

Table 1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, Private industry, Washington, 2012

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	28,500	8,170	1,950	2,050	4,180	20,330	8,260	290	630	3,080	4,700	2,560	810	--
Gender:														
Male	18,030	6,900	1,440	1,990	3,470	11,140	5,670	180	400	1,720	1,220	1,350	600	--
Female	10,380	1,250	520	60	680	9,130	2,540	110	220	1,360	3,480	1,210	210	--
Age:														
14 to 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19	620	210	70	30	100	420	170	--	--	50	40	130	20	--
20 to 24	2,740	830	190	230	420	1,910	940	--	--	110	350	380	120	--
25 to 34	6,410	1,930	570	620	750	4,480	1,450	90	40	870	1,180	680	180	--
35 to 44	6,100	1,870	500	500	870	4,230	1,680	60	170	610	930	530	260	--
45 to 54	7,040	1,800	240	450	1,110	5,230	2,290	80	310	940	1,010	440	160	--
55 to 64	4,430	1,200	240	160	800	3,220	1,390	50	80	380	1,020	230	70	--
65 and over	600	180	110	--	60	420	210	--	--	50	110	30	--	--
Length of service with employer:														
Less than 3 months	3,810	1,510	750	330	430	2,300	830	--	--	620	280	350	200	--
3 to 11 months	4,620	1,330	370	350	600	3,290	1,390	20	50	490	690	520	130	--
1 to 5 years	9,680	2,420	420	750	1,250	7,270	2,370	80	350	1,210	2,070	1,040	140	--
More than 5 years	9,620	2,810	400	580	1,830	6,820	3,450	170	170	640	1,560	510	330	--
Race or ethnic origin ⁵ :														
White only	10,630	3,100	340	1,150	1,600	7,530	3,090	30	90	940	1,970	980	430	--
Black only	820	70	30	--	40	750	200	--	--	240	240	60	--	--
Hispanic or Latino only	3,510	1,980	1,130	320	540	1,530	410	--	70	430	220	350	50	--
Asian only	650	200	30	--	160	450	110	--	--	50	150	100	40	--
Race (Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander)	180	70	--	30	40	110	40	--	--	--	40	--	--	--
Race (American Indian or Alaska Native)	150	70	--	50	20	90	30	--	--	--	20	40	--	--
Hispanic or Latino and other race	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multi-race	250	--	--	--	--	240	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Not reported	12,300	2,660	430	470	1,770	9,630	4,370	260	460	1,190	2,060	1,020	280	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both "Multi-race" and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 10, 2013

Table 2. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, Private industry, Washington, 2012

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--
Gender:														
Male	63.3	84.5	73.8	97.1	83.0	54.8	68.6	62.1	63.5	55.8	26.0	52.7	74.1	--
Female	36.4	15.3	26.7	2.9	16.3	44.9	30.8	37.9	34.9	44.2	74.0	47.3	25.9	--
Age:														
14 to 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19	2.2	2.6	3.6	1.5	2.4	2.1	2.1	--	--	1.6	.9	5.1	2.5	--
20 to 24	9.6	10.2	9.7	11.2	10.0	9.4	11.4	--	--	3.6	7.4	14.8	14.8	--
25 to 34	22.5	23.6	29.2	30.2	17.9	22.0	17.6	31.0	6.3	28.2	25.1	26.6	22.2	--
35 to 44	21.4	22.9	25.6	24.4	20.8	20.8	20.3	20.7	27.0	19.8	19.8	20.7	32.1	--
45 to 54	24.7	22.0	12.3	22.0	26.6	25.7	27.7	27.6	49.2	30.5	21.5	17.2	19.8	--
55 to 64	15.5	14.7	12.3	7.8	19.1	15.8	16.8	17.2	12.7	12.3	21.7	9.0	8.6	--
65 and over	2.1	2.2	5.6	--	1.4	2.1	2.5	--	--	1.6	2.3	1.2	--	--
Length of service with employer:														
Less than 3 months	13.4	18.5	38.5	16.1	10.3	11.3	10.0	--	--	20.1	6.0	13.7	24.7	--
3 to 11 months	16.2	16.3	19.0	17.1	14.4	16.2	16.8	6.9	7.9	15.9	14.7	20.3	16.0	--
1 to 5 years	34.0	29.6	21.5	36.6	29.9	35.8	28.7	27.6	55.6	39.3	44.0	40.6	17.3	--
More than 5 years	33.8	34.4	20.5	28.3	43.8	33.5	41.8	58.6	27.0	20.8	33.2	19.9	40.7	--
Race or ethnic origin ⁵ :														
White only	37.3	37.9	17.4	56.1	38.3	37.0	37.4	10.3	14.3	30.5	41.9	38.3	53.1	--
Black only	2.9	.9	1.5	--	1.0	3.7	2.4	--	--	7.8	5.1	2.3	--	--
Hispanic or Latino only	12.3	24.2	57.9	15.6	12.9	7.5	5.0	--	11.1	14.0	4.7	13.7	6.2	--
Asian only	2.3	2.4	1.5	--	3.8	2.2	1.3	--	--	1.6	3.2	3.9	4.9	--
Race (Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander)	.6	.9	--	1.5	1.0	.5	.5	--	--	--	.9	--	--	--
Race (American Indian or Alaska Native)	.5	.9	--	2.4	.5	.4	.4	--	--	--	.4	1.6	--	--
Hispanic or Latino and other race	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multi-race	.9	--	--	--	--	1.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Not reported	43.2	32.6	22.1	22.9	42.3	47.4	52.9	89.7	73.0	38.6	43.8	39.8	34.6	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both "Multi-race" and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies, December 10, 2013. December 10, 2013

