	680	340	310
Friday.....	4,550	1,750	340	560	850	2,800	1,230	40	60	290	710	420	50
Saturday.....	2,810	670	180	290	200	2,140	900	120	40	110	510	420	40

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007*) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping

requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 14. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from wor¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and major industry sector, 2009

Washington--private industry

Characteristic	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total [31,300 cases].....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Time of event:													
12:01 A.M. to 4:00 A.M.....	3.5	1.6	--	--	3.1	4.3	6.6	--	--	1.7	3.7	2.7	--
4:01 A.M. to 8:00 A.M.....	10.0	12.0	21.7	10.4	10.4	8.9	10.8	--	10.8	5.0	9.8	6.5	4.7
8:01 A.M. to 12:00 noon.....	27.5	29.5	33.8	32.0	26.5	26.5	25.8	55.9	44.6	28.6	24.3	23.5	24.4
12:01 P.M. to 4:00 P.M.....	21.9	21.7	24.8	23.8	19.4	22.0	19.6	17.6	32.3	27.3	23.0	19.4	30.2
4:01 P.M. to 8:00 P.M.....	9.7	5.3	3.8	1.6	8.4	11.9	11.4	5.9	4.6	6.3	10.3	18.7	25.6
8:01 P.M. to 12:00 midnight.....	4.9	3.8	1.3	--	7.3	5.4	6.1	--	--	3.8	6.1	6.5	--
Not reported.....	22.6	25.9	14.0	32.5	24.7	21.0	19.5	11.8	9.2	26.9	23.0	23.1	15.1
Hours on the job before event occurred:													
Before shift began.....	0.4	0.6	--	--	1.2	0.3	0.2	--	--	--	--	1.0	--
Less than 1 hour.....	6.0	3.7	7.0	2.2	3.7	7.2	8.8	--	9.2	5.5	6.8	4.4	5.8
1 hour to less than 2 hours.....	7.4	6.9	10.8	3.6	7.8	7.7	7.7	--	--	7.1	10.1	8.5	--
2 hours to less than 4 hours.....	17.2	14.3	17.2	10.4	16.3	18.6	17.8	50.0	23.1	15.1	15.8	24.8	16.3
4 hours to less than 6 hours.....	12.3	12.9	14.6	9.6	14.5	12.1	10.8	11.8	32.3	9.7	14.0	11.9	7.0
6 hours to less than 8 hours.....	12.1	16.1	14.0	15.0	17.3	10.2	11.3	11.8	7.7	8.8	12.9	6.1	4.7
8 hours to less than 10 hours.....	5.0	6.2	5.1	5.5	7.3	4.3	5.9	5.9	--	4.2	3.7	--	5.8
10 hours to less than 12 hours.....	1.1	1.1	1.9	0.8	1.2	1.0	1.3	--	--	1.7	1.1	--	--
12 hours to less than 16 hours.....	0.3	--	--	--	--	0.3	0.4	--	--	--	0.4	--	--
More than 16 hours.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Not reported.....	38.3	38.2	29.3	52.7	30.8	38.3	35.9	11.8	23.1	48.3	35.2	42.5	61.6
Day of week:													
Sunday.....	6.5	2.6	4.5	0.8	3.3	8.4	7.5	5.9	--	3.4	8.1	19.7	--
Monday.....	18.6	18.9	15.3	17.5	21.2	18.4	19.1	11.8	35.4	30.7	14.9	10.5	12.8
Tuesday.....	18.5	23.6	18.5	24.6	24.5	15.9	16.2	11.8	9.2	18.5	16.2	11.6	26.7
Wednesday.....	17.3	16.1	12.7	18.9	15.1	17.8	17.5	11.8	29.2	16.4	19.0	18.4	12.8
Thursday.....	15.7	15.3	15.9	15.0	15.3	15.9	16.7	11.8	12.3	13.9	14.9	11.6	36.0
Friday.....	14.5	16.9	21.7	15.3	16.7	13.4	13.3	11.8	9.2	12.2	15.5	14.3	5.8
Saturday.....	9.0	6.5	11.5	7.9	3.9	10.2	9.8	35.3	6.2	4.6	11.2	14.3	4.7

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping

requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 15. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and number of days away from work, 2009

Washington--private industry									
Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total [31,300 cases].....	100.0	14.6	12.5	19.6	12.0	11.2	6.0	24.2	7
Time of event:									
12:01 A.M. to 4:00 A.M.....	100.0	7.4	9.3	26.9	12.0	7.4	2.8	34.3	8
4:01 A.M. to 8:00 A.M.....	100.0	11.5	12.5	15.1	11.5	8.7	5.8	34.6	10
8:01 A.M. to 12:00 noon.....	100.0	14.2	10.7	21.0	12.8	11.2	7.6	22.6	6
12:01 P.M. to 4:00 P.M.....	100.0	15.2	17.3	20.8	9.2	13.4	5.2	18.7	5
4:01 P.M. to 8:00 P.M.....	100.0	11.5	16.4	21.4	9.9	10.2	4.6	26.3	6
8:01 P.M. to 12:00 midnight.....	100.0	19.0	12.4	13.7	15.0	7.8	4.6	27.5	8
Not reported.....	100.0	17.5	8.5	17.7	14.5	11.9	6.4	23.6	7
Hours on the job before event occurred:									
Before shift began.....	100.0	--	--	--	--	58.3	--	25.0	16
Less than 1 hour.....	100.0	10.2	13.4	19.3	11.8	9.6	3.7	32.6	7
1 hour to less than 2 hours.....	100.0	11.7	12.1	17.3	16.9	12.1	5.6	24.2	8
2 hours to less than 4 hours.....	100.0	16.3	9.5	24.7	10.9	10.2	7.2	21.0	5
4 hours to less than 6 hours.....	100.0	13.0	9.6	22.3	10.9	12.7	7.3	23.8	7
6 hours to less than 8 hours.....	100.0	14.2	11.1	19.5	10.0	12.6	6.3	26.6	8
8 hours to less than 10 hours.....	100.0	22.6	12.3	21.9	9.0	12.3	2.6	20.0	5
10 hours to less than 12 hours.....	100.0	12.1	15.2	30.3	15.2	--	--	18.2	4
12 hours to less than 16 hours.....	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	37.5	13
More than 16 hours.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Not reported.....	100.0	15.0	15.1	16.4	13.0	10.5	5.9	24.1	7
Day of week:									
Sunday.....	100.0	8.9	11.3	25.1	16.3	11.8	3.9	23.2	7
Monday.....	100.0	16.2	15.0	18.6	11.9	10.7	4.1	23.4	6
Tuesday.....	100.0	15.2	15.0	22.3	9.2	10.7	6.0	21.6	5
Wednesday.....	100.0	12.2	13.0	21.3	11.7	11.9	6.1	23.9	7
Thursday.....	100.0	19.3	11.4	19.1	11.0	8.8	5.9	24.4	6
Friday.....	100.0	12.7	7.9	17.6	13.4	13.2	5.1	30.1	10
Saturday.....	100.0	14.6	11.0	12.1	16.0	12.5	12.1	22.1	9

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 16. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker occupation and selected parts of body, private industry, Washington, 2009

Occupation	Private Industry	Part of body affected by the injury or illness										
		Head		Neck	Trunk			Upper extremities				
		Total	Eyes		Total	Back	Shoulder	Total	Arm	Finger	Hand, except fingers	Wrist
Total.....	165.6	8.7	4.1	2.7	68.0	42.3	14.5	34.5	5.9	11.2	7.6	7.6
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations (37-0000)	431.7	18.9	10.3	13.6	152.3	100.6	31.4	102.8	5.2	15.8	8.6	70.5
Transportation and material moving occupations (53-0000)	379.0	13.1	3.7	5.7	191.0	108.2	35.4	54.4	16.2	13.1	9.7	11.1
Construction and extraction occupations (47-0000)	337.0	36.3	20.2	2.1	120.5	60.2	46.9	65.1	9.6	20.0	22.0	9.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations (45-0000)	303.3	29.4	19.1	--	68.0	35.2	14.7	63.8	5.9	20.5	22.8	8.5
Healthcare support occupations (31-0000)	297.9	9.8	--	5.7	165.0	119.6	26.5	29.5	4.4	7.5	4.1	7.3
Production occupations (51-0000)	258.1	23.0	15.6	2.8	90.7	54.0	21.1	80.0	16.7	33.8	11.4	15.2
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations (49-0000)	237.3	12.8	7.8	2.2	111.3	70.3	23.5	62.8	6.3	21.1	26.6	7.6
Protective service occupations (33-0000)	229.7	16.5	--	--	51.7	28.7	--	19.9	--	--	--	--
Personal care and service occupations (39-0000)	184.9	6.3	--	--	118.0	79.0	20.7	23.2	6.0	5.6	--	7.5
Food preparation and serving related occupations (35-0000)	166.8	6.0	2.2	1.3	62.6	46.9	10.0	56.3	7.3	18.4	20.0	6.5
Community and social services occupations (21-0000) ..	127.0	--	--	--	70.4	47.9	19.5	--	--	--	--	--
Sales and related occupations (41-0000)	126.4	2.7	--	3.5	46.0	33.8	6.7	28.7	6.8	15.2	1.8	3.7
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations (29-0000)	122.1	1.8	--	4.8	50.3	35.3	9.3	15.1	--	4.7	--	5.4
Education, training, and library occupations (25-0000)	85.1	10.7	--	11.2	23.8	15.2	--	19.9	--	--	--	--
Office and administrative support occupations (43-0000)	69.6	3.4	0.9	1.5	26.4	16.7	5.7	12.7	1.6	2.3	2.4	5.6
Management occupations (11-0000)	53.2	--	--	2.9	20.0	12.7	--	10.5	--	4.4	1.8	3.9
Architecture and engineering occupations (17-0000) ..	50.3	--	--	--	23.9	9.0	14.3	12.2	--	--	--	--

Table 16. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker occupation and selected parts of body, private industry, Washington, 2009

Occupation	Private Industry	Part of body affected by the injury or illness						
		Lower extremities				Body systems	Multiple parts	All other body parts
		Total	Knee	Ankle	Foot, Toe			
Total.....	165.6	33.1	14.5	7.0	6.1	1.6	16.7	0.3
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations (37-0000)	431.7	90.8	37.5	19.8	6.2	--	48.6	--
Transportation and material moving occupations (53-0000)	379.0	79.6	23.0	20.8	13.7	1.1	33.6	--
Construction and extraction occupations (47-0000)	337.0	69.3	37.8	13.1	14.6	--	42.4	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations (45-0000)	303.3	94.2	50.2	13.8	18.4	10.8	35.9	--
Healthcare support occupations (31-0000)	297.9	49.1	23.7	9.1	9.9	3.7	33.3	--
Production occupations (51-0000)	258.1	42.3	13.0	4.8	17.5	--	18.4	--
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations (49-0000)	237.3	36.7	17.1	7.6	7.3	3.2	8.2	--
Protective service occupations (33-0000)	229.7	72.4	35.5	19.3	--	--	61.1	--
Personal care and service occupations (39-0000)	184.9	18.4	10.5	5.8	--	--	15.7	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations (35-0000)	166.8	25.7	11.7	3.7	6.1	1.6	13.4	--
Community and social services occupations (21-0000)	127.0	35.0	--	15.8	--	11.0	6.8	--
Sales and related occupations (41-0000)	126.4	25.6	14.4	5.3	3.8	--	18.8	0.8
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations (29-0000)	122.1	25.1	16.6	4.6	1.9	4.4	20.6	--
Education, training, and library occupations (25-0000)	85.1	15.8	9.5	--	--	--	--	--
Office and administrative support occupations (43-0000)	69.6	16.5	7.4	5.2	1.8	1.8	7.3	--
Management occupations (11-0000)	53.2	13.2	6.4	--	2.7	--	5.6	--
Architecture and engineering occupations (17-0000)	50.3	13.9	7.8	--	5.9	--	--	--

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where
 N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.
 NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.
 SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 17. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker occupation and selected natures of injury or illness, private industry, Washington, 2009

Occupation	Private Industry	Nature of injury or illness								
		Sprains, strains	Fractures	Cuts, lacerations, punctures			Bruises	Heat burns	Chemical burns	Amputations
				Total	Cuts, lacerations	Punctures				
Total.....	165.6	80.3	8.6	14.0	11.7	2.4	11.8	2.1	1.0	0.6
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations (37-0000)	431.7	258.7	13.8	18.4	15.2	--	21.7	4.5	--	--
Transportation and material moving occupations (53-0000)	379.0	202.5	16.3	17.3	14.8	2.5	38.4	--	--	--
Construction and extraction occupations (47-0000)	337.0	129.0	36.5	27.8	17.7	10.1	14.0	4.0	12.7	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations (45-0000)	303.3	107.2	19.5	34.2	9.7	24.5	48.5	--	--	--
Healthcare support occupations (31-0000)	297.9	180.6	16.4	3.9	3.9	--	18.5	--	--	--
Production occupations (51-0000)	258.1	92.9	18.5	35.7	30.6	5.1	18.4	3.2	--	1.9
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations (49-0000)	237.3	108.8	6.8	40.4	33.7	6.7	5.8	--	--	3.0
Protective service occupations (33-0000)	229.7	110.0	13.2	--	--	--	23.4	--	--	--
Personal care and service occupations (39-0000)	184.9	125.5	3.1	6.1	6.1	--	9.7	--	--	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations (35-0000)	166.8	66.6	4.7	34.5	34.0	--	9.4	14.3	--	--
Community and social services occupations (21-0000) ..	127.0	65.7	9.6	--	--	--	12.9	--	--	--
Sales and related occupations (41-0000)	126.4	69.3	4.4	13.5	12.8	0.7	4.8	--	--	1.0
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations (29-0000)	122.1	80.0	3.7	--	--	--	7.0	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations (25-0000)	85.1	41.6	--	--	--	--	17.4	--	--	--
Office and administrative support occupations (43-0000)	69.6	33.9	4.9	2.3	1.6	0.8	4.7	--	--	--
Management occupations (11-0000)	53.2	26.1	--	3.4	3.4	--	4.4	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations (17-0000)	50.3	22.5	--	--	--	--	17.5	--	--	--

Table 17. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker occupation and selected natures of injury or illness, private industry, Washington, 2009

Occupation	Private Industry	Nature of injury or illness							All other natures
		Carpal tunnel syndrome	Tendonitis	Multiple injuries			Soreness Pain		
				Total	With fractures, burns, and other injuries	With sprains and bruises	Total	Back pain, hurt back only	
Total.....	165.6	2.3	1.9	7.3	1.7	2.8	12.2	4.3	23.6
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations (37-0000)	431.7	4.3	--	17.5	8.0	6.3	41.1	21.3	49.2
Transportation and material moving occupations (53-0000)	379.0	--	2.4	21.1	3.1	12.4	26.8	7.1	51.6
Construction and extraction occupations (47-0000)	337.0	2.3	15.9	14.5	5.0	4.3	16.9	5.4	62.7
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations (45-0000)	303.3	--	--	15.3	--	12.4	17.0	6.8	58.8
Healthcare support occupations (31-0000)	297.9	--	--	13.1	--	10.8	37.2	15.0	26.9
Production occupations (51-0000)	258.1	10.2	2.6	5.7	1.6	1.4	21.2	5.8	46.7
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations (49-0000)	237.3	6.7	--	10.9	5.2	--	17.2	6.6	35.6
Protective service occupations (33-0000)	229.7	--	--	35.6	--	--	19.8	--	22.1
Personal care and service occupations (39-0000)	184.9	--	--	3.8	--	--	21.5	13.9	12.5
Food preparation and serving related occupations (35-0000)	166.8	--	1.0	4.8	--	2.5	10.1	5.2	21.0
Community and social services occupations (21-0000) ..	127.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	33.3
Sales and related occupations (41-0000)	126.4	1.3	1.2	8.4	1.4	0.7	8.7	2.5	13.5
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations (29-0000)	122.1	2.0	--	6.6	3.7	--	6.6	2.6	12.4
Education, training, and library occupations (25-0000)	85.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	21.8
Office and administrative support occupations (43-0000)	69.6	3.3	--	1.9	--	0.8	6.5	2.2	10.4
Management occupations (11-0000)	53.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	11.0
Architecture and engineering occupations (17-0000)	50.3	--	--	--	--	--	7.5	--	--

