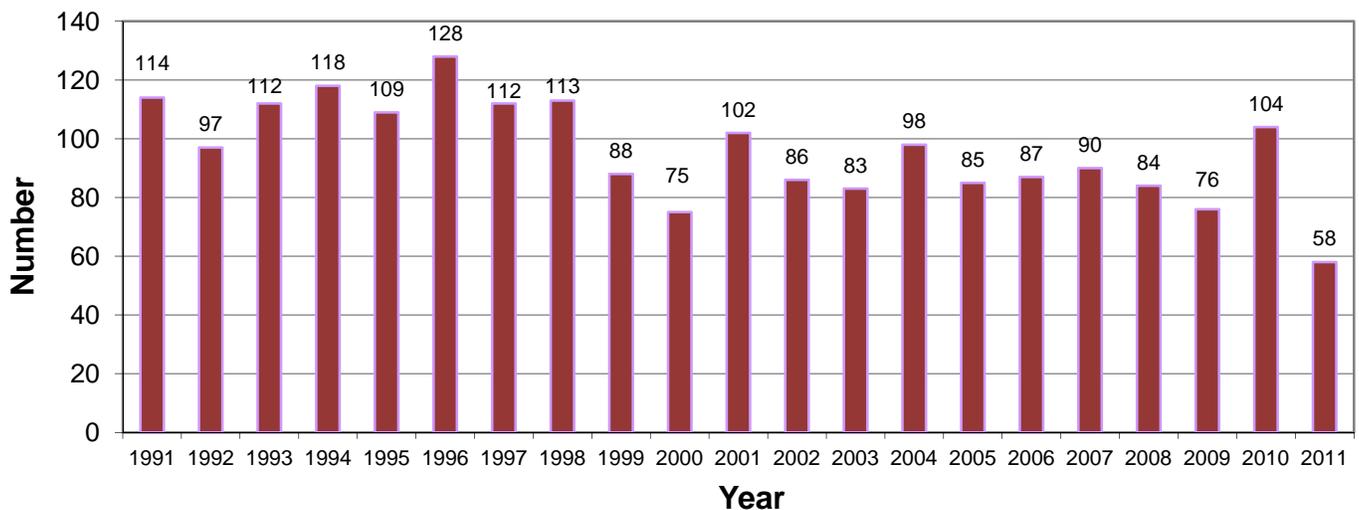


2011 Washington State Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI)

Change to the OIICS Structure

Information in this release incorporates a major revision in the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS), which is used to describe the characteristics of fatal work injuries. Because of the extensive revisions, data for the OIICS case characteristics for reference year 2011 represent a break in series with data for prior years. More information on OIICS can be found at www.bls.gov/iif/oshoiics.htm.

Total Fatal Occupational Injuries Washington State, 1991-2011^P



^p Data for 2011 are preliminary. Revised and final 2011 data are scheduled to be released in Spring 2013.

TABLE A-1. Fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Washington, 2011

INDUSTRY ¹	NAICS CODE ¹	Total Fatal Injuries (number)	Event or Exposure ²					
			Violence and other injuries by persons ³ or animals ³	Transportation Incidents ⁴	Fires and explosions	Falls, Slips, Trips	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Contact with objects and equipment
Total		58	6	29	--	9	5	9
Private Industry		48	4	24	--	8	5	7
Goods producing		16	--	4	--	3	4	3
Natural resources and mining		5	--	--	--	--	3	--
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting		4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction		6	--	3	--	--	--	--
Construction		6	--	3	--	--	--	--
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	237	3	--	3	--	--	--	--
Manufacturing		5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Manufacturing		5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Service providing		32	--	20	--	5	--	4
Trade, transportation, and utilities		20	--	14	--	--	--	3
Wholesale trade		5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	424	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Transportation and warehousing		14	--	12	--	--	--	--
Truck Transportation	484	9	--	7	--	--	--	--
General Freight Trucking	4841	6	--	5	--	--	--	--
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance	48412	5	--	4	--	--	--	--
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance, Truckload	484121	5	--	4	--	--	--	--
Specialized Freight Trucking	4842	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Professional and business services		7	--	3	--	--	--	--
Administrative and waste services		6	--	--	--	--	--	--
Administrative and Support Services	561	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Services to Buildings and Dwellings	5617	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Landscaping Services	56173	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Leisure and hospitality		3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Government ⁶		10	--	5	--	--	--	--
Federal Government ⁷		4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Service providing		4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Public administration		4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Public administration		4	--	--	--	--	--	--
National Security and International Affairs	928	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
National Security and International Affairs	9281	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
National Security	92811	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
State Government ⁷		4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Service providing		4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Public administration		3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Public administration		3	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Industry data are based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2007.

² Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) 2.01 implemented for 2011 data forward.

³ Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and attacks by animals.

⁴ Includes highway, nonhighway, air, water, rail fatal occupational injuries, and fatal occupational injuries resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

⁵ Includes fatal injuries at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

⁶ Includes fatal injuries to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry. Includes all fatal occupational injuries meeting this ownership criterion across all specified years, regardless of industry classification system.

⁷ Includes all fatal occupational injuries meeting this ownership criterion across all specified years, regardless of industry classification system.

NOTE: Data are preliminary. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. N.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State, New York City, District of Columbia, and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, September 21, 2012.

TABLE A-2. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides, Washington, 2011

INDUSTRY ¹	Total Fatal Injuries (number)	Transportation incidents ²				Homicides ²	
		Total	Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicle	Nonroadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	Pedestrian vehicular incidents	Total	Shooting by other person--intentional
Total	58	29	12	--	4	3	--
Private Industry	48	24	11	--	4	--	--
Goods producing	16	4	--	--	--	--	--
Natural resources and mining	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction	6	3	--	--	--	--	--
Construction	6	3	--	--	--	--	--
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	3	3	--	--	--	--	--
Manufacturing	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Manufacturing	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Service providing	32	20	11	--	--	--	--
Trade, transportation, and utilities	20	14	9	--	--	--	--
Wholesale trade	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Transportation and warehousing	14	12	7	--	--	--	--
Truck Transportation	9	7	5	--	--	--	--
General Freight Trucking	6	5	3	--	--	--	--
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance	5	4	3	--	--	--	--
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance, Truckload	5	4	3	--	--	--	--
Specialized Freight Trucking	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Professional and business services	7	3	--	--	--	--	--
Administrative and waste services	6	--	--	--	--	--	--
Administrative and Support Services	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Services to Buildings and Dwellings	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Landscaping Services	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Leisure and hospitality	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Government ⁴	10	5	--	--	--	--	--
Federal Government ⁵	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Service providing	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Public administration	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Public administration	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
National Security and International Affairs	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
National Security and International Affairs	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
National Security	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
State Government ⁵	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Service providing	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Public administration	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Public administration	3	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Industry data are based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2007.

² Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) 2.01 implemented for 2011 data forward.

³ Includes fatal injuries at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

⁴ Includes fatal injuries to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry. Includes all fatal occupational injuries meeting this ownership criteria across all specified years, regardless of industry classification system.

⁵ Includes all fatal occupational injuries meeting this ownership criterion across all specified years, regardless of industry classification system.

NOTE: Data are preliminary. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. N.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State, New York City, District of Columbia, and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, September 21, 2012.

TABLE A-3. Fatal occupational injuries to private sector wage and salary workers, government workers, and self-employed workers by industry, Washington, 2011