Table 3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by major occupational group and major industry sector, Private industry, Washington, 2012

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
All occupations	28,500	8,170	1,950	2,050	4,180	20,330	8,260	290	630	3,080	4,700	2,560	810	--
Management occupations	490	100	40	--	50	390	40	20	60	40	120	90	20	--
Business and financial operations occupations	110	20	--	--	--	80	40	--	--	--	20	--	--	--
Computer and mathematical occupations	110	--	--	--	--	110	20	50	--	--	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations	60	40	--	--	40	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations	50	40	20	--	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social service occupations	130	--	--	--	--	130	--	--	--	--	130	--	--	--
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations	70	--	--	--	--	70	--	--	--	--	60	--	--	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	200	--	--	--	--	200	20	70	--	--	--	90	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	1,360	--	--	--	--	1,360	--	--	--	150	1,210	--	--	--
Healthcare support occupations	1,460	--	--	--	--	1,460	30	--	--	--	1,420	--	--	--
Protective service occupations	200	20	--	20	--	180	40	--	--	90	--	40	--	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations	2,180	--	--	--	--	2,180	440	--	--	--	190	1,550	--	--
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	2,900	80	60	--	20	2,830	50	--	30	1,780	510	410	40	--
Personal care and service occupations	960	--	--	--	--	960	70	--	--	320	420	100	50	--
Sales and related occupations	1,690	30	--	--	30	1,660	1,480	20	70	30	20	20	--	--
Office and administrative support occupations	1,700	180	--	--	170	1,520	1,010	40	80	100	240	50	--	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	1,690	1,640	1,620	--	20	60	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	--
Construction and extraction occupations	2,160	1,810	--	1,700	100	350	220	--	--	80	40	--	--	--
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	2,200	560	50	160	350	1,640	690	70	320	50	130	130	250	--
Production occupations	3,670	2,860	20	40	2,800	810	470	--	--	50	20	50	210	--
Transportation and material moving occupations	5,090	780	130	90	560	4,310	3,640	--	30	280	150	20	170	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

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⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 10, 2013

Table 4. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker occupations and major industry sector, Private industry, Washington, 2012

Occupation	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	28,500	8,170	1,950	2,050	4,180	20,330	8,260	290	630	3,080	4,700	2,560	810	--
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	1,720	200	60	70	60	1,530	1,360	--	--	100	70	--	--	--
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	1,350	140	--	--	140	1,210	1,080	--	--	100	30	--	--	--
Farmworkers and laborers, crop, nursery, and greenhouse	1,300	1,250	1,250	--	--	50	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	--
Nursing assistants	1,020	--	--	--	--	1,020	--	--	--	--	1,010	--	--	--
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	910	--	--	--	--	900	40	--	20	690	70	60	30	--
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	810	--	--	--	--	810	--	--	--	670	110	--	--	--
Maintenance and repair workers, general	810	100	--	--	90	710	140	--	310	30	100	110	--	--
Stock clerks and order fillers	700	50	--	--	50	650	580	--	--	--	50	--	--	--
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	670	--	--	--	--	670	--	--	--	70	300	290	--	--
Retail salespersons	640	--	--	--	--	640	620	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Registered nurses	580	--	--	--	--	580	--	--	--	--	580	--	--	--
Construction laborers	510	490	--	470	--	20	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Light truck or delivery services drivers	500	60	--	--	50	430	390	--	--	--	30	--	--	--
Aircraft structure, surfaces, rigging, and systems assemblers	480	480	--	--	480	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Food preparation workers	470	--	--	--	--	470	330	--	--	--	20	120	--	--
Cooks, restaurant	450	--	--	--	--	450	--	--	--	--	--	450	--	--
Cashiers	400	--	--	--	--	400	370	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Carpenters	400	300	--	270	30	100	--	--	--	70	20	--	--	--
Nonfarm animal caretakers	350	--	--	--	--	350	30	--	--	310	--	--	--	--
Personal care aides	350	--	--	--	--	350	--	--	--	--	340	--	--	--
First-line supervisors of retail sales workers	310	--	--	--	--	310	300	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Tree trimmers and pruners	270	60	60	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Bartenders	260	--	--	--	--	260	--	--	--	--	--	260	--	--
Waiters and waitresses	220	--	--	--	--	220	--	--	--	--	--	220	--	--
Industrial truck and tractor operators	220	70	20	--	50	150	140	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers	220	140	--	30	110	80	40	--	--	--	--	--	40	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007