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where
 N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.
 NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.
 SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 18. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker occupation and selected sources of injury or illness, private industry, Washington, 2009

Occupation	Private Industry	Source of injury or illness												
		Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	Person, other than worker	Health care patient	Person, injured or ill worker	Worker motion or position	Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	All other sources
Total.....	165.6	2.1	24.9	5.7	8.7	17.0	9.8	7.3	28.9	28.8	27.1	9.7	11.1	20.5
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations (37-0000)	431.7	8.8	41.3	33.4	25.6	5.5	--	--	74.3	74.3	69.5	85.9	35.3	52.0
Transportation and material moving occupations (53-0000)	379.0	2.8	91.9	11.4	10.8	53.5	--	--	47.4	47.4	59.1	13.4	63.2	24.7
Construction and extraction occupations (47-0000)	337.0	13.1	16.5	2.3	8.9	79.1	--	--	67.4	67.4	73.6	33.7	7.8	34.0
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations (45-0000)	303.3	4.5	23.5	--	14.6	51.1	--	--	54.1	54.1	72.9	7.5	14.8	59.2
Healthcare support occupations (31-0000)	297.9	--	9.0	11.1	3.3	3.7	157.6	150.5	31.8	30.2	51.1	--	12.0	15.5
Production occupations (51-0000)	258.1	4.7	27.7	4.9	33.7	37.8	--	--	45.0	45.0	34.2	20.7	10.5	39.0
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations (49-0000)	237.3	2.1	15.0	--	15.6	46.2	--	--	35.1	35.1	33.5	12.1	9.9	60.7
Protective service occupations (33-0000)	229.7	--	18.6	--	--	--	16.5	--	45.0	45.0	67.5	--	35.7	31.9
Personal care and service occupations (39-0000)	184.9	--	32.2	8.0	--	--	58.7	49.5	35.0	34.6	16.1	--	7.0	22.2
Food preparation and serving related occupations (35-0000)	166.8	--	41.5	6.7	19.3	2.5	--	--	31.5	31.4	26.2	10.1	2.0	25.7
Community and social services occupations (21-0000)	127.0	--	--	11.0	--	--	56.8	--	13.7	13.7	31.9	--	--	11.2
Sales and related occupations (41-0000)	126.4	--	33.2	7.2	7.1	7.3	5.8	--	19.3	18.8	14.5	10.0	5.9	15.8
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations (29-0000)	122.1	2.0	2.5	4.6	--	--	42.2	40.6	24.6	23.8	23.8	--	2.4	18.1
Education, training, and library occupations (25-0000)	85.1	--	--	29.0	--	--	8.4	--	--	--	17.1	--	18.3	--
Office and administrative support occupations (43-0000)	69.6	--	16.5	2.4	2.7	2.2	0.5	--	21.5	21.3	9.5	0.9	4.7	8.1
Management occupations (11-0000)	53.2	--	7.1	3.4	2.5	3.7	--	--	13.9	13.9	8.8	--	4.0	7.1
Architecture and engineering occupations (17-0000)	50.3	--	8.1	6.6	--	--	--	--	9.3	9.3	13.2	--	--	11.9

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where
N = number of injuries and illnesses
EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.
NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.
SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 19. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker occupation and selected events or exposures leading to injury or illness, private industry, Washington, 2009

Occupation	Private Industry	Event or exposure leading to injury or illness								
		Contact with objects				Fall to lower level	Fall on same level	Slips or trips without fall	Overexertion	
		Total	Struck by object	Struck against object	Caught in or compressed or crushed				Total	In lifting
Total.....	165.6	36.9	18.4	9.0	6.3	11.5	17.6	7.2	53.7	21.7
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations (37-0000)	431.7	66.0	28.8	17.2	4.5	26.4	48.7	37.0	169.2	38.7
Transportation and material moving occupations (53-0000)	379.0	66.8	48.2	6.8	9.1	31.6	33.8	11.8	150.3	64.6
Construction and extraction occupations (47-0000)	337.0	89.3	38.9	21.1	17.4	48.9	21.8	17.0	77.4	25.0
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations (45-0000)	303.3	108.2	61.2	23.5	12.3	59.4	25.1	11.4	27.9	15.6
Healthcare support occupations (31-0000)	297.9	30.1	16.0	7.8	--	7.7	40.5	12.8	151.7	38.4
Production occupations (51-0000)	258.1	93.3	42.7	10.3	29.1	14.6	22.5	6.5	66.3	29.7
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations (49-0000)	237.3	73.1	23.6	31.3	14.0	10.2	18.6	6.4	81.8	33.3
Protective service occupations (33-0000)	229.7	33.0	--	15.7	--	22.0	56.0	25.8	28.1	--
Personal care and service occupations (39-0000)	184.9	20.3	9.9	4.1	4.9	--	18.1	17.2	96.8	23.4
Food preparation and serving related occupations (35-0000)	166.8	45.3	19.7	21.8	3.1	2.8	28.8	10.1	38.9	17.7
Community and social services occupations (21-0000)	127.0	--	--	--	--	--	31.9	12.9	45.6	16.0
Sales and related occupations (41-0000)	126.4	29.2	17.3	6.4	3.7	5.0	11.3	2.8	50.6	29.6
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations (29-0000)	122.1	7.5	4.0	1.9	--	4.0	22.8	8.1	50.7	10.9
Education, training, and library occupations (25-0000)	85.1	25.4	--	21.5	--	--	16.9	--	15.5	--
Office and administrative support occupations (43-0000)	69.6	9.8	4.8	3.0	1.7	2.2	9.0	3.3	19.8	10.4
Management occupations (11-0000)	53.2	9.8	4.8	3.2	1.8	3.9	5.5	--	13.7	7.6
Architecture and engineering occupations (17-0000)	50.3	12.4	5.9	5.9	--	--	8.2	--	14.7	7.6

Table 19. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker occupation and selected events or exposures leading to injury or illness, private industry, Washington, 2009

Occupation	Private Industry	Event or exposure leading to injury or illness									
		Repetitive motion	Exposure to harmful substance or environment	Transportation accidents		Fires and explosions	Assaults and violent acts			All other events	
				Total	Highway accidents		Total	Assaults, by person	Assaults, by other		Assault, by animal
Total.....	165.6	7.4	6.6	6.5	3.9	--	1.8	1.6	0.2	0.2	16.3
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations (37-0000)	431.7	18.4	17.5	24.3	23.4	--	--	--	--	--	24.1
Transportation and material moving occupations (53-0000)	379.0	6.9	4.5	39.1	25.5	--	1.4	--	1.4	1.4	32.8
Construction and extraction occupations (47-0000)	337.0	21.5	23.5	4.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	32.5
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations (45-0000)	303.3	--	15.7	9.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	40.5
Healthcare support occupations (31-0000)	297.9	--	6.5	10.0	3.5	--	17.7	17.7	--	--	18.9
Production occupations (51-0000)	258.1	22.6	9.2	2.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	20.0
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations (49-0000)	237.3	8.5	7.2	3.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	28.2
Protective service occupations (33-0000)	229.7	--	--	18.5	14.3	--	16.5	16.5	--	--	18.4
Personal care and service occupations (39-0000)	184.9	--	--	3.2	--	--	6.3	6.3	--	--	16.9
Food preparation and serving related occupations (35-0000)	166.8	6.5	17.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	17.0
Community and social services occupations (21-0000)	127.0	--	19.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Sales and related occupations (41-0000)	126.4	4.7	--	3.2	1.4	--	5.8	5.6	--	--	13.3
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations (29-0000)	122.1	4.4	8.3	1.7	1.7	--	2.5	2.5	--	--	12.1
Education, training, and library occupations (25-0000)	85.1	--	--	18.3	18.3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Office and administrative support occupations (43-0000)	69.6	7.8	3.0	3.0	1.2	--	--	--	--	--	11.5
Management occupations (11-0000)	53.2	6.3	3.4	3.1	2.4	--	--	--	--	--	6.2
Architecture and engineering occupations (17-0000)	50.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.9

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where
 N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.
 NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.
 SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 20. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristic, major occupational group, and selected parts of body, private industry, Washington, 2009

Characteristic	Private Industry	Part of body affected by the injury or illness										
		Head		Neck	Trunk			Upper extremities				
		Total	Eyes		Total	Back	Shoulder	Total	Arm	Finger	Hand, except fingers	Wrist
Total.....	165.6	8.7	4.1	2.7	68.0	42.3	14.5	34.5	5.9	11.2	7.6	7.6
Gender:												
Male.....	186.9	11.4	6.0	2.2	76.3	45.9	16.2	41.2	6.8	14.4	10.1	7.4
Female.....	136.5	5.0	1.6	3.3	56.7	37.4	12.3	25.4	4.6	6.9	4.2	7.8
Age:												
14 to 15.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19.....	148.5	7.8	--	4.1	50.7	36.7	4.2	49.3	5.3	30.5	7.5	4.3
20 to 24.....	172.5	13.5	8.9	3.6	64.7	45.4	8.3	40.3	5.7	16.6	9.5	5.4
25 to 34.....	185.9	15.0	7.9	2.3	75.1	56.1	8.8	43.8	3.7	12.6	14.0	11.3
35 to 44.....	154.1	5.0	2.7	2.2	64.4	37.2	13.8	27.6	5.9	8.6	4.3	6.4
45 to 54.....	169.8	7.2	2.3	3.4	73.0	43.2	20.5	35.8	8.7	10.0	6.2	8.3
55 to 64.....	137.5	2.7	0.8	2.4	60.0	26.9	20.7	20.1	5.1	5.9	3.4	4.4
65 and over.....	178.5	10.2	--	--	61.4	25.9	23.8	45.3	7.6	29.4	--	4.6
Major occupational group:												
Management occupations.....	53.2	--	--	2.9	20.0	12.7	--	10.5	--	4.4	1.8	3.9
Business and financial operations occupations.....	14.8	--	--	--	6.1	1.8	--	4.5	--	2.2	--	2.0
Computer and mathematical occupations.....	11.6	--	--	--	7.4	6.1	--	--	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations.....	50.3	--	--	--	23.9	9.0	14.3	12.2	--	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations.....	9.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social services occupations.....	127.0	--	--	--	70.4	47.9	19.5	--	--	--	--	--
Legal occupations.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations.....	85.1	10.7	--	11.2	23.8	15.2	--	19.9	--	--	--	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations.....	41.2	--	--	--	10.9	5.9	--	--	--	--	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations.....	122.1	1.8	--	4.8	50.3	35.3	9.3	15.1	--	4.7	--	5.4
Healthcare support occupations.....	297.9	9.8	--	5.7	165.0	119.6	26.5	29.5	4.4	7.5	4.1	7.3
Protective service occupations.....	229.7	16.5	--	--	51.7	28.7	--	19.9	--	--	--	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations.....	166.8	6.0	2.2	1.3	62.6	46.9	10.0	56.3	7.3	18.4	20.0	6.5
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations.....	431.7	18.9	10.3	13.6	152.3	100.6	31.4	102.8	5.2	15.8	8.6	70.5
Personal care and service occupations.....	184.9	6.3	--	--	118.0	79.0	20.7	23.2	6.0	5.6	--	7.5
Sales and related occupations.....	126.4	2.7	--	3.5	46.0	33.8	6.7	28.7	6.8	15.2	1.8	3.7
Office and administrative support occupations.....	69.6	3.4	0.9	1.5	26.4	16.7	5.7	12.7	1.6	2.3	2.4	5.6
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.....	303.3	29.4	19.1	--	68.0	35.2	14.7	63.8	5.9	20.5	22.8	8.5
Construction and extraction occupations.....	337.0	36.3	20.2	2.1	120.5	60.2	46.9	65.1	9.6	20.0	22.0	9.3
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations.....	237.3	12.8	7.8	2.2	111.3	70.3	23.5	62.8	6.3	21.1	26.6	7.6
Production occupations.....	258.1	23.0	15.6	2.8	90.7	54.0	21.1	80.0	16.7	33.8	11.4	15.2
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	379.0	13.1	3.7	5.7	191.0	108.2	35.4	54.4	16.2	13.1	9.7	11.1

Table 20. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristic, major occupational group, and selected parts of body, private industry, Washington, 2009

Characteristic	Private Industry	Part of body affected by the injury or illness						
		Lower extremities				Body systems	Multiple parts	All other body parts
		Total	Knee	Ankle	Foot, Toe			
Total.....	165.6	33.1	14.5	7.0	6.1	1.6	16.7	0.3
Gender:								
Male.....	186.9	38.9	17.0	6.9	8.2	1.5	15.2	0.1
Female.....	136.5	25.1	11.0	7.0	3.4	1.8	18.8	0.4
Age:								
14 to 15.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19.....	148.5	30.1	7.2	10.2	6.3	--	4.8	--
20 to 24.....	172.5	33.7	11.8	8.2	9.7	1.9	13.7	1.1
25 to 34.....	185.9	31.1	14.9	7.2	5.0	2.3	15.9	0.4
35 to 44.....	154.1	36.4	13.8	7.9	6.2	0.6	17.7	--
45 to 54.....	169.8	31.5	14.4	7.3	5.9	2.6	16.0	--
55 to 64.....	137.5	32.8	17.6	3.2	6.1	--	19.1	--
65 and over.....	178.5	32.5	17.9	--	7.7	--	26.8	--
Major occupational group:								
Management occupations.....	53.2	13.2	6.4	--	2.7	--	5.6	--
Business and financial operations occupations.....	14.8	3.3	2.2	--	--	--	--	--
Computer and mathematical occupations.....	11.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations.....	50.3	13.9	7.8	--	5.9	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations.....	9.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social services occupations.....	127.0	35.0	--	15.8	--	11.0	6.8	--
Legal occupations.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations.....	85.1	15.8	9.5	--	--	--	--	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations.....	41.2	21.2	--	16.6	--	--	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations.....	122.1	25.1	16.6	4.6	1.9	4.4	20.6	--
Healthcare support occupations.....	297.9	49.1	23.7	9.1	9.9	3.7	33.3	--
Protective service occupations.....	229.7	72.4	35.5	19.3	--	--	61.1	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations.....	166.8	25.7	11.7	3.7	6.1	1.6	13.4	--
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations.....	431.7	90.8	37.5	19.8	6.2	--	48.6	--
Personal care and service occupations.....	184.9	18.4	10.5	5.8	--	--	15.7	--
Sales and related occupations.....	126.4	25.6	14.4	5.3	3.8	--	18.8	0.8
Office and administrative support occupations.....	69.6	16.5	7.4	5.2	1.8	1.8	7.3	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.....	303.3	94.2	50.2	13.8	18.4	10.8	35.9	--
Construction and extraction occupations.....	337.0	69.3	37.8	13.1	14.6	--	42.4	--
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations.....	237.3	36.7	17.1	7.6	7.3	3.2	8.2	--
Production occupations.....	258.1	42.3	13.0	4.8	17.5	--	18.4	--
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	379.0	79.6	23.0	20.8	13.7	1.1	33.6	--

