A. Purpose:

Employers who partner with school-based work experience for high school student under the age of 18 may voluntarily submit to the Department of Labor & Industries (L&I) for its review, the feasibility for and approval of a work-based learning student variance for work activities prohibited under the Washington State child labor regulations that do not conflict with the child labor regulations administered by the U.S. Department of Labor under the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA), Part 570 of Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

This protocol establishes a process for submitting requests for paid work-based learning placements for 16- and 17-year-old students, for review and evaluation that will provide positive learning experiences for students without jeopardizing their safety and ensuring that the employer is in compliance with the U.S. Department of Labor child labor regulations, and Washington State child labor and health and safety regulations. L&I can only grant a variance consistent with the student-learner and apprentice exemptions to the federal child labor regulations. Subpart E and E-1 of Part 570 of Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations.
B. What a company must do to request that L&I evaluate the work-based learning experience:

1. Submit a written request to the department that describes in detail the work activity that students will be performing under the potential variance. Include the following: the number of students to be placed at the work site; the type of training for the tasks involved; safety and health training appropriate for the job; specific school(s) involved and the responsible teacher or work-based learning coordinator.

2. Send the letter to:
   Program Manager or Child Labor Specialist
   Employment Standards Program
   Department of Labor & Industries
   PO Box 44510
   Olympia, WA 98504-4510

   Or email to: teensafety@Lni.wa.gov

3. L&I will acknowledge receipt of the request for evaluation of the work-based learning activities and, if needed, will request that the company supply additional required information. An employer will also allow a site visit at the workplace to assess the job activities, supervision for the student, and agreements with the responsible school teacher or coordinator. Following a review and evaluation this is satisfactory by the department the request will be approved in writing.

C. General protocol for L&I review of requests for evaluation of a paid work-based learning variance:

1. After receiving a request for evaluation of an employer’s proposal, L&I will schedule a consultation visit with the Child Labor Specialist and the appropriate consultation staff of Division of Safety and Health (DOSH).
   a. An evaluation by Employment Standards and DOSH will review the state and federal child labor and safety and health regulations; identify specific safety hazards present in the workplace that the student may potentially be exposed to, and identify employer requirements under both sets of rules.
   b. Employers participating in a paid internship placement will receive compliance assistance (see enclosed Teen Worker brochure for more details).

2. The employer must:
   b. post the Business License with a current minor work endorsement and renew it annually;
   c. obtain a Parent/School Authorization Form signed by the minor’s legal guardian and school (during the school year); the signed form is retained in their files and renewed annually;
   d. keep proof of a minor’s age on file, such as a copy of a birth certificate or driver’s license, or a witness statement of the parent or legal guardian;
   e. keep employment records, such as employee name, address, occupation, dates of
employment and the hours worked, and complete description of job duties, for three years after hiring a minor; and
f.  cover all student-learners under workers’ compensation as required by law.

3. Students must be enrolled in a course of study and training in a bona fide cooperative vocational training program or diversified career experience program certified and monitored by the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI) or the student employee’s school district or in a course of study in a substantially similar program by a private school. The students may also be involved in an apprenticeship program registered with the Washington State Apprenticeship and Training Council.

- Students who are home-schooled may participate as a student-learner for the purposes of an exemption if enrolled in a program hosted by a vocational school program, either by a public or private high school.

4. During the summer months between junior and senior years, students 16 or 17 years of age may be employed in internship positions that qualify for this exemption as long as there is a written agreement by the school with an employer. Some students may continue to work part-time during the school year as part of their senior year work-based learning program.

5. Students who are participating as interns will have completed a safety module or curriculum in school (e.g., SP2 course, [www.sp2.org](http://www.sp2.org); University of Washington resources, [www.uwworksafe.com/worksafe](http://www.uwworksafe.com/worksafe); etc.). The work-based learning coordinator for the school is responsible for assisting with the overview of a student’s placement.

6. All students will receive a review by the employer of all safety rules and regulations, job-specific hazards to be aware of and receive and be provided a tour of the employer’s facilities in which any potential hazards, emergency exits and first aid stations are identified.

7. Students will perform their assigned duties under the supervision of a trained mentor (technician), with oversight by the school’s work-based learning coordinator.