include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor.

Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

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SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 10, 2013

Table 5. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, Private industry, Washington, 2012

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	28,500	8,170	1,950	2,050	4,180	20,330	8,260	290	630	3,080	4,700	2,560	810	--
Nature of injury, illness:														
Fractures	1,620	620	170	130	320	1,000	420	--	20	130	250	140	40	--
Sprains, strains, tears	11,340	2,700	560	670	1,480	8,640	3,750	130	320	970	2,470	760	240	--
Amputations	70	50	--	--	30	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Bruise, contusions	1,820	600	220	50	320	1,220	680	30	80	90	220	90	30	--
Chemical burns and corrosions	110	30	--	--	20	80	20	--	--	30	--	30	--	--
Heat (thermal) burns	450	120	--	30	80	330	80	--	--	--	40	190	--	--
Soreness, pain	4,690	1,120	310	350	450	3,570	1,350	20	90	710	740	450	200	--
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	2,580	1,180	230	340	610	1,400	450	--	--	430	100	300	100	--
Cuts, lacerations	1,840	990	180	310	490	850	400	--	--	40	70	250	70	--
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	740	190	50	30	120	550	50	--	--	390	20	50	30	--
Carpal tunnel syndrome	320	100	--	--	90	220	70	--	--	30	60	--	40	--
Tendonitis	120	40	--	--	30	70	40	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multiple traumatic injuries	790	140	80	20	40	650	290	--	--	30	250	50	--	--
With sprains and other injuries	510	110	70	--	30	410	90	--	--	--	230	50	--	--
With fractures and other injuries	30	--	--	--	--	20	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Part of body affected:														
Head	2,480	740	180	140	420	1,740	530	40	30	610	290	120	120	--
Eye	1,000	430	110	80	240	570	100	--	--	250	70	50	90	--
Neck	450	90	20	--	70	360	130	--	--	30	110	90	--	--
Trunk	8,670	2,190	470	590	1,120	6,480	2,340	40	250	1,350	1,540	660	300	--
Back	6,870	1,530	330	390	810	5,350	1,860	30	250	1,220	1,320	420	250	--
Upper extremities	8,180	2,730	520	800	1,410	5,450	2,300	90	120	620	1,180	920	220	--
Shoulder	2,200	580	110	170	300	1,620	760	40	70	130	390	180	50	--
Arm	1,160	420	80	130	210	730	380	20	--	70	190	60	--	--
Wrist	1,210	320	70	60	190	890	290	--	--	110	250	120	90	--
Hand	3,240	1,350	240	440	670	1,900	770	20	20	280	240	510	60	--
Lower extremities	5,420	1,610	550	320	740	3,810	1,960	90	100	270	810	470	100	--
Knee	2,280	640	150	170	320	1,640	910	50	30	100	350	180	30	--
Ankle	1,220	400	220	70	120	820	290	--	30	110	220	150	--	--
Foot	1,050	300	90	--	200	750	440	--	--	--	120	120	40	--
Toe, toenail	260	120	30	--	80	130	80	--	--	--	20	--	--	--
Body systems	330	50	--	20	30	280	170	--	--	--	50	--	--	--
Multiple	2,860	700	210	130	360	2,160	820	30	100	170	720	260	50	--
Source of injury, illness:														
Chemical, chemical products	300	120	30	--	70	180	30	--	--	30	70	40	--	--
Containers	3,800	720	170	180	380	3,080	1,850	--	60	390	360	350	60	--
Furniture, fixtures	1,390	190	--	60	120	1,200	390	20	270	50	260	180	30	--
Machinery	1,620	890	80	290	530	730	320	--	20	60	110	170	40	--
Parts and materials	2,240	1,150	140	360	660	1,080	760	--	--	60	20	20	190	--
Person, injured or ill worker	5,030	1,330	240	230	860	3,700	1,460	80	100	770	760	350	180	--
Worker motion or position	4,850	1,310	240	220	850	3,540	1,320	80	100	770	760	350	180	--
Person, other than injured or ill workers	1,640	--	--	--	--	1,640	80	--	--	30	1,500	30	--	--
Health care patient	1,030	--	--	--	--	1,030	--	--	--	--	1,010	--	--	--
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	3,540	820	260	130	440	2,720	1,030	20	70	280	850	420	60	--
Ladder	710	510	310	140	50	200	130	--	--	--	--	20	--	--
Handtools	1,780	910	200	290	420	870	250	--	--	270	100	200	50	--
Vehicles	2,340	440	180	60	200	1,900	1,310	70	40	200	170	50	60	--
Trucks	910	120	60	20	40	800	630	30	--	110	--	--	--	--