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where
 N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days away from work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.
 NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.
 SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 21. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristic, major occupational group, and selected natures of injury or illness, private industry, Washington, 2009

Characteristic	Private Industry	Nature of injury or illness								
		Sprains, strains	Fractures	Cuts, lacerations, punctures			Bruises	Heat burns	Chemical burns	Amputations
				Total	Cuts, lacerations	Punctures				
Total.....	165.6	80.3	8.6	14.0	11.7	2.4	11.8	2.1	1.0	0.6
Gender:										
Male.....	186.9	86.6	11.0	19.6	16.0	3.6	13.3	2.1	1.6	0.9
Female.....	136.5	71.6	5.4	6.4	5.7	0.7	9.6	2.2	--	--
Age:										
14 to 15.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19.....	148.5	62.2	8.2	34.7	34.0	--	12.0	4.8	--	--
20 to 24.....	172.5	76.4	5.6	18.7	15.0	3.7	21.2	4.4	--	1.2
25 to 34.....	185.9	89.3	6.8	23.0	18.6	4.4	13.3	2.4	3.5	0.5
35 to 44.....	154.1	84.1	9.2	8.5	6.5	2.1	9.0	0.9	--	0.5
45 to 54.....	169.8	81.0	10.2	10.3	8.6	1.7	9.6	2.7	--	0.6
55 to 64.....	137.5	64.6	10.1	5.5	5.3	--	11.7	0.6	--	--
65 and over.....	178.5	66.9	9.2	26.9	26.9	--	7.5	--	--	--
Major occupational group:										
Management occupations.....	53.2	26.1	--	3.4	3.4	--	4.4	--	--	--
Business and financial operations occupations.....	14.8	3.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Computer and mathematical occupations.....	11.6	8.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations.....	50.3	22.5	--	--	--	--	17.5	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations.....	9.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social services occupations.....	127.0	65.7	9.6	--	--	--	12.9	--	--	--
Legal occupations.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations.....	85.1	41.6	--	--	--	--	17.4	--	--	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations.....	41.2	28.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations.....	122.1	80.0	3.7	--	--	--	7.0	--	--	--
Healthcare support occupations.....	297.9	180.6	16.4	3.9	3.9	--	18.5	--	--	--
Protective service occupations.....	229.7	110.0	13.2	--	--	--	23.4	--	--	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations.....	166.8	66.6	4.7	34.5	34.0	--	9.4	14.3	--	--
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations.....	431.7	258.7	13.8	18.4	15.2	--	21.7	4.5	--	--
Personal care and service occupations.....	184.9	125.5	3.1	6.1	6.1	--	9.7	--	--	--
Sales and related occupations.....	126.4	69.3	4.4	13.5	12.8	0.7	4.8	--	--	1.0
Office and administrative support occupations.....	69.6	33.9	4.9	2.3	1.6	0.8	4.7	--	--	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.....	303.3	107.2	19.5	34.2	9.7	24.5	48.5	--	--	--
Construction and extraction occupations.....	337.0	129.0	36.5	27.8	17.7	10.1	14.0	4.0	12.7	--
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations.....	237.3	108.8	6.8	40.4	33.7	6.7	5.8	--	--	3.0
Production occupations.....	258.1	92.9	18.5	35.7	30.6	5.1	18.4	3.2	--	1.9
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	379.0	202.5	16.3	17.3	14.8	2.5	38.4	--	--	--

Table 21. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristic, major occupational group, and selected natures of injury or illness, private industry, Washington, 2009

Characteristic	Private Industry	Nature of injury or illness							
		Carpal tunnel syndrome	Tendonitis	Multiple injuries			Soreness Pain		All other natures
				Total	With fractures, burns, and other injuries	With sprains and bruises	Total	Back pain, hurt back only	
Total.....	165.6	2.3	1.9	7.3	1.7	2.8	12.2	4.3	23.6
Gender:									
Male.....	186.9	1.6	2.3	7.9	2.3	3.2	11.9	3.9	28.0
Female.....	136.5	3.2	1.4	6.4	0.9	2.3	12.7	5.0	17.5
Age:									
14 to 15.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19.....	148.5	--	--	--	--	--	7.7	--	16.1
20 to 24.....	172.5	--	--	5.1	--	2.4	12.0	4.6	26.4
25 to 34.....	185.9	1.8	0.6	6.7	0.6	1.8	11.5	5.4	26.6
35 to 44.....	154.1	2.6	1.0	6.2	1.9	2.0	9.5	3.3	22.4
45 to 54.....	169.8	3.5	5.8	8.4	1.7	5.1	13.8	5.4	23.8
55 to 64.....	137.5	2.5	--	7.3	2.8	2.4	16.0	1.8	18.3
65 and over.....	178.5	--	--	21.6	3.8	6.3	12.7	4.7	28.2
Major occupational group:									
Management occupations.....	53.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	11.0
Business and financial operations occupations.....	14.8	--	--	2.0	1.7	--	--	--	5.4
Computer and mathematical occupations.....	11.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations.....	50.3	--	--	--	--	--	7.5	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations.....	9.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social services occupations.....	127.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	33.3
Legal occupations.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations.....	85.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	21.8
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations.....	41.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations.....	122.1	2.0	--	6.6	3.7	--	6.6	2.6	12.4
Healthcare support occupations.....	297.9	--	--	13.1	--	10.8	37.2	15.0	26.9
Protective service occupations.....	229.7	--	--	35.6	--	--	19.8	--	22.1
Food preparation and serving related occupations.....	166.8	--	1.0	4.8	--	2.5	10.1	5.2	21.0
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations.....	431.7	4.3	--	17.5	8.0	6.3	41.1	21.3	49.2
Personal care and service occupations.....	184.9	--	--	3.8	--	--	21.5	13.9	12.5
Sales and related occupations.....	126.4	1.3	1.2	8.4	1.4	0.7	8.7	2.5	13.5
Office and administrative support occupations.....	69.6	3.3	--	1.9	--	0.8	6.5	2.2	10.4
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.....	303.3	--	--	15.3	--	12.4	17.0	6.8	58.8
Construction and extraction occupations.....	337.0	2.3	15.9	14.5	5.0	4.3	16.9	5.4	62.7
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations.....	237.3	6.7	--	10.9	5.2	--	17.2	6.6	35.6
Production occupations.....	258.1	10.2	2.6	5.7	1.6	1.4	21.2	5.8	46.7
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	379.0	--	2.4	21.1	3.1	12.4	26.8	7.1	51.6

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where
 N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days away from work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.
 NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and date exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.
 SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 22. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristic, major occupational group, and selected sources of injury or illness, private industry, Washington, 2009

Characteristic	Private Industry	Source of injury or illness												
		Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	Person, other than worker	Health care patient	Person, injured or ill worker	Worker motion or position	Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	All other sources
Total.....	165.6	2.1	24.9	5.7	8.7	17.0	9.8	7.3	28.9	28.8	27.1	9.7	11.1	20.5
Gender:														
Male.....	186.9	2.4	27.2	5.2	11.6	27.0	2.7	1.3	29.1	29.1	29.1	14.8	13.3	24.4
Female.....	136.5	1.8	21.8	6.5	4.8	3.5	19.6	15.5	28.9	28.5	24.2	2.7	8.1	14.7
Age:														
14 to 15.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19.....	148.5	--	33.3	8.1	14.0	6.3	5.6	3.9	17.5	17.5	13.3	15.7	14.2	18.3
20 to 24.....	172.5	1.8	26.3	11.8	10.3	17.1	11.7	10.3	18.4	17.8	24.8	15.4	11.7	23.2
25 to 34.....	185.9	4.2	26.0	5.3	13.0	24.7	12.7	7.7	26.4	26.1	20.0	12.2	13.9	27.5
35 to 44.....	154.1	1.3	21.4	4.0	6.7	13.9	10.5	7.9	32.9	32.9	29.4	6.4	9.1	18.5
45 to 54.....	169.8	1.1	28.1	4.8	7.7	18.8	8.4	7.1	35.8	35.6	28.2	9.2	11.8	16.0
55 to 64.....	137.5	1.8	23.2	6.6	5.3	8.2	6.8	5.5	24.3	24.3	32.1	4.9	7.2	17.1
65 and over.....	178.5	--	16.7	4.9	--	10.5	--	--	28.8	28.8	56.1	25.9	9.2	23.8
Major occupational group:														
Management occupations.....	53.2	--	7.1	3.4	2.5	3.7	--	--	13.9	13.9	8.8	--	4.0	7.1
Business and financial operations occupations.....	14.8	--	5.6	--	--	--	--	--	4.3	4.3	--	--	3.5	--
Computer and mathematical occupations.....	11.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.3	5.3	2.3	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations.....	50.3	--	8.1	6.6	--	--	--	--	9.3	9.3	13.2	--	--	11.9
Life, physical, and social science occupations.....	9.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social services occupations.....	127.0	--	--	11.0	--	--	56.8	--	13.7	13.7	31.9	--	--	11.2
Legal occupations.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations.....	85.1	--	--	29.0	--	--	8.4	--	--	--	17.1	--	18.3	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations.....	41.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	11.8	11.8	18.0	--	5.9	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations.....	122.1	2.0	2.5	4.6	--	--	42.2	40.6	24.6	23.8	23.8	--	2.4	18.1
Healthcare support occupations.....	297.9	--	9.0	11.1	3.3	3.7	157.6	150.5	31.8	30.2	51.1	--	12.0	15.5
Protective service occupations.....	229.7	--	18.6	--	--	--	16.5	--	45.0	45.0	67.5	--	35.7	31.9
Food preparation and serving related occupations.....	166.8	--	41.5	6.7	19.3	2.5	--	--	31.5	31.4	26.2	10.1	2.0	25.7
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations.....	431.7	8.8	41.3	33.4	25.6	5.5	--	--	74.3	74.3	69.5	85.9	35.3	52.0
Personal care and service occupations.....	184.9	--	32.2	8.0	--	--	58.7	49.5	35.0	34.6	16.1	--	7.0	22.2
Sales and related occupations.....	126.4	--	33.2	7.2	7.1	7.3	5.8	--	19.3	18.8	14.5	10.0	5.9	15.8
Office and administrative support occupations.....	69.6	--	16.5	2.4	2.7	2.2	0.5	--	21.5	21.3	9.5	0.9	4.7	8.1
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.....	303.3	4.5	23.5	--	14.6	51.1	--	--	54.1	54.1	72.9	7.5	14.8	59.2
Construction and extraction occupations.....	337.0	13.1	16.5	2.3	8.9	79.1	--	--	67.4	67.4	73.6	33.7	7.8	34.0
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations.....	237.3	2.1	15.0	--	15.6	46.2	--	--	35.1	35.1	33.5	12.1	9.9	60.7
Production occupations.....	258.1	4.7	27.7	4.9	33.7	37.8	--	--	45.0	45.0	34.2	20.7	10.5	39.0
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	379.0	2.8	91.9	11.4	10.8	53.5	--	--	47.4	47.4	59.1	13.4	63.2	24.7

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where
 N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days away from work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.
 NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.
 SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 23. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristic, major occupational group, and selected events or exposures leading to injury or illness, private industry, Washington, 2009

Characteristic	Private Industry	Event or exposure leading to injury or illness								
		Contact with objects				Fall to lower level	Fall on same level	Slips or trips without fall	Overexertion	
		Total	Struck by object	Struck against object	Caught in or compressed or crushed				Total	In lifting
Total.....	165.6	36.9	18.4	9.0	6.3	11.5	17.6	7.2	53.7	21.7
Gender:										
Male.....	186.9	49.3	24.9	11.9	8.6	15.5	15.2	7.6	60.5	25.2
Female.....	136.5	19.9	9.7	5.2	3.1	5.9	21.1	6.6	44.7	17.0
Age:										
14 to 15.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19.....	148.5	59.3	33.4	12.7	10.7	7.7	9.2	3.8	36.6	21.2
20 to 24.....	172.5	54.7	24.3	18.1	6.5	13.8	16.3	7.1	50.4	18.6
25 to 34.....	185.9	47.7	24.0	14.7	6.3	8.0	13.2	6.6	65.9	18.9
35 to 44.....	154.1	30.9	16.8	4.7	5.8	17.3	13.7	8.7	48.7	22.7
45 to 54.....	169.8	31.1	15.4	6.5	6.5	10.4	19.3	7.8	55.7	29.0
55 to 64.....	137.5	21.6	8.4	4.7	6.2	7.8	26.4	6.1	45.1	16.0
65 and over.....	178.5	38.3	29.2	3.9	3.7	11.7	49.6	4.9	40.3	13.3
Major occupational group:										
Management occupations.....	53.2	9.8	4.8	3.2	1.8	3.9	5.5	--	13.7	7.6
Business and financial operations occupations.....	14.8	1.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.6	4.6
Computer and mathematical occupations.....	11.6	--	--	--	--	1.7	--	--	2.1	--
Architecture and engineering occupations.....	50.3	12.4	5.9	5.9	--	--	8.2	--	14.7	7.6
Life, physical, and social science occupations.....	9.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social services occupations.....	127.0	--	--	--	--	--	31.9	12.9	45.6	16.0
Legal occupations.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations.....	85.1	25.4	--	21.5	--	--	16.9	--	15.5	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations.....	41.2	--	--	--	--	11.8	6.1	--	5.6	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations.....	122.1	7.5	4.0	1.9	--	4.0	22.8	8.1	50.7	10.9
Healthcare support occupations.....	297.9	30.1	16.0	7.8	--	7.7	40.5	12.8	151.7	38.4
Protective service occupations.....	229.7	33.0	--	15.7	--	22.0	56.0	25.8	28.1	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations.....	166.8	45.3	19.7	21.8	3.1	2.8	28.8	10.1	38.9	17.7
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations.....	431.7	66.0	28.8	17.2	4.5	26.4	48.7	37.0	169.2	38.7
Personal care and service occupations.....	184.9	20.3	9.9	4.1	4.9	--	18.1	17.2	96.8	23.4
Sales and related occupations.....	126.4	29.2	17.3	6.4	3.7	5.0	11.3	2.8	50.6	29.6
Office and administrative support occupations.....	69.6	9.8	4.8	3.0	1.7	2.2	9.0	3.3	19.8	10.4
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.....	303.3	108.2	61.2	23.5	12.3	59.4	25.1	11.4	27.9	15.6
Construction and extraction occupations.....	337.0	89.3	38.9	21.1	17.4	48.9	21.8	17.0	77.4	25.0
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations.....	237.3	73.1	23.6	31.3	14.0	10.2	18.6	6.4	81.8	33.3
Production occupations.....	258.1	93.3	42.7	10.3	29.1	14.6	22.5	6.5	66.3	29.7
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	379.0	66.8	48.2	6.8	9.1	31.6	33.8	11.8	150.3	64.6