8. Work of students in certain non-agricultural occupations is declared prohibited due to possible hazards under WAC 296-125-030. The federal hazardous occupations orders (HOs) also restrict what work activities 16- and 17-year-old minors may perform. If the conditions listed in this policy are met, limited variances may be allowed for the following hazardous activities:

a. Power-driven woodworking machines;
b. Power-driven metal-forming, punching and shearing machines;
c. Meat packing or processing;
d. Power-driven paper-product machines;
e. Power-driven circular saws, band saws, and guillotine shears;
f. Roofing; and
g. Excavation.
9. Work of 14- or 15-year-old students in certain agricultural occupations is declared prohibited due to possible hazards under WAC 296-131-125. The federal hazardous occupations orders also restrict what work activities 14- and 15-year-old minors may perform. If the conditions listed in this policy are met, limited variances may be allowed for the following hazardous activities:
   a. Operating a tractor of over 20 PTO horsepower, or connecting or disconnecting an implement or any of its parts to or from such a tractor.
   b. Operating or assisting to operate (including starting, stopping, adjusting, feeding, or any other activity involving physical contact associated with the operation) any of the following machines:
      i. Corn picker, cotton picker, grain combine, hay mower, forage harvester, hay baler, potato digger, or mobile pea viner;
      ii. Feed grinder, crop dryer, forage blower, auger conveyor, or the unloading mechanism of a non-gravity type self-unloading wagon or trailer; or
      iii. Power post-hole digger, power post driver, or non-walking type rotary tiller.
   c. Operating or assisting to operate (including starting, stopping, adjusting, feeding, or any other activity involving physical contact associated with the operation) any of the following machines:
      i. Trencher or earthmoving equipment;
      ii. Fork lift; or
      iii. Potato combine
   d. Working on a farm in a yard, pen, or stall occupied by a:
      i. Bull, boar, or stud horse maintained for breeding purposes;
      ii. Sow with suckling pigs, or cow with newborn calf (with umbilical cord present).
   e. Felling, bucking, skidding, loading, or unloading timber with butt diameter of more than six inches.
   f. Working from a ladder or scaffold (painting, repairing, or building structures, pruning trees, picking fruit, etc.) at a height of over twenty feet.

10. There are additional restricted work activities under Washington State law that may be considered for a variance on a case-by-case basis:
   a. Required use of hearing protection under the DOSH Hearing Conservation Standard (i.e. at or above 85 Dba) (WAC 296-125-030(22))
   b. Work that may involve exposure to bloodborne pathogens under the DOSH Bloodborne Pathogens standard, (WAC 296-125-030(24))
   c. Work that may involve exposure to hazardous chemicals or substances under the DOSH Hazard Communication Standard (WAC 296-125-030(25))

11. The Student-Learner Exemption Criteria to perform work otherwise prohibited and listed above are as follows:
   a. Such work is incidental, intermittent and for short periods of time, for learning purposes only, and under the direct and close supervision of a qualified and experienced technician.
   b. The requirement of direct and close supervision is met when there is one
journeyman or experienced adult working with the first apprentice/student learner on-site and at least three journeymen or experienced adults working alongside each additional apprentice/student learner.

c. The requirement for direct and close supervision applies only during the periods when the apprentice/student learner is actually performing work that would otherwise be prohibited under state and federal child labor regulations.

12. The defined technical competencies are based on the technical skill sets identified by the school’s work-based learning program, including but not limited to a vocational education or pre-apprenticeship course of study.

13. A work-based learning course of study is designed to prepare the student for certification in selected areas identified by the school and the placement employer. Requesting entities should include some specifics pertaining to the course of study. As part of the program of study, upon completion, a student may be required to pass an exit exam or demonstrate passing competency and will receive a certificate at that time.

14. These on-the-job learning (internships) experiences may also lead to a pathway to registered apprenticeship opportunities within various industries.

15. Both the school’s instructor and the employer mentor will assess the student’s progress on a regular basis.

If a complaint by a parent, student, or customer arises regarding the student enrolled in one of the participating programs, OSPI’s work-based learning coordinator, the employer coordinator and the Department of Labor and Industries’ Employment Standards’ Program Manager or Teen Worker Supervisor or their designees, will investigate the situation according to each organization’s protocol. A review of the situation will be conducted and involve the appropriate L&I staff, the school principal and the instructor responsible for the student involved in this complaint.

All other state and federal Wage and Hour laws and health and safety regulations must also be adhered to. The variance and minor work permit for an individual employer will be revoked if the conditions of the variance are not followed. Minor work permit endorsements and variances must be renewed annually.

Resources:

- Labor and Industries Teen Worker web page: 

- OSPI’s Career and Technical Education web site: 

- University of Washington, Health and Safety for Teens, web page: 
  [www.uwworksafe.com/worksafe](http://www.uwworksafe.com/worksafe)