INDUSTRY ¹	Fatal Injuries		Private sector wage and salary workers ²		Government workers ³		Self-employed workers ⁴	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	58	100.0	43	100.0	10	100.0	5	100.0
Goods producing	16	27.6	14	32.6	--	--	--	--
Natural resources and mining	5	8.6	3	7.0	--	--	--	--
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	4	6.9	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction	6	10.3	6	14.0	--	--	--	--
Construction	6	10.3	6	14.0	--	--	--	--
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	3	5.2	3	7.0	--	--	--	--
Manufacturing	5	8.6	5	11.6	--	--	--	--
Manufacturing	5	8.6	5	11.6	--	--	--	--
Service providing	42	72.4	29	67.4	10	100.0	3	60.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities	20	34.5	18	41.9	--	--	--	--
Wholesale trade	5	8.6	5	11.6	--	--	--	--
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	3	5.2	3	7.0	--	--	--	--
Transportation and warehousing	14	24.1	12	27.9	--	--	--	--
Truck Transportation	9	15.5	8	18.6	--	--	--	--
General Freight Trucking	6	10.3	5	11.6	--	--	--	--
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance	5	8.6	4	9.3	--	--	--	--
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance, Truckload	5	8.6	4	9.3	--	--	--	--
Specialized Freight Trucking	3	5.2	3	7.0	--	--	--	--
Professional and business services	7	12.1	6	14.0	--	--	--	--
Administrative and waste services	6	10.3	5	11.6	--	--	--	--
Administrative and Support Services	4	6.9	3	7.0	--	--	--	--
Services to Buildings and Dwellings	3	5.2	--	--	--	--	--	--
Landscaping Services	3	5.2	--	--	--	--	--	--
Leisure and hospitality	3	5.2	3	7.0	--	--	--	--
Public administration	8	13.8	--	--	8	80.0	--	--
Public administration	8	13.8	--	--	8	80.0	--	--
National Security and International Affairs	4	6.9	--	--	4	40.0	--	--
National Security and International Affairs	4	6.9	--	--	4	40.0	--	--
National Security	4	6.9	--	--	4	40.0	--	--

¹ Industry data are based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2007.

² May include volunteers and workers receiving other types of compensation.

³ Includes fatal injuries to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry. Includes all fatal occupational injuries meeting this ownership criterion across all specified years, regardless of industry classification system.

⁴ Includes self-employed workers, owners of unincorporated businesses and farms, paid and unpaid family workers, and may include some owners of incorporated businesses or members of partnerships.

⁵ Includes fatal injuries at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

NOTE: Data are preliminary. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. N.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State, New York City, District of Columbia, and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, September 21, 2012.

TABLE A-4. Fatal occupational injuries by primary and secondary source of injury for all fatal injuries and by major private industry¹ sector, Washington, 2011

Primary source and secondary source ²	Total Fatal Injuries (number)	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ³	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total	58	16	5	6	5	32	20	--	--	7	--	3	--
Primary Source⁴													
Containers, furniture, and fixtures	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Machinery	6	--	--	--	--	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction, logging, and mining machinery	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals	9	--	--	--	--	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Person--other than injured or ill worker	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Assailant, suspect, inmate	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Plants, trees, vegetation--not processed	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Trees, logs, limbs	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Structures and surfaces	7	3	--	--	--	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other structural elements	5	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vehicles	29	4	--	3	--	20	15	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aircraft	6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aircraft--powered rotary wing	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Helicopter	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Highway vehicles, motorized	20	--	--	--	--	17	15	--	--	--	--	--	--
Passenger vehicle--automobiles, buses, and passenger	7	--	--	--	--	6	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Automobile	4	--	--	--	--	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Trucks--motorized freight hauling and utility	12	--	--	--	--	10	9	--	--	--	--	--	--
Semi, tractor-trailer, tanker truck	9	--	--	--	--	9	9	--	--	--	--	--	--
Secondary Source⁵													
Machinery	4	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Material and personnel handling machinery	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Parts and materials	7	4	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Machine, tool, and electric parts	6	4	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Electric parts	6	4	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Power lines, transformers, convertors	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Structures and surfaces	4	--	--	--	--	4	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	3	--	--	--	--	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Tools, instruments, and equipment	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vehicles	16	--	--	--	--	11	9	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aircraft	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aircraft--powered rotary wing	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Helicopter	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Highway vehicles, motorized	9	--	--	--	--	8	6	--	--	--	--	--	--
Trucks--motorized freight hauling and utility	4	--	--	--	--	4	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Semi, tractor-trailer, tanker truck	3	--	--	--	--	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multi-purpose highway vehicles	3	--	--	--	--	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Industry data are based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2007.

² Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIHCS) 2.01 implemented for 2011 data forward.