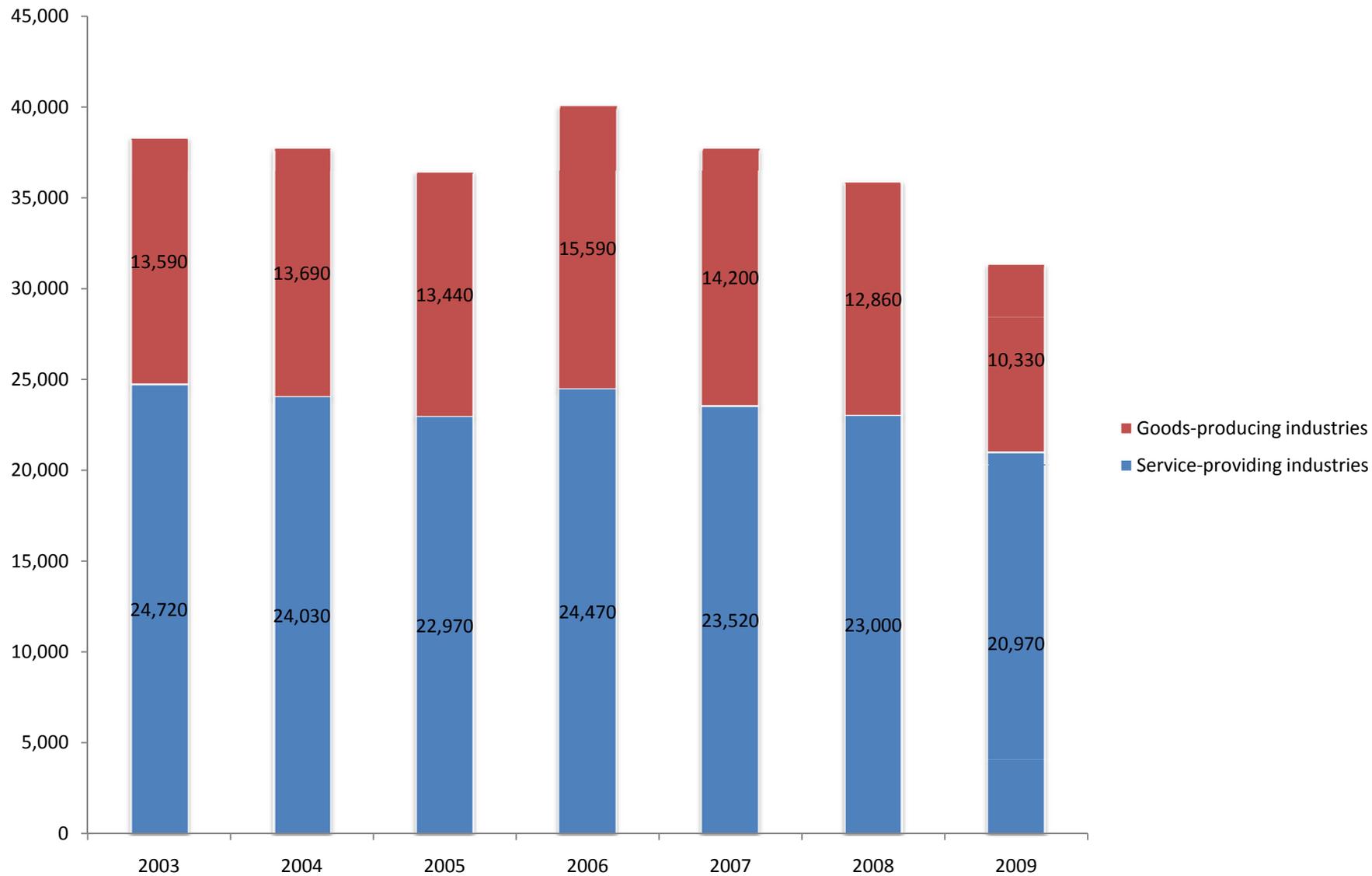
Table 23. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristic, major occupational group, and selected events or exposures leading to injury or illness, private industry, Washington, 2009

Occupation	Private Industry	Event or exposure leading to injury or illness									
		Repetitive motion	Exposure to harmful substance or environment	Transportation accidents		Fires and explosions	Assaults and violent acts			All other events	
				Total	Highway accidents		Total	Assaults, by person	Assaults, by other		Assault, by animal
Total.....	165.6	7.4	6.6	6.5	3.9	--	1.8	1.6	0.2	0.2	16.3
Gender:											
Male.....	186.9	5.7	6.9	7.3	4.0	--	1.0	0.7	0.3	0.3	17.9
Female.....	136.5	9.8	6.1	5.4	3.9	--	3.0	2.9	--	--	13.8
Age:											
14 to 15.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19.....	148.5	--	8.7	9.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	11.3
20 to 24.....	172.5	2.0	7.2	8.7	4.1	--	1.4	1.1	--	--	10.7
25 to 34.....	185.9	5.1	10.3	8.9	6.1	--	4.3	4.1	--	--	16.0
35 to 44.....	154.1	7.7	4.1	3.9	2.3	--	1.4	1.2	--	--	17.7
45 to 54.....	169.8	13.0	6.5	7.3	4.7	--	0.9	0.6	--	--	17.5
55 to 64.....	137.5	6.9	3.6	3.5	2.3	--	0.8	0.8	--	--	15.8
65 and over.....	178.5	--	3.6	4.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	22.5
Major occupational group:											
Management occupations.....	53.2	6.3	3.4	3.1	2.4	--	--	--	--	--	6.2
Business and financial operations occupations.....	14.8	2.3	--	1.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Computer and mathematical occupations.....	11.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.3
Architecture and engineering occupations.....	50.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.9
Life, physical, and social science occupations.....	9.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social services occupations.....	127.0	--	19.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Legal occupations.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations.....	85.1	--	--	18.3	18.3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations.....	41.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations.....	122.1	4.4	8.3	1.7	1.7	--	2.5	2.5	--	--	12.1
Healthcare support occupations.....	297.9	--	6.5	10.0	3.5	--	17.7	17.7	--	--	18.9
Protective service occupations.....	229.7	--	--	18.5	14.3	--	16.5	16.5	--	--	18.4
Food preparation and serving related occupations.....	166.8	6.5	17.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	17.0
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations.....	431.7	18.4	17.5	24.3	23.4	--	--	--	--	--	24.1
Personal care and service occupations.....	184.9	--	--	3.2	--	--	6.3	6.3	--	--	16.9
Sales and related occupations.....	126.4	4.7	--	3.2	1.4	--	5.8	5.6	--	--	13.3
Office and administrative support occupations.....	69.6	7.8	3.0	3.0	1.2	--	--	--	--	--	11.5
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.....	303.3	--	15.7	9.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	40.5
Construction and extraction occupations.....	337.0	21.5	23.5	4.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	32.5
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations.....	237.3	8.5	7.2	3.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	28.2
Production occupations.....	258.1	22.6	9.2	2.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	20.0
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	379.0	6.9	4.5	39.1	25.5	--	1.4	--	1.4	1.4	32.8

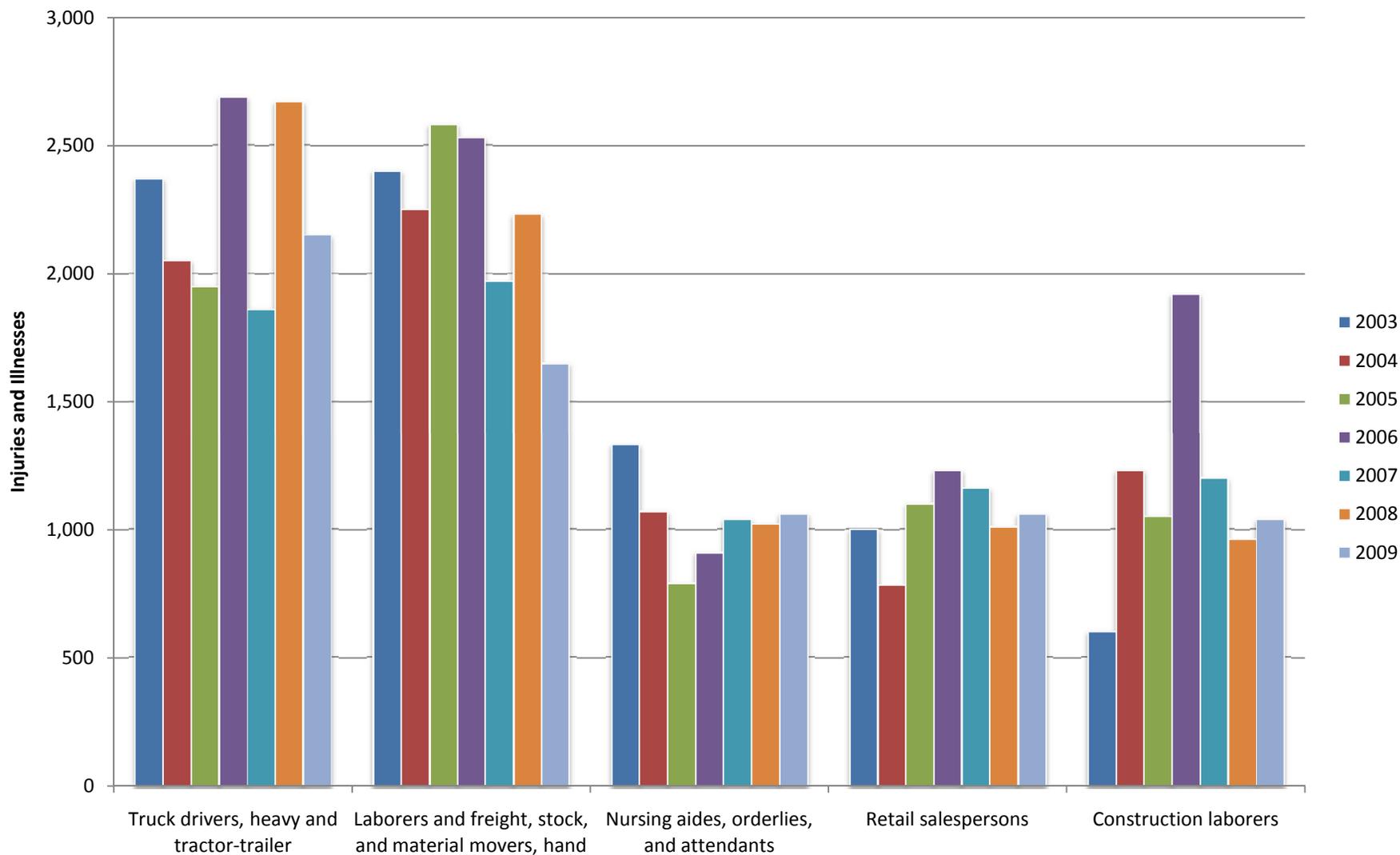
¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where
 N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days away from work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.
 NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.
 SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

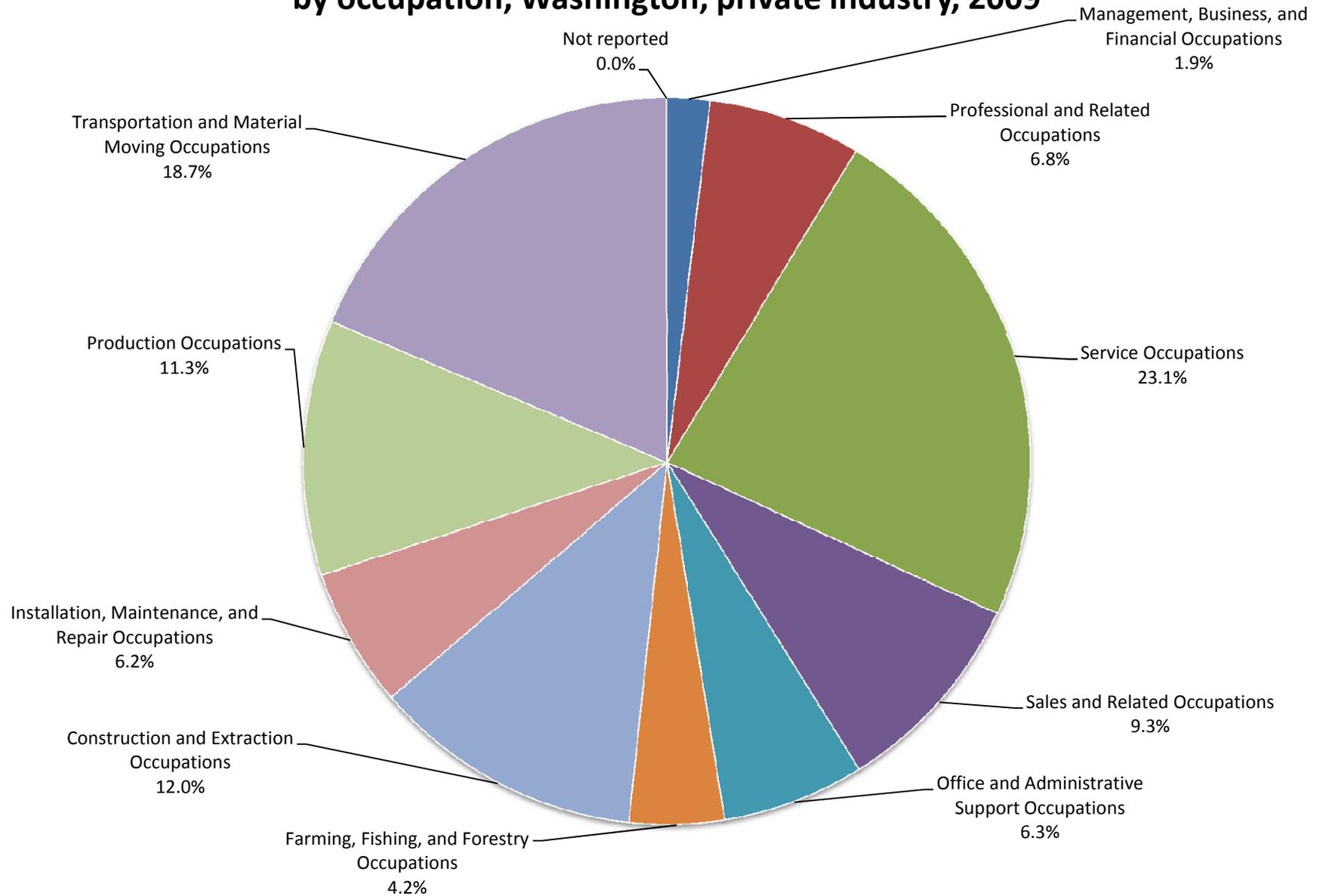
Number of injuries and illnesses with days away from work, 2003-2009