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Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	310	30	--	--	20	280	150	--	--	--	60	30	30	--
Event or exposure:														
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	920	60	60	--	--	850	70	--	--	430	330	20	--	--
Intentional injury by other person	200	--	--	--	--	200	20	--	--	--	160	--	--	--
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	190	--	--	--	--	190	20	--	--	--	150	--	--	--
Animal and insect related incidents	530	60	60	--	--	470	20	--	--	410	20	--	--	--
Transportation incidents	1,050	190	100	20	60	860	600	30	40	100	70	--	--	--
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	650	90	30	20	40	560	350	30	30	80	60	--	--	--
Fires and explosions	50	20	--	--	20	20	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Falls, slips, trips	6,340	1,970	810	440	720	4,370	1,710	90	200	490	1,210	570	120	--
Slips, trips without fall	1,330	380	180	120	80	950	360	20	50	150	230	100	40	--
Fall on same level	3,340	810	260	130	420	2,520	770	30	140	270	920	380	30	--
Fall to lower level	1,540	760	360	180	220	780	500	40	--	70	40	70	50	--
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	1,230	280	50	60	170	940	260	--	--	260	160	230	--	--
Contact with object, equipment	6,300	2,660	580	750	1,330	3,640	1,750	50	60	280	420	790	300	--
Struck by object or equipment	3,340	1,280	350	340	590	2,050	970	--	30	120	210	550	160	--
Struck against object or equipment	1,490	540	120	110	310	960	510	40	20	80	110	160	30	--
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	850	540	30	230	270	310	170	--	--	30	40	60	--	--
Overexertion and bodily reaction	12,470	2,940	350	760	1,840	9,530	3,840	100	320	1,460	2,520	930	360	--
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	1,140	400	30	--	360	730	340	--	20	80	210	30	50	--
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	3,000	760	70	370	320	2,230	1,110	20	30	350	450	150	130	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 10, 2013

Table 6. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, Private industry, Washington, 2012