³ Includes fatal injuries at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

⁴ The primary source of a fatal occupational injury is the object, substance, person, bodily motion, or exposure which most directly led to, produced, or inflicted the injury or illness.

⁵ The secondary source of a fatal occupational injury is the object, substance, person, or exposure, other than the source, if any, which most actively generated the source or contributed to the injury or illness.

NOTE: Data are preliminary. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. N.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State, New York City, District of Columbia, and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, September 21, 2012.

TABLE A-5. Fatal occupational injuries by occupation and event or exposure, Washington, 2011

Occupation ¹	Total Fatal Injuries (number)	Event or Exposure ²					
		Violence and other injuries by persons or animals ³	Transportation Incidents ⁴	Fires and explosions	Falls, Slips, Trips	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Contact with objects and equipment
Total	58	6	29	--	9	5	9
Building and Grounds Cleaning and Maintenance Occupations	5	--	--	--	3	--	--
Grounds Maintenance Workers	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Grounds Maintenance Workers	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Office and Administrative Support Occupations	3	--	3	--	--	--	--
Material Recording, Scheduling, Dispatching, and Distributing Workers	3	--	3	--	--	--	--
Farming, Fishing, and Forestry Occupations	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction and Extraction Occupations	9	--	3	--	--	--	--
Construction Trades Workers	8	--	3	--	--	--	--
Construction Laborers	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction Laborers	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	22	--	16	--	3	--	3
Motor Vehicle Operators	14	--	10	--	--	--	--
Driver/Sales Workers and Truck Drivers	11	--	8	--	--	--	--
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	10	--	7	--	--	--	--
Material Moving Workers	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Military specific occupations ⁵	4	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Occupation data are based on the Standard Occupational Classification System, 2010.

² Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) 2.01 implemented for 2011 data forward.

³ Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and attacks by animals.

⁴ Includes highway, nonhighway, air, water, rail fatal occupational injuries, and fatal occupational injuries resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

⁵ Includes fatal injuries to persons identified as resident armed forces regardless of individual occupation listed.

NOTE: Data are preliminary. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. N.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State, New York City, District of Columbia, and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, September 21, 2012.

TABLE A-6. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides by occupation, Washington, 2011

Occupation ¹	Total Fatal Injuries (number)	Transportation incidents ²				Homicides ²	
		Total	Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicle	Nonroadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	Pedestrian vehicular incidents	Total	Shooting by other person--intentional
Total	58	29	12	--	4	3	--
Building and Grounds Cleaning and Maintenance Occupations	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Grounds Maintenance Workers	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Grounds Maintenance Workers	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Office and Administrative Support Occupations	3	3	--	--	--	--	--
Material Recording, Scheduling, Dispatching, and Distributing Workers	3	3	--	--	--	--	--
Farming, Fishing, and Forestry Occupations	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction and Extraction Occupations	9	3	--	--	--	--	--
Construction Trades Workers	8	3	--	--	--	--	--
Construction Laborers	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction Laborers	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	22	16	8	--	--	--	--
Motor Vehicle Operators	14	10	7	--	--	--	--
Driver/Sales Workers and Truck Drivers	11	8	6	--	--	--	--
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	10	7	6	--	--	--	--
Material Moving Workers	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Military specific occupations ³	4	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Occupation data are based on the Standard Occupational Classification System, 2010.

² Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) 2.01 implemented for 2011 data forward.

³ Includes fatal injuries to persons identified as resident armed forces regardless of individual occupation listed.

NOTE: Data are preliminary. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. N.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State, New York City, District of Columbia, and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, September 21, 2012.