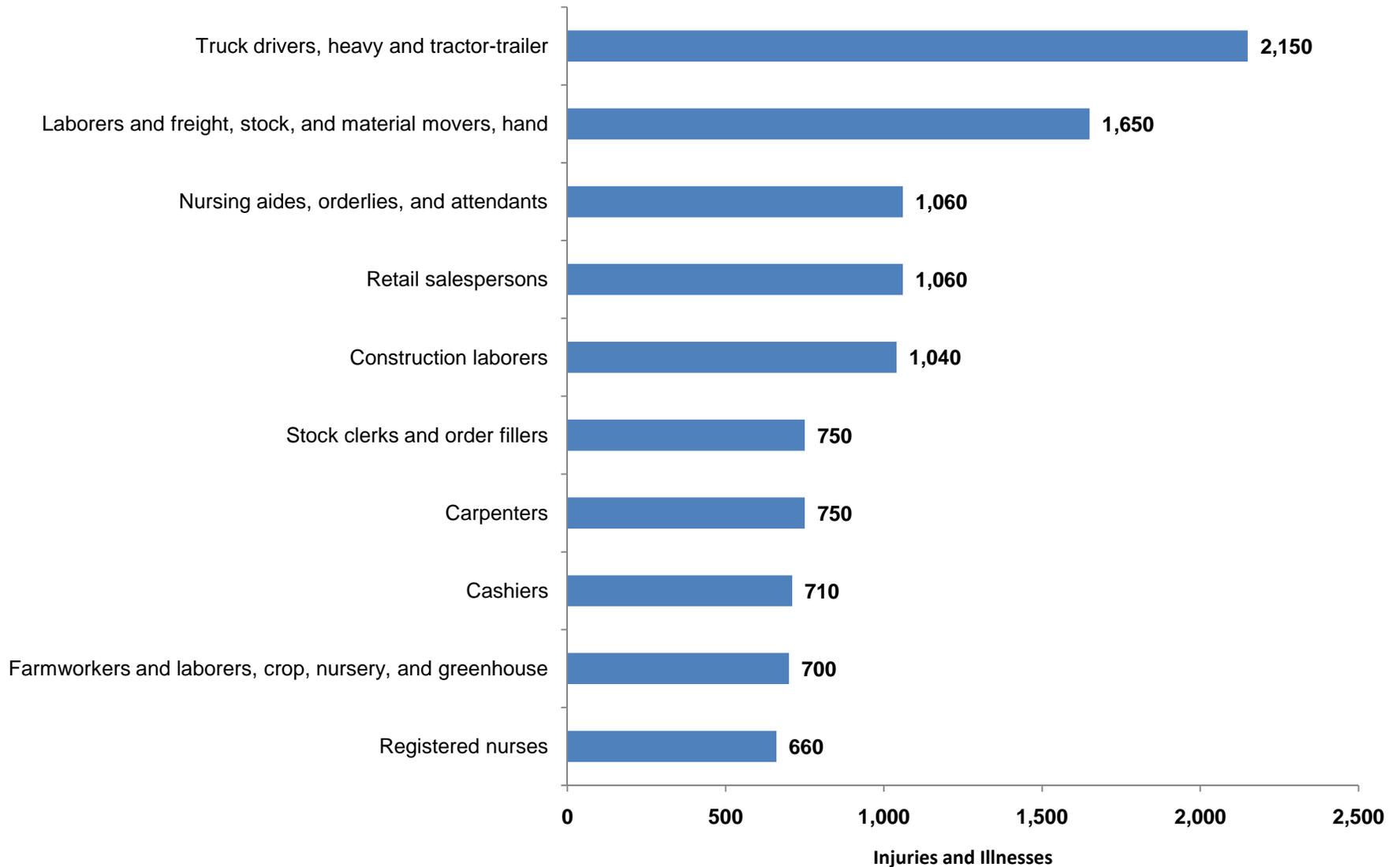
Number of occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work for selected occupations, Washington, private industry, 2003-2009



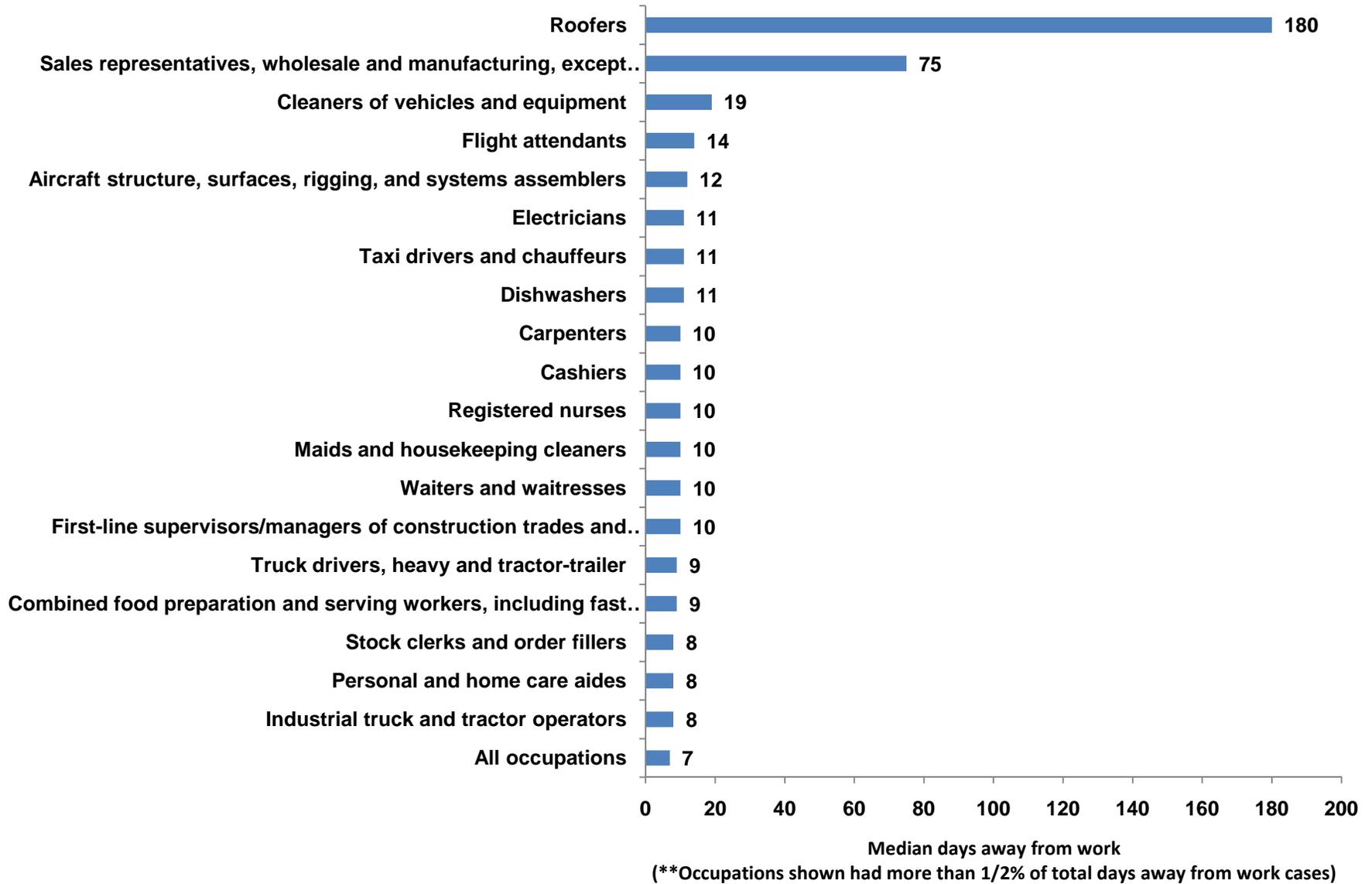
Distribution of injuries and illnesses to all workers by occupation, Washington, private industry, 2009



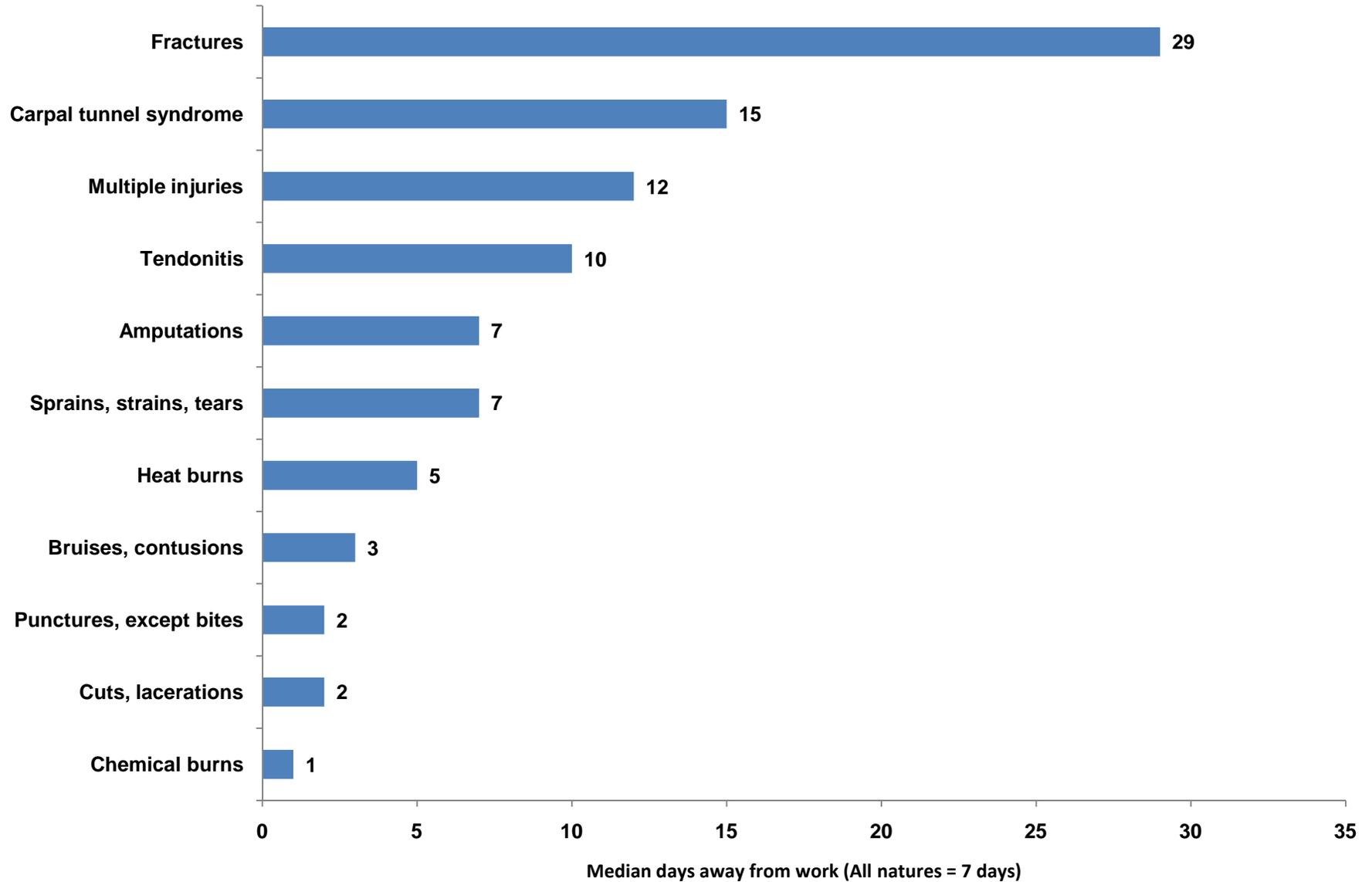
**Occupations with the most injuries and illnesses
with days away from work,
Washington, private industry, 2009**



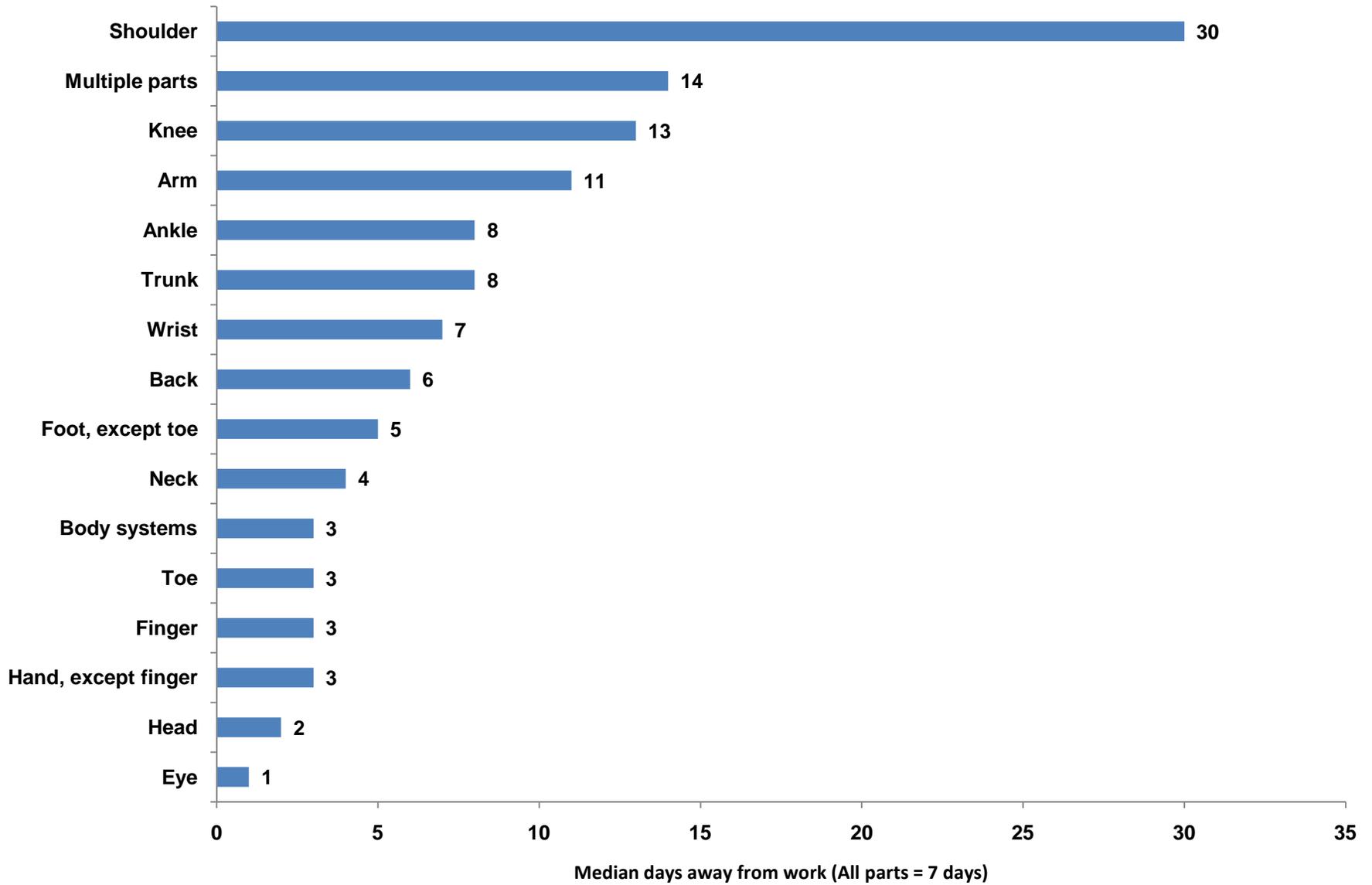
Occupations** with the highest median days away from work, Washington, private industry, 2009



Median days away from work due to injuries or illnesses by nature, Washington, private industry, 2009

