DOSH Lead Rulemaking - Preliminary Bibliography of External Sources

This is a current list of resources that DOSH consulted in preparing its discussion draft of a revised, single lead rule protecting all workers in Washington, released on June 29, 2017. The primary intent of this revised rule is to achieve the best occupational health outcome possible in light of reduced background lead levels among the adult population. The department will be considering the significant advancements in our scientific understanding of the risks that lead poses to workers since the existing standards were written decades ago.

Note: Information submitted to the department by stakeholders and found on the website was also reviewed and is being considered. Department experience with the current lead standard, case outcomes, and experience outcomes with the adult blood lead registry are also being considered.

Beaucham, Catherine, Diana Ceballos & Bradley King. 2017. Lessons learned from surface wipe sampling for lead in three workplaces, Journal of Occupational and Environmental Hygiene, 14:8, 609-617, DOI: 10.1080/15459624.2017.1309047


DoD 6055.05-M, OCCUPATIONAL MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS and SURVEILLANCE MANUAL, (incorporating Change 2, April 17, 2017)

Eum KD, Weisskopf MG, Nie LH, Hu H, Korrick SA. Cumulative Lead Exposure and Age at Menopause in the Nurses’ Health Study Cohort. Environ Health Perspect. 2014 Mar;122(3):229-34.


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Schober SE, Mirel LB, Graubard BI, Brody DJ, Flegal KM. Blood Lead Levels and Death from All Causes, Cardiovascular Disease, and Cancer: Results from the NHANES III Mortality Study. Environ Health Perspect. 2006 Oct; 114(6):1538-1541.


Weisskopf MG, Myers G. cumulative effect of lead on cognition: Is bone more revealing than blood? Neurology 2006; 67(9): 1536-1537.