Table A-7. Fatal occupational injuries by worker characteristics and event or exposure, Washington, 2011

Worker characteristics	Total Fatal Injuries (number)	Event or Exposure ¹					
		Transportation Incidents ²	Violence and other injuries by persons or animals ³	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls, Slips, Trips	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Total	58	29	6	9	9	5	--
Employee Status							
Wage and Salary Workers ⁴	53	27	6	8	8	4	--
Self-employed ⁵	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Gender							
Women	6	--	--	--	--	--	--
Men	52	27	5	7	8	5	--
Age							
Under 16 years	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 17 years	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
18 to 19 years	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
20 to 24 years	4	3	--	--	--	--	--
25 to 34 years	12	7	--	--	--	--	--
35 to 44 years	10	7	--	--	--	--	--
45 to 54 years	13	4	3	--	--	--	--
55 to 64 years	14	7	--	3	4	--	--
65 years and over	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Race or Ethnic Origin⁶							
White (non-Hispanic)	46	24	6	7	6	3	--
Black or African-American (non-Hispanic)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Hispanic or Latino	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
American Indian or Alaskan Native (non-Hispanic)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Asian (non-Hispanic)	4	3	--	--	--	--	--
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander (non-Hispanic)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) 2.01 implemented for 2011 data forward.

² Includes highway, nonhighway, air, water, rail fatal occupational injuries, and fatal occupational injuries resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

³ Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and attacks by animals.

⁴ May include volunteers and other workers receiving compensation.

⁵ Includes self-employed workers, owners of unincorporated businesses and farms, paid and unpaid family workers, and may include some owners of incorporated businesses or members of partnerships.

⁶ Persons identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. The race categories shown exclude data for Hispanics and Latinos.

NOTE: Data are preliminary. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. N.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State, New York City, District of Columbia, and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, September 21, 2012.

TABLE A-8. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure and age, Washington, 2011

Event or exposure ¹	Total Fatal Injuries (number)	Age								
		Under 16 years	16-17 years	18-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years and over
Total	58	--	--	--	4	12	10	13	14	4
Violence and other injuries by persons or animals	6	--	--	--	--	--	--	3	--	--
Intentional injury by person	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Intentional injury by other person	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Transportation incidents	29	--	--	--	3	7	7	4	7	--
Aircraft incidents	6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other in-flight crash	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pedestrian vehicular incident	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicle	12	--	--	--	--	3	--	--	4	--
Roadway collision with other vehicle	7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3	--
Roadway collision--moving in same direction	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Roadway noncollision incident	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Falls, slips, trips	9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4	--
Falls to lower level	8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3	--
Other fall to lower level	6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3	--
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Exposure to electricity	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Indirect exposure to electricity	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Contact with objects and equipment	9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3	--
Struck by object or equipment	7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3	--
Struck by falling object or equipment--other than powered vehicle	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3	--

¹ Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) 2.01 implemented for 2011 data forward.

NOTE: Data are preliminary. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. N.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State, New York City, District of Columbia, and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, September 21, 2012.

TABLE A-9. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure for all fatal injuries and major private industry¹ sector, Washington, 2011

Event or exposure ²	Total Fatal Injuries (number)	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ³	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total	58	16	5	6	5	32	20	--	--	7	--	3	--
Violence and other injuries by persons or animals	6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Intentional injury by person	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Intentional injury by other person	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Transportation incidents	29	4	--	3	--	20	14	--	--	3	--	--	--
Aircraft incidents	6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other in-flight crash	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pedestrian vehicular incident	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicle	12	--	--	--	--	11	9	--	--	--	--	--	--
Roadway collision with other vehicle	7	--	--	--	--	6	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Roadway collision--moving in same direction	3	--	--	--	--	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Roadway noncollision incident	3	--	--	--	--	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Falls, slips, trips	9	3	--	--	--	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Falls to lower level	8	3	--	--	--	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other fall to lower level	6	--	--	--	--	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	5	4	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Exposure to electricity	4	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Indirect exposure to electricity	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Contact with objects and equipment	9	3	--	--	--	4	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Struck by object or equipment	7	--	--	--	--	4	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Struck by falling object or equipment--other than powered vehicle	5	--	--	--	--	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Industry data are based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2007.