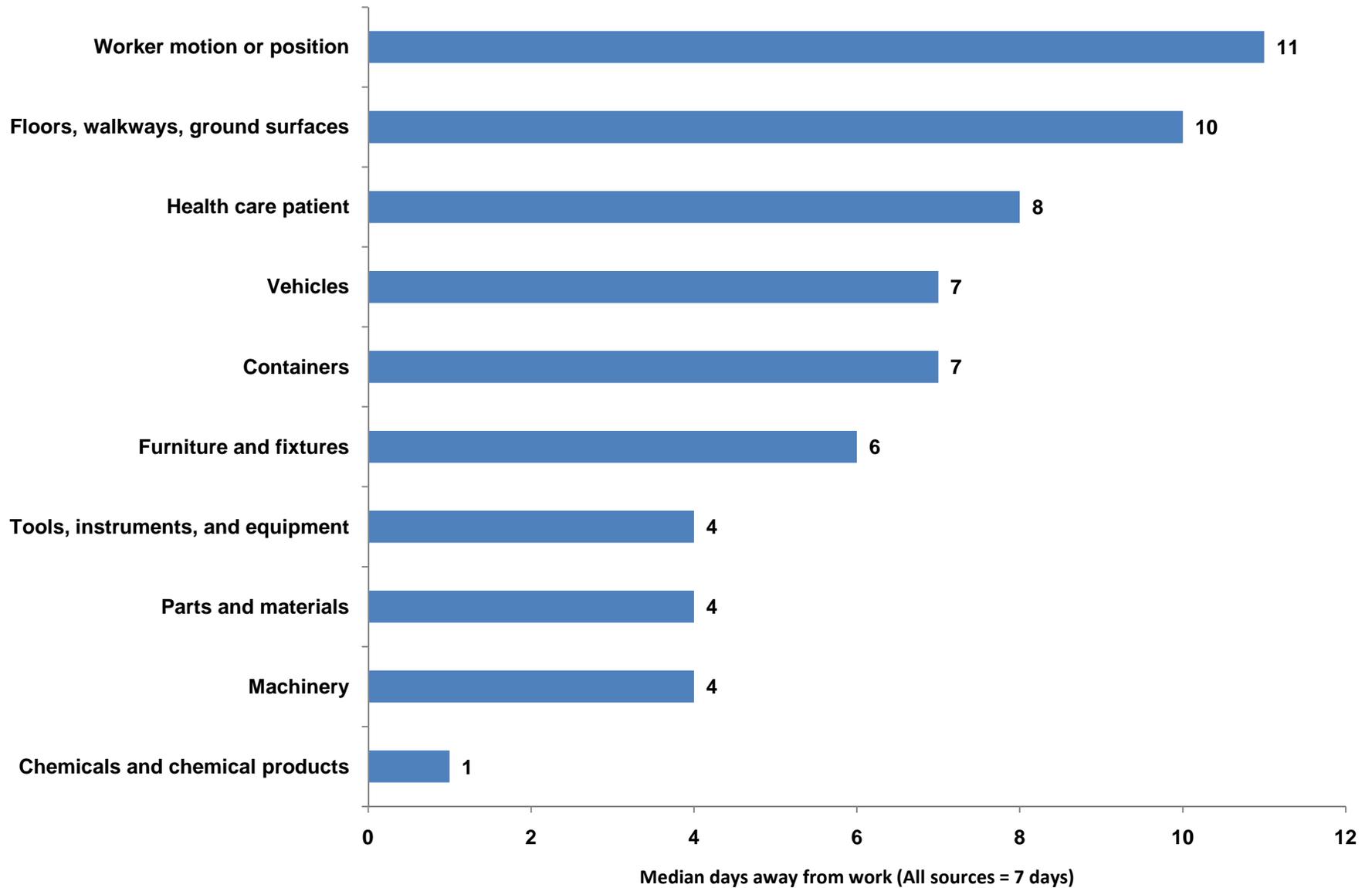


Median days away from work due to injury or illness by part of body affected, Washington, private industry, 2009



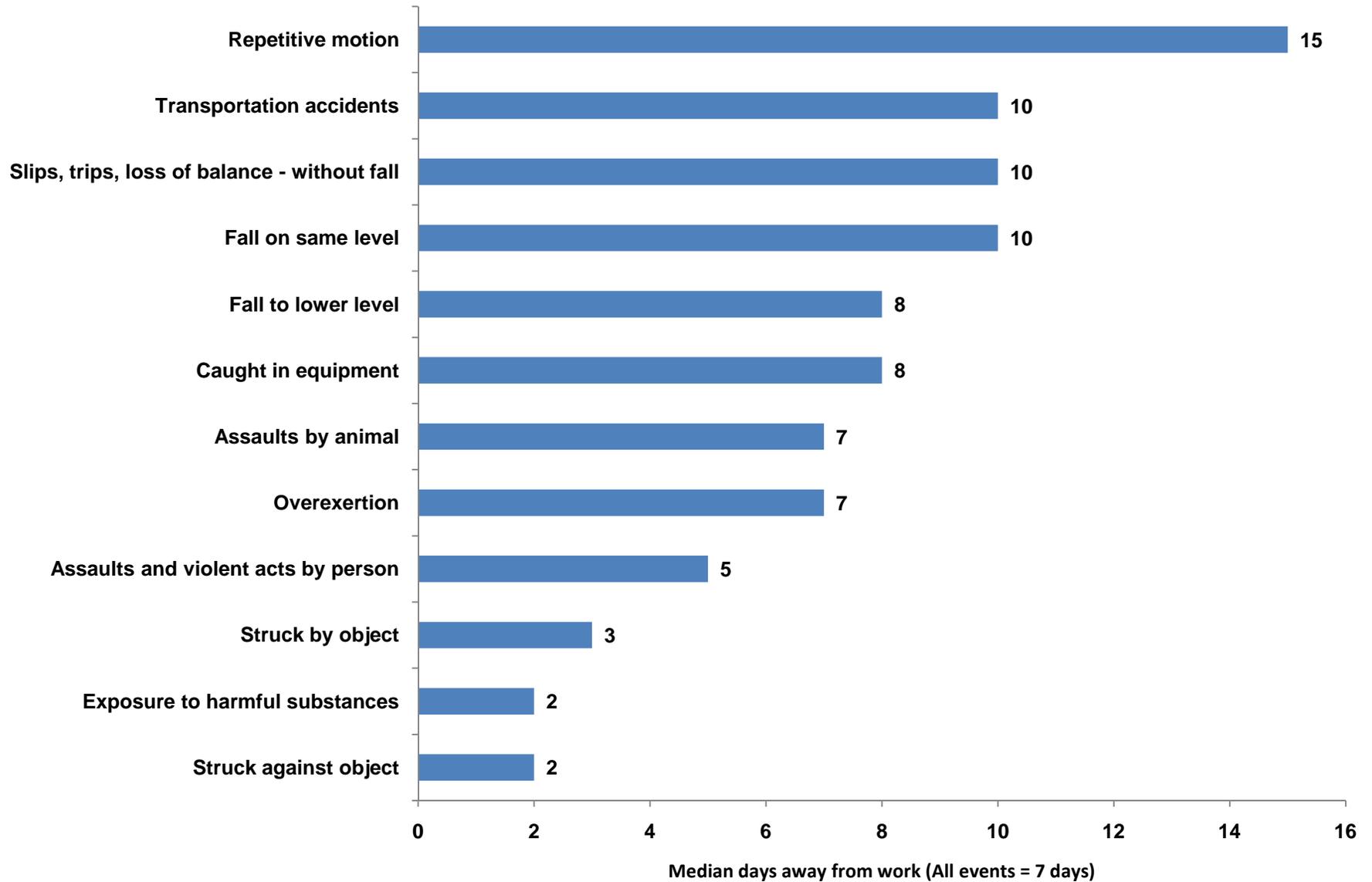
SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Median days away from work due to injury or illness by source of injury or illness, Washington, private industry, 2009

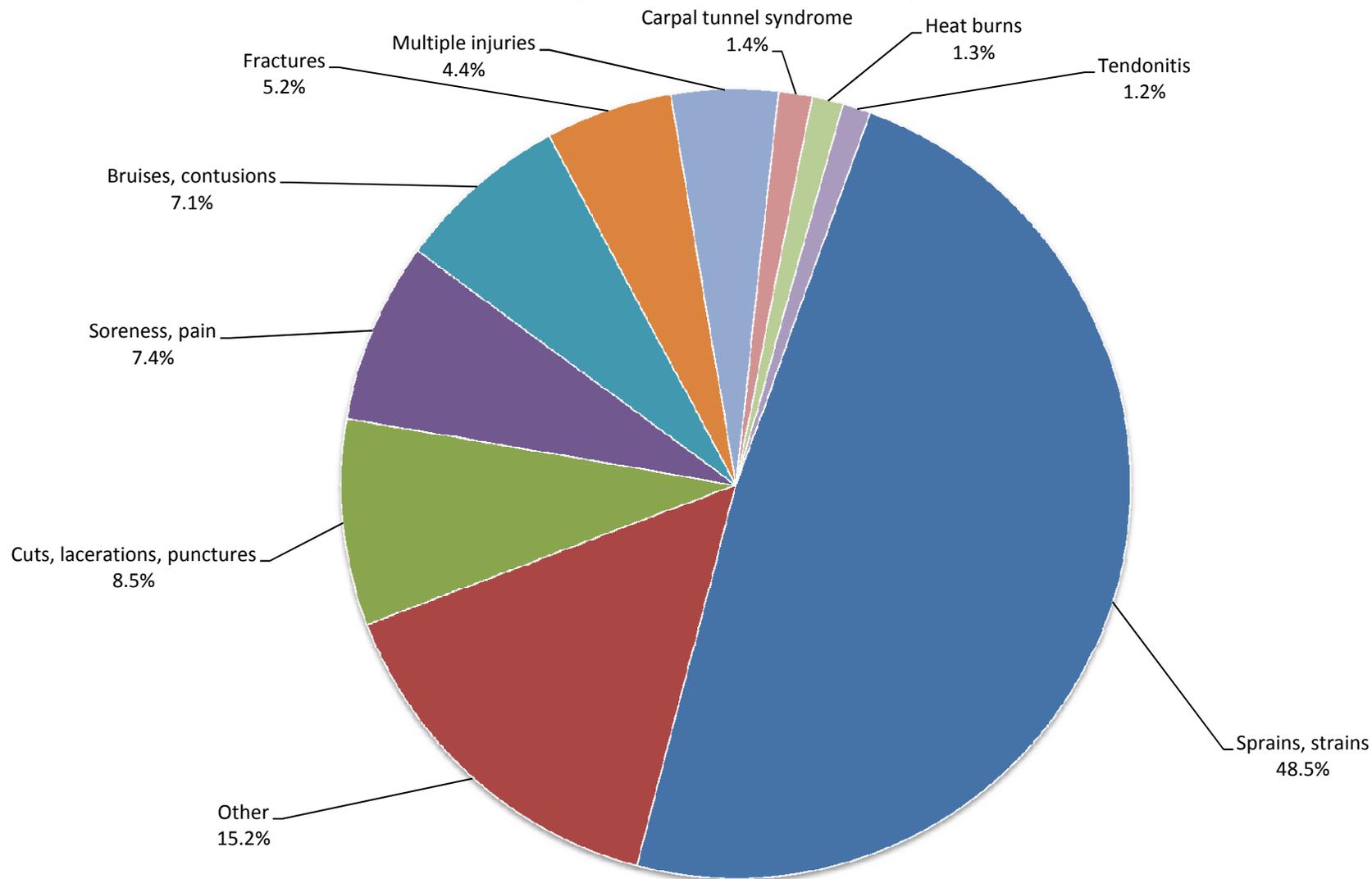


SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

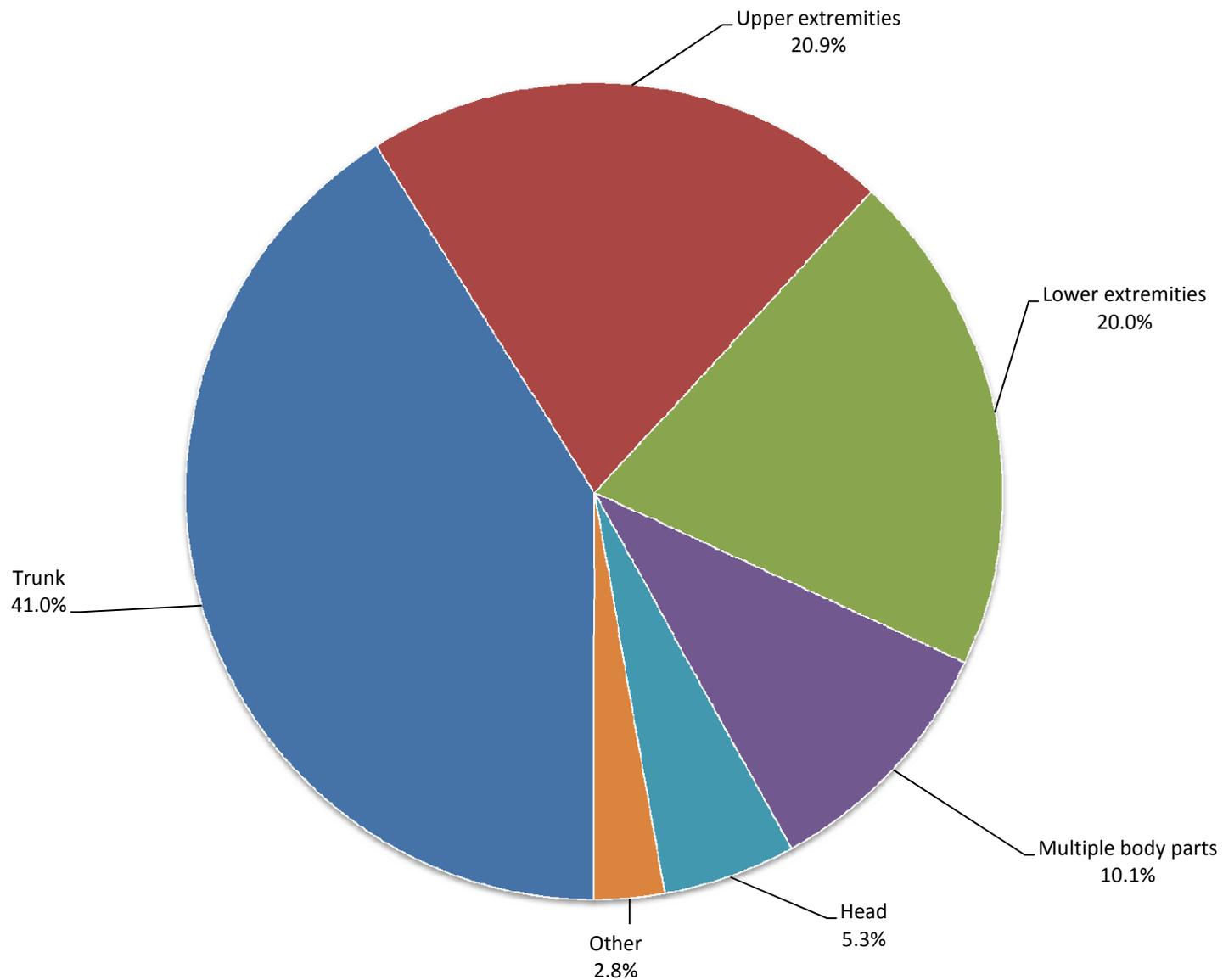
Median days away from work due to injury or illness by event or exposure, Washington, private industry, 2009



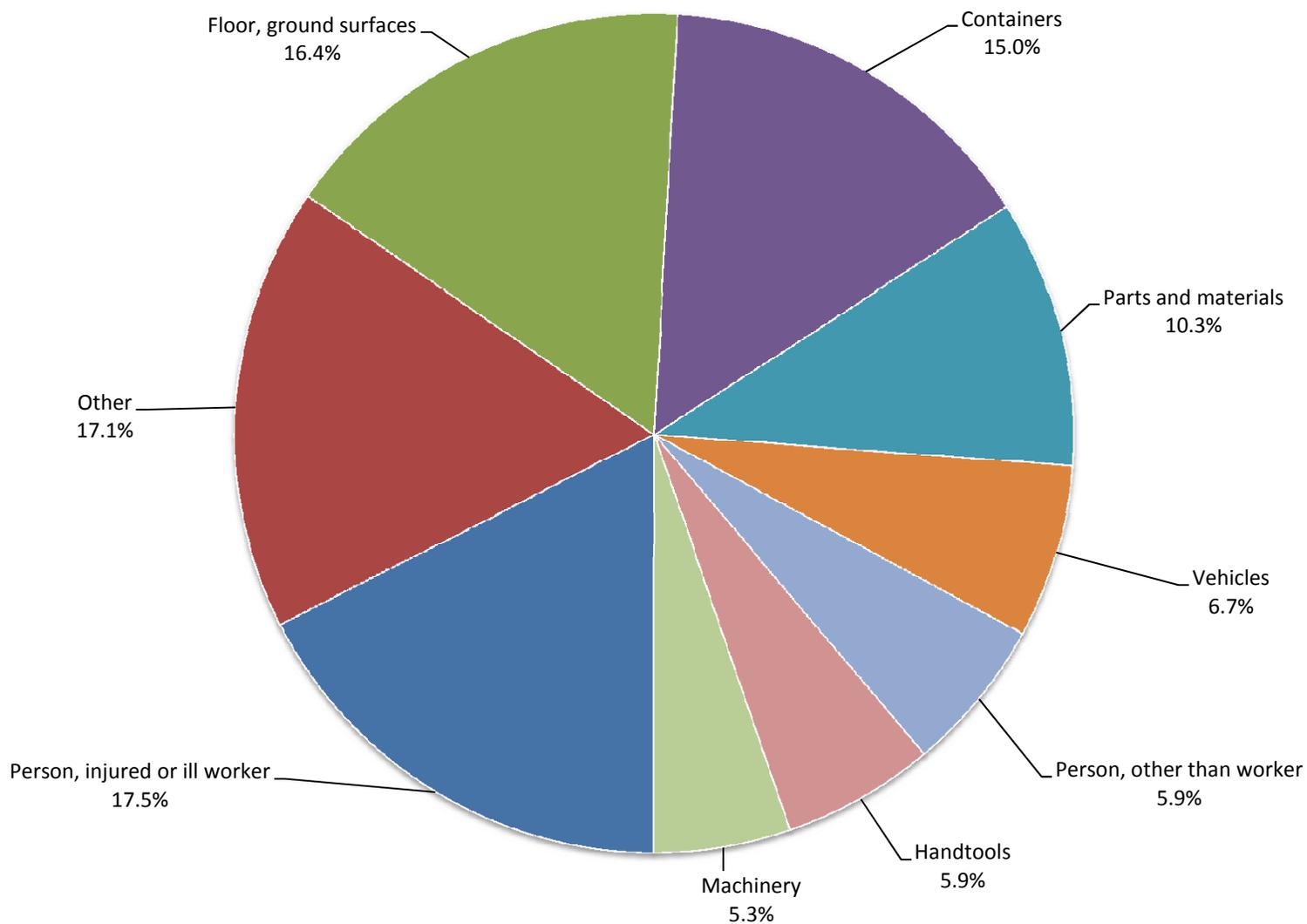
Distribution of injuries and illnesses by nature of injury or illness, Washington, private industry, 2009



Distribution of injuries and illnesses by part of body affected, Washington, private industry, 2009

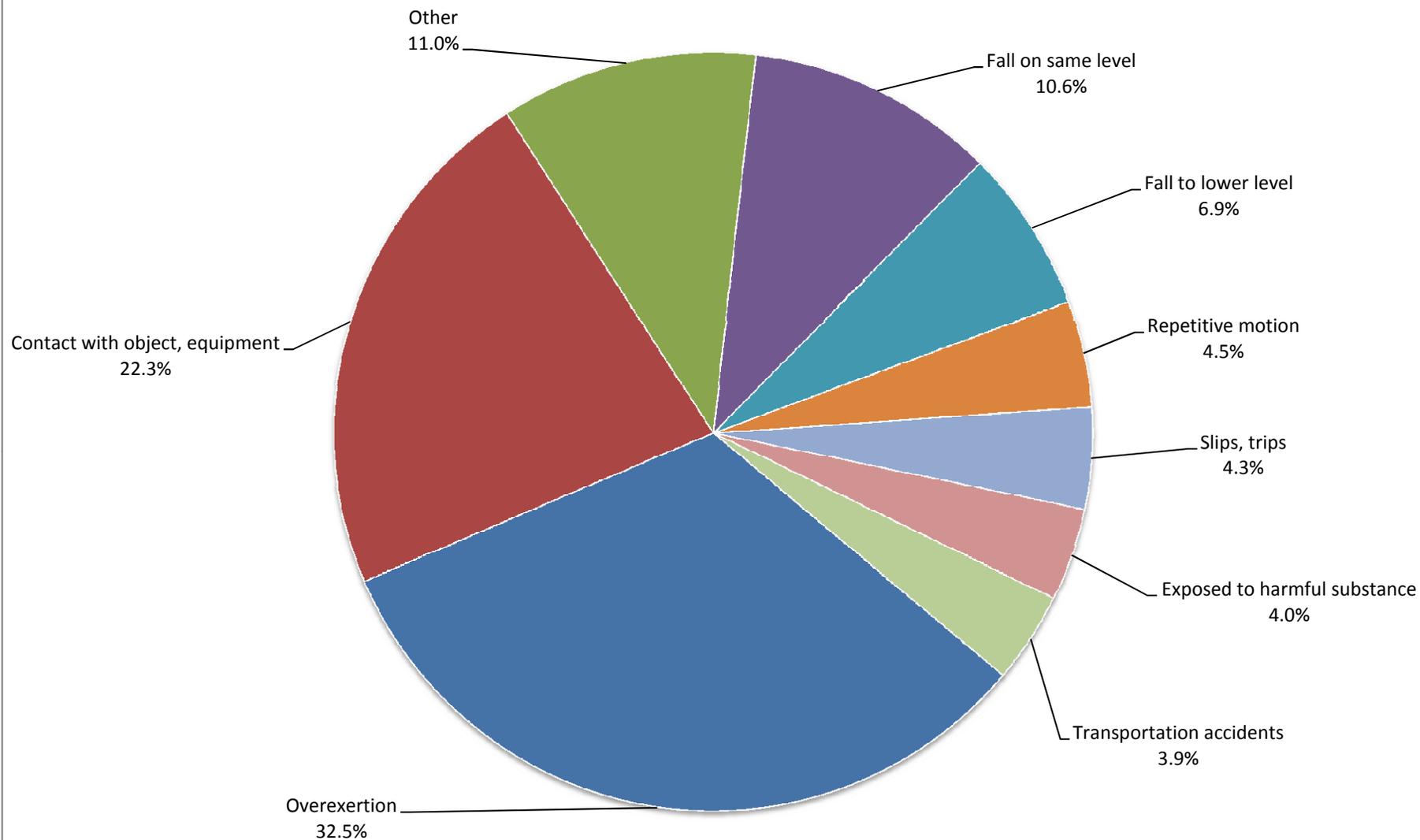


Distribution of injuries and illnesses by source of injury or illness, Washington, private industry, 2009

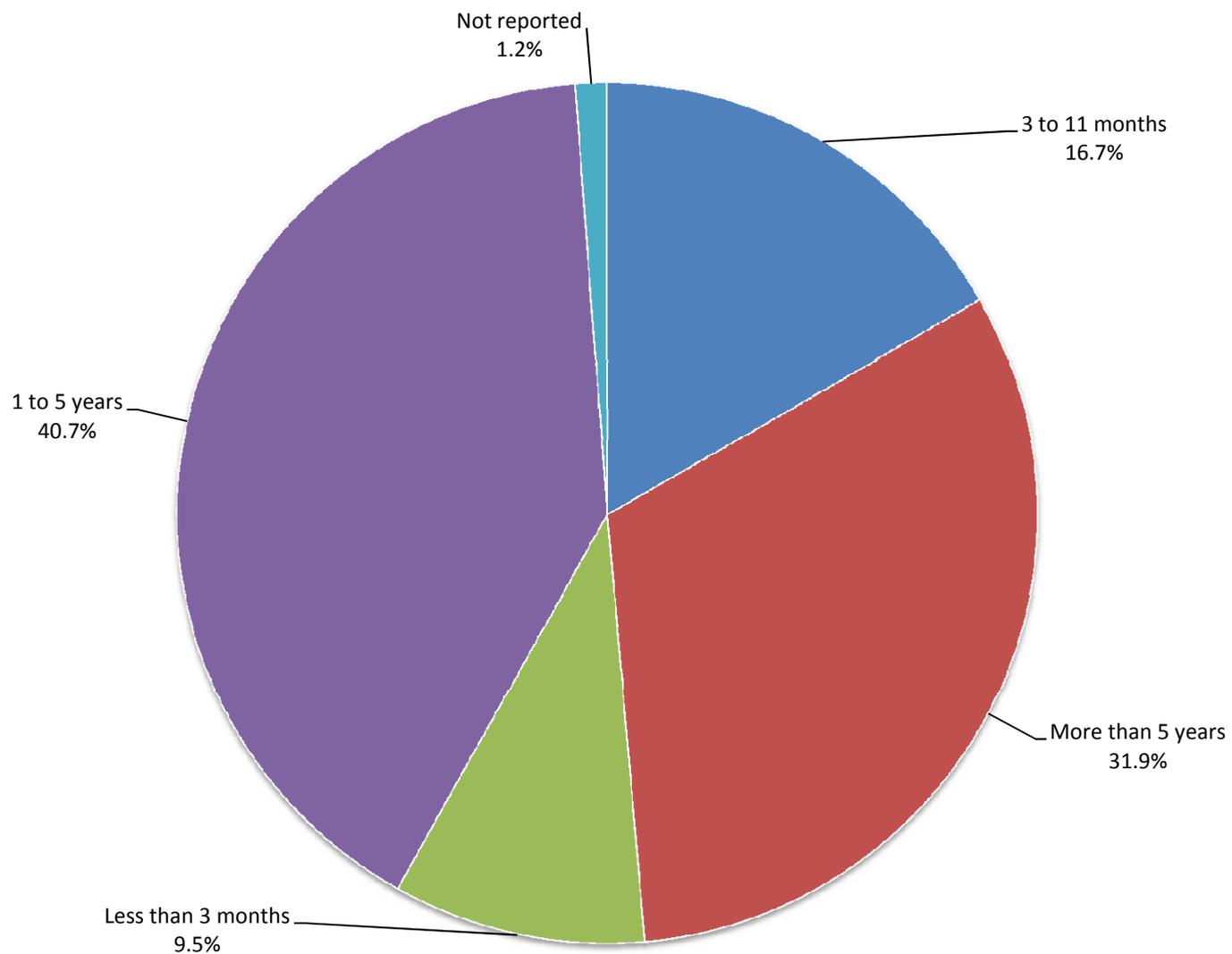


SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

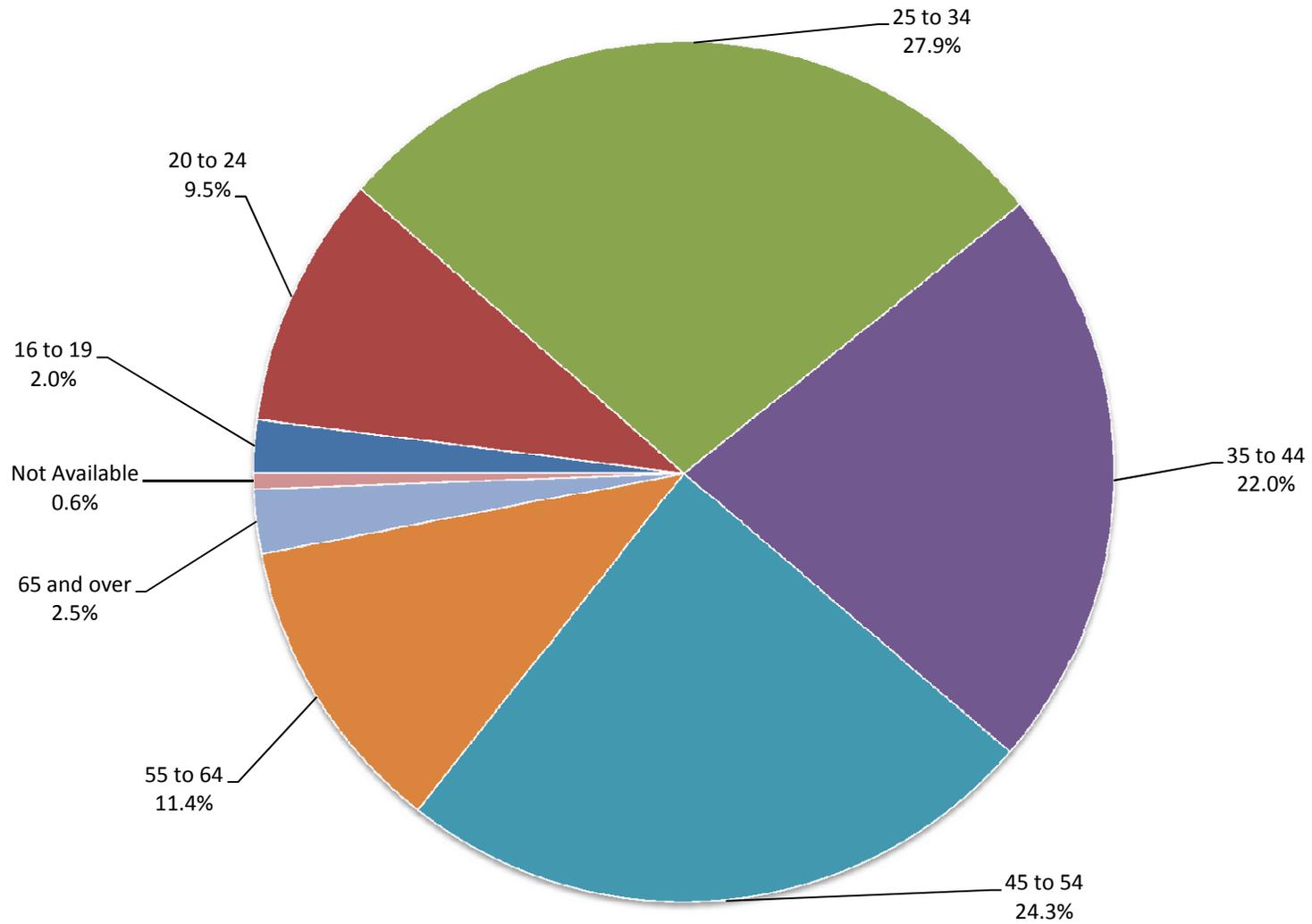
Distribution of injuries and illnesses by event or exposure, Washington, private industry, 2009