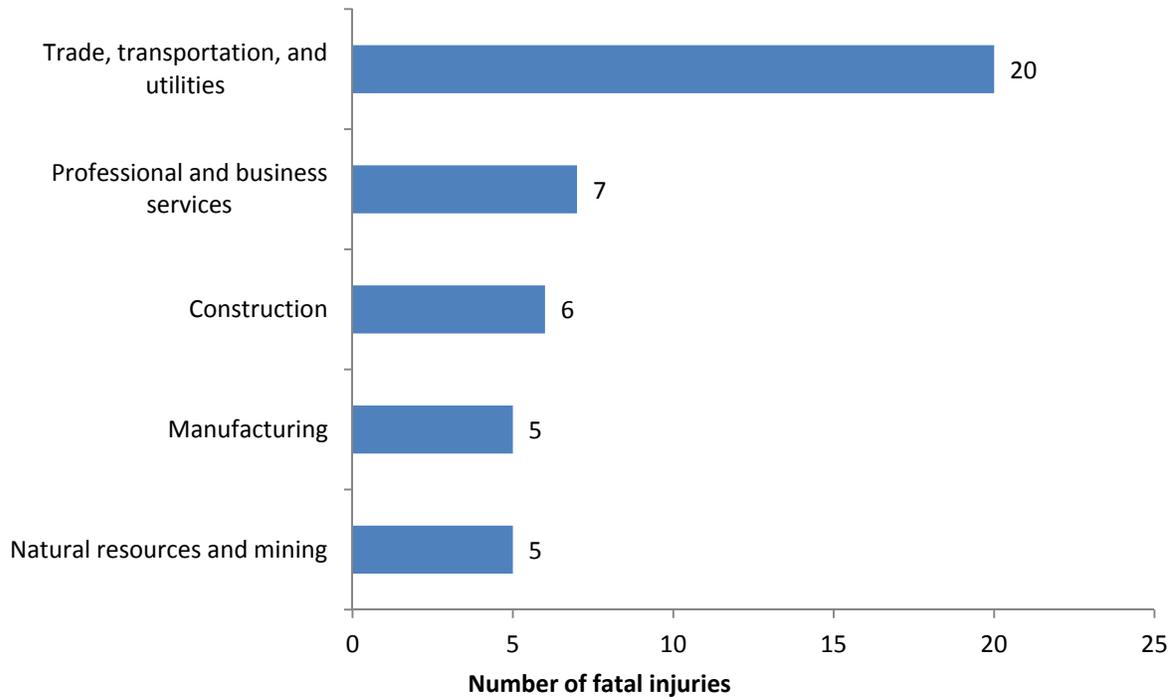
² Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) 2.01 implemented for 2011 data forward.

³ Includes fatal injuries at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

NOTE: Data are preliminary. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. N.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State, New York City, District of Columbia, and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, September 21, 2012.

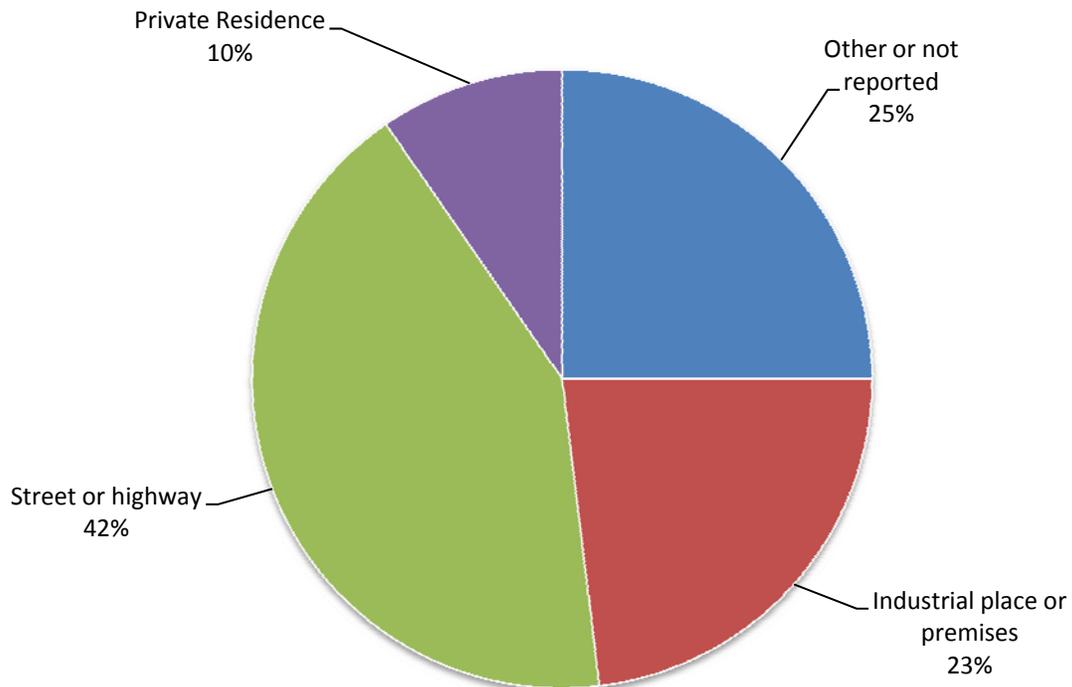
Fatal work injuries in selected industries, 2011*, Washington, all ownerships (58 total fatal injuries)



*Data for 2011 are preliminary

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

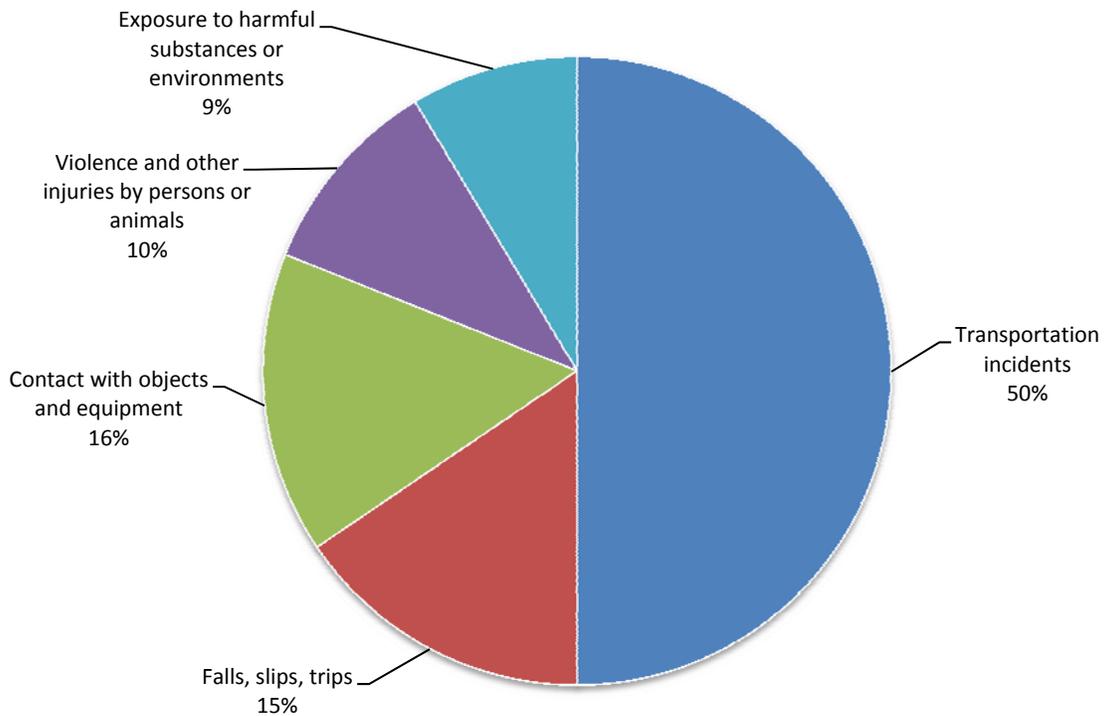
Fatal work injuries by location, Washington, 2011, all ownerships (58 total fatal injuries)



*Data for 2011 are preliminary

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

Workplace fatal injuries by event or exposure, Washington, 2011*, all ownerships (58 total fatal injuries)



*Data for 2011 are preliminary

NOTE: Event data for 2011 are not comparable to prior years due to the implementation of the revised Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) 2.01.

See http://www.bls.gov/iif/osh_notice11.htm. Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2012.