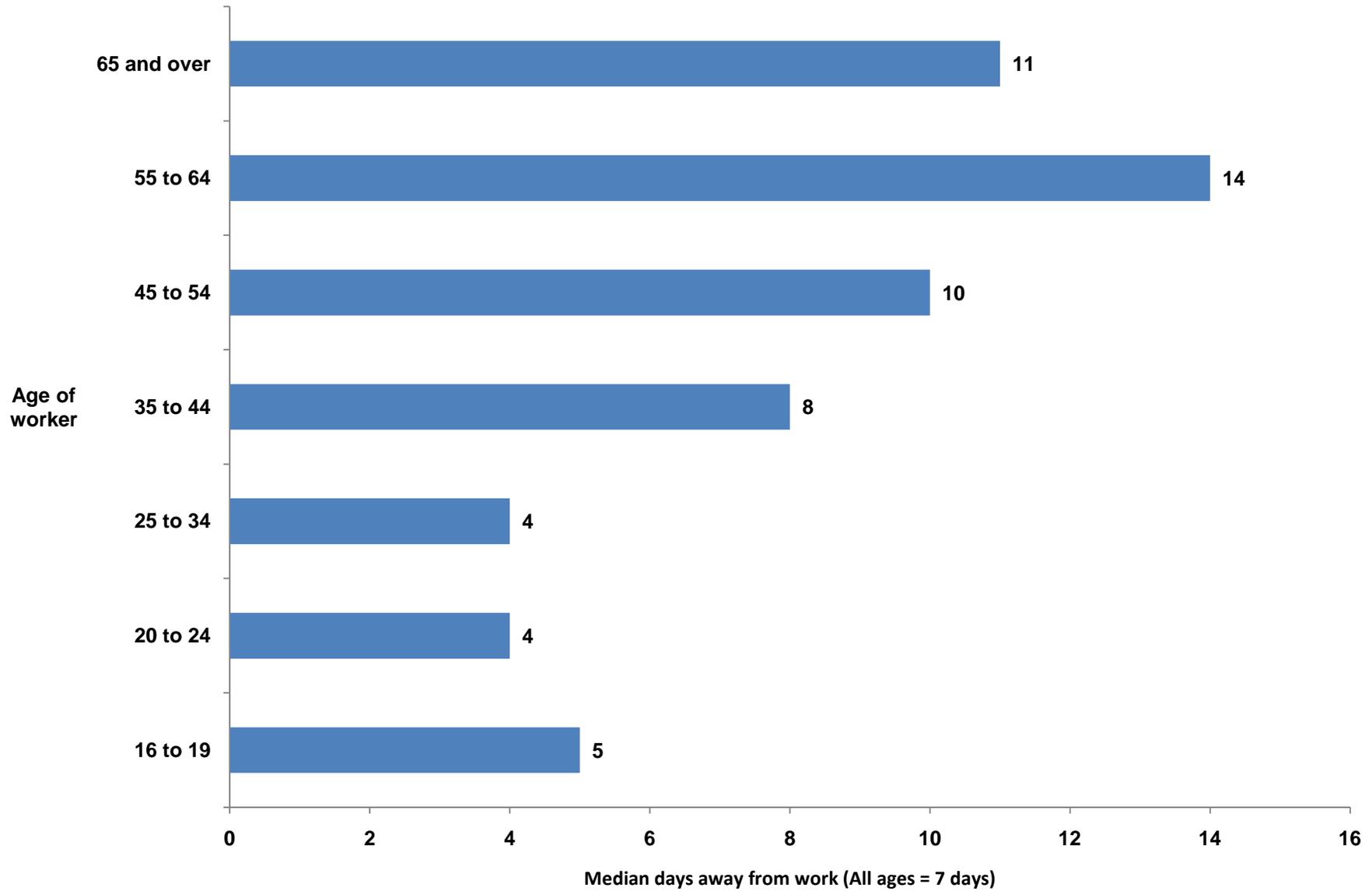
Distribution of injuries and illnesses by length of service, Washington, private industry, 2009



Distribution of injuries and illnesses by age of worker, Washington, private industry, 2009

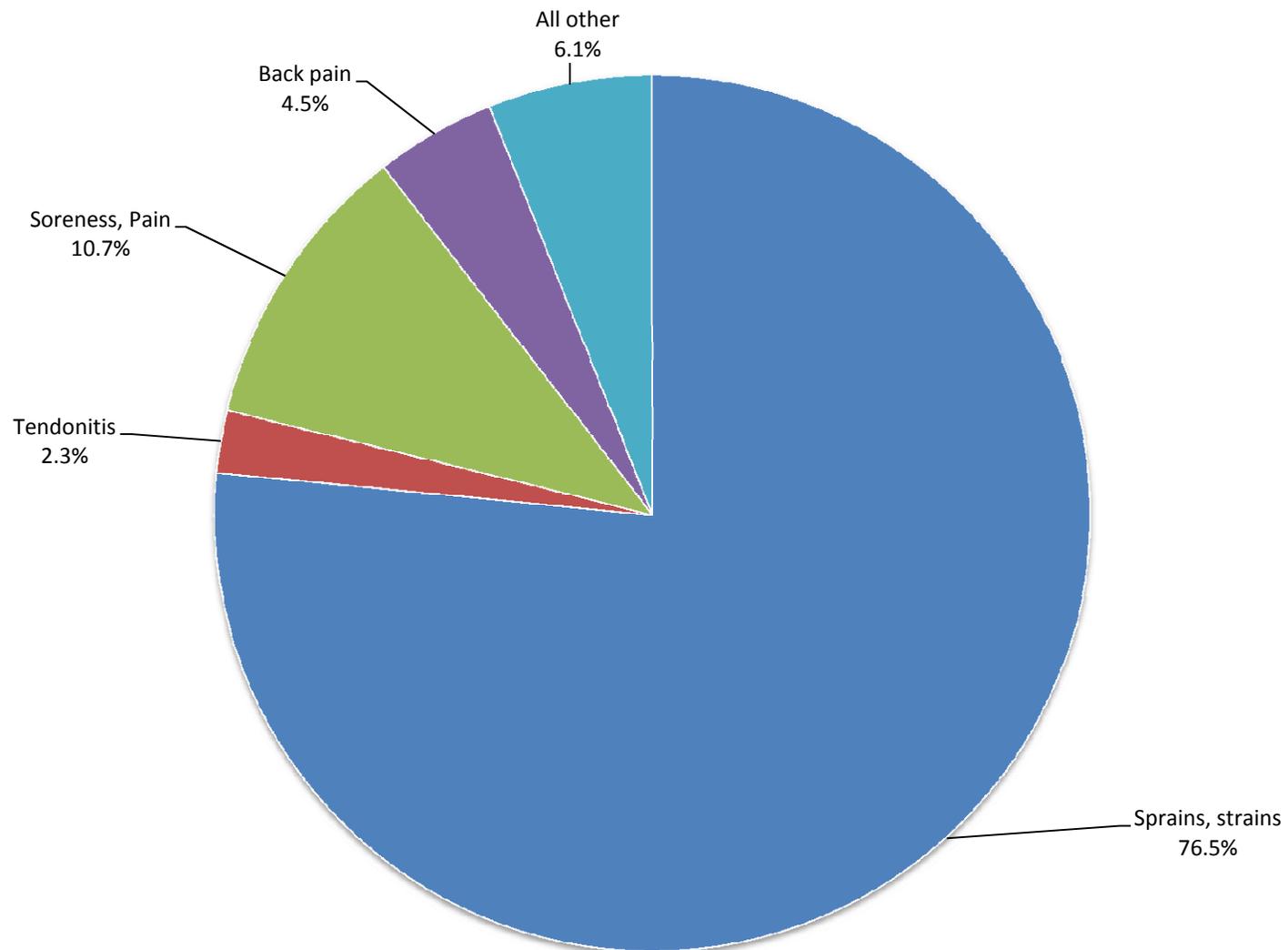


Median days away from work due to injury or illness by age of worker, Washington, private industry, 2009

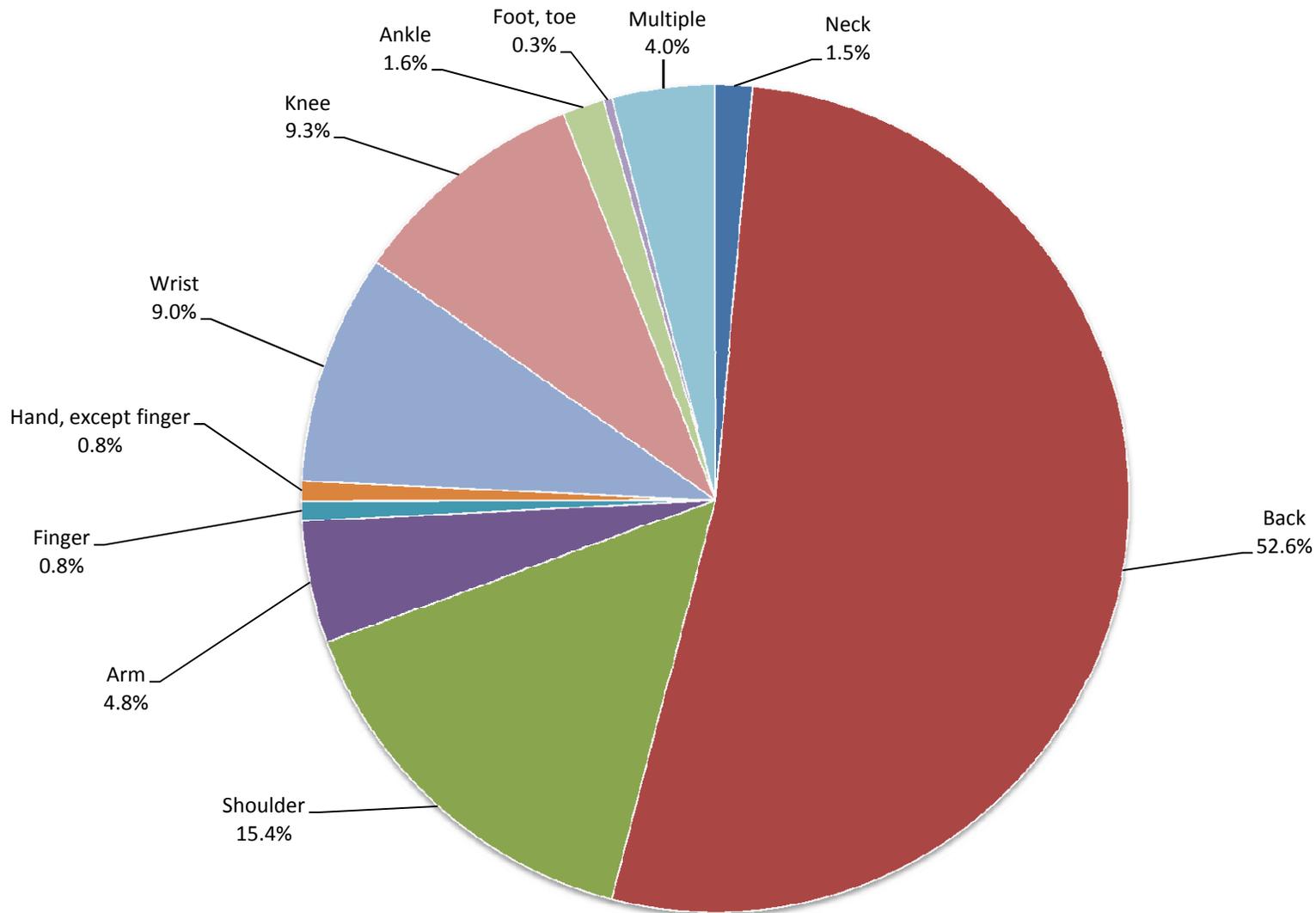


SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

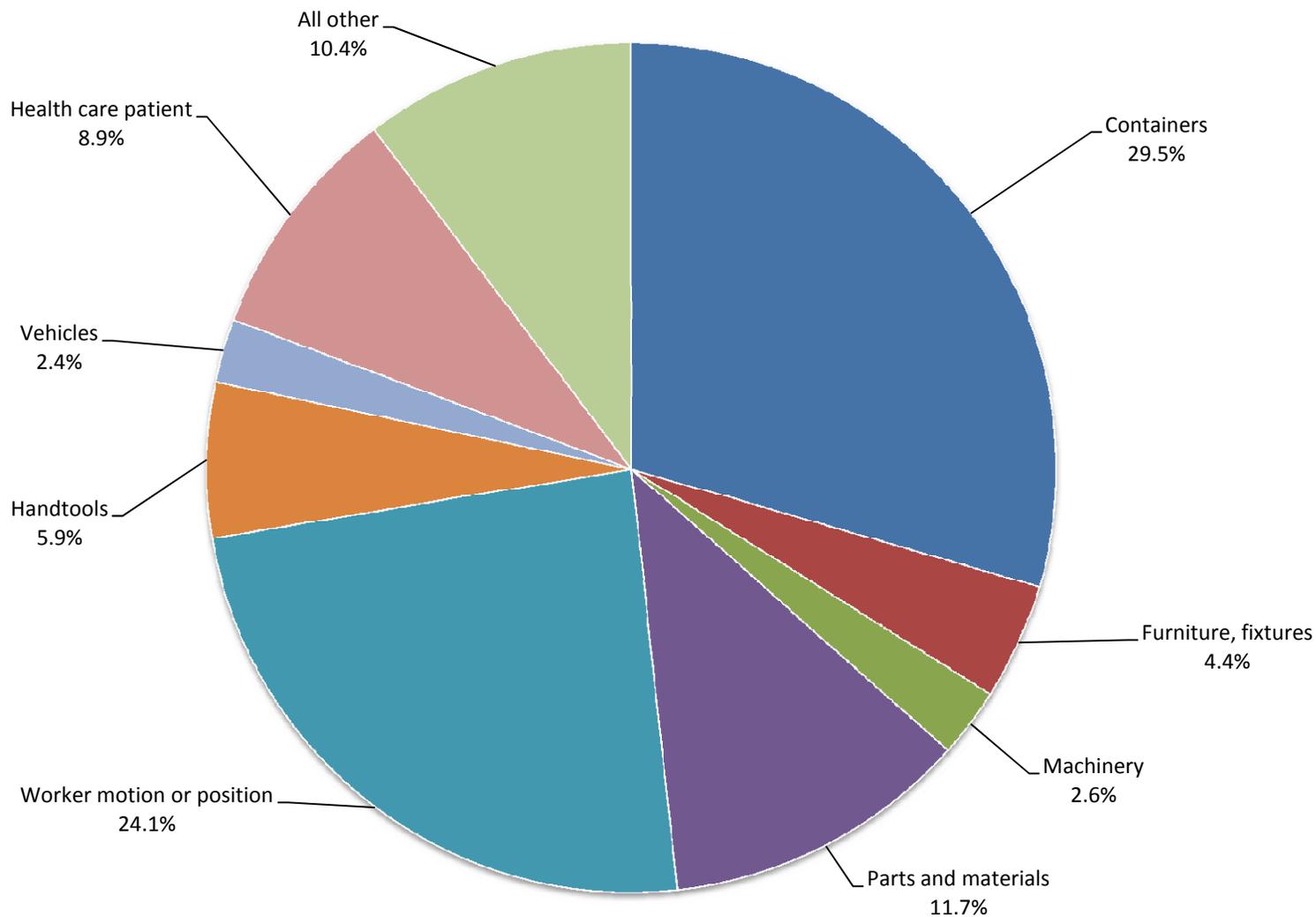
Distribution of Musculoskeletal disorders by nature of injury or illness Washington, private industry, 2009



Distribution of Musculoskeletal disorders by part of body affected Washington, private industry, 2009



Distribution of Musculoskeletal disorders by source of injury or illness Washington, private industry, 2009



Distribution of Musculoskeletal disorders by event leading to injury or illness Washington, private industry, 2009