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--
Nature of injury, illness:														
Fractures	5.7	7.6	8.7	6.3	7.7	4.9	5.1	--	3.2	4.2	5.3	5.5	4.9	--
Sprains, strains, tears	39.8	33.0	28.7	32.7	35.4	42.5	45.4	44.8	50.8	31.5	52.6	29.7	29.6	--
Amputations	.2	.6	--	--	.7	.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Bruise, contusions	6.4	7.3	11.3	2.4	7.7	6.0	8.2	10.3	12.7	2.9	4.7	3.5	3.7	--
Chemical burns and corrosions	.4	.4	--	--	.5	.4	.2	--	--	1.0	--	1.2	--	--
Heat (thermal) burns	1.6	1.5	--	1.5	1.9	1.6	1.0	--	--	--	.9	7.4	--	--
Soreness, pain	16.5	13.7	15.9	17.1	10.8	17.6	16.3	6.9	14.3	23.1	15.7	17.6	24.7	--
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	9.1	14.4	11.8	16.6	14.6	6.9	5.4	--	--	14.0	2.1	11.7	12.3	--
Cuts, lacerations	6.5	12.1	9.2	15.1	11.7	4.2	4.8	--	--	1.3	1.5	9.8	8.6	--
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	2.6	2.3	2.6	1.5	2.9	2.7	.6	--	--	12.7	.4	2.0	3.7	--
Carpal tunnel syndrome	1.1	1.2	--	--	2.2	1.1	.8	--	--	1.0	1.3	--	4.9	--
Tendonitis	.4	.5	--	--	.7	.3	.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multiple traumatic injuries	2.8	1.7	4.1	1.0	1.0	3.2	3.5	--	--	1.0	5.3	2.0	--	--
With sprains and other injuries	1.8	1.3	3.6	--	.7	2.0	1.1	--	--	--	4.9	2.0	--	--
With fractures and other injuries	.1	--	--	--	--	.1	.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Part of body affected:														
Head	8.7	9.1	9.2	6.8	10.0	8.6	6.4	13.8	4.8	19.8	6.2	4.7	14.8	--
Eye	3.5	5.3	5.6	3.9	5.7	2.8	1.2	--	--	8.1	1.5	2.0	11.1	--
Neck	1.6	1.1	1.0	--	1.7	1.8	1.6	--	--	1.0	2.3	3.5	--	--
Trunk	30.4	26.8	24.1	28.8	26.8	31.9	28.3	13.8	39.7	43.8	32.8	25.8	37.0	--
Back	24.1	18.7	16.9	19.0	19.4	26.3	22.5	10.3	39.7	39.6	28.1	16.4	30.9	--
Upper extremities	28.7	33.4	26.7	39.0	33.7	26.8	27.8	31.0	19.0	20.1	25.1	35.9	27.2	--
Shoulder	7.7	7.1	5.6	8.3	7.2	8.0	9.2	13.8	11.1	4.2	8.3	7.0	6.2	--
Arm	4.1	5.1	4.1	6.3	5.0	3.6	4.6	6.9	--	2.3	4.0	2.3	--	--
Wrist	4.2	3.9	3.6	2.9	4.5	4.4	3.5	--	--	3.6	5.3	4.7	11.1	--
Hand	11.4	16.5	12.3	21.5	16.0	9.3	9.3	6.9	3.2	9.1	5.1	19.9	7.4	--
Lower extremities	19.0	19.7	28.2	15.6	17.7	18.7	23.7	31.0	15.9	8.8	17.2	18.4	12.3	--
Knee	8.0	7.8	7.7	8.3	7.7	8.1	11.0	17.2	4.8	3.2	7.4	7.0	3.7	--
Ankle	4.3	4.9	11.3	3.4	2.9	4.0	3.5	--	4.8	3.6	4.7	5.9	--	--
Foot	3.7	3.7	4.6	--	4.8	3.7	5.3	--	--	--	2.6	4.7	4.9	--
Toe, toenail	.9	1.5	1.5	--	1.9	.6	1.0	--	--	--	.4	--	--	--
Body systems	1.2	.6	--	1.0	.7	1.4	2.1	--	--	--	1.1	--	--	--
Multiple	10.0	8.6	10.8	6.3	8.6	10.6	9.9	10.3	15.9	5.5	15.3	10.2	6.2	--
Source of injury, illness:														
Chemical, chemical products	1.1	1.5	1.5	--	1.7	.9	.4	--	--	1.0	1.5	1.6	--	--
Containers	13.3	8.8	8.7	8.8	9.1	15.2	22.4	--	9.5	12.7	7.7	13.7	7.4	--
Furniture, fixtures	4.9	2.3	--	2.9	2.9	5.9	4.7	6.9	42.9	1.6	5.5	7.0	3.7	--
Machinery	5.7	10.9	4.1	14.1	12.7	3.6	3.9	--	3.2	1.9	2.3	6.6	4.9	--
Parts and materials	7.9	14.1	7.2	17.6	15.8	5.3	9.2	--	--	1.9	.4	.8	23.5	--
Person, injured or ill worker	17.6	16.3	12.3	11.2	20.6	18.2	17.7	27.6	15.9	25.0	16.2	13.7	22.2	--
Worker motion or position	17.0	16.0	12.3	10.7	20.3	17.4	16.0	27.6	15.9	25.0	16.2	13.7	22.2	--
Person, other than injured or ill workers	5.8	--	--	--	--	8.1	1.0	--	--	1.0	31.9	1.2	--	--
Health care patient	3.6	--	--	--	--	5.1	--	--	--	--	21.5	--	--	--
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	12.4	10.0	13.3	6.3	10.5	13.4	12.5	6.9	11.1	9.1	18.1	16.4	7.4	--
Ladder	2.5	6.2	15.9	6.8	1.2	1.0	1.6	--	--	--	--	.8	--	--
Handtools	6.2	11.1	10.3	14.1	10.0	4.3	3.0	--	--	8.8	2.1	7.8	6.2	--
Vehicles	8.2	5.4	9.2	2.9	4.8	9.3	15.9	24.1	6.3	6.5	3.6	2.0	7.4	--
Trucks	3.2	1.5	3.1	1.0	1.0	3.9	7.6	10.3	--	3.6	--	--	--	--

Table 6. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, Private industry, Washington, 2012

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	1.1	.4	--	--	.5	1.4	1.8	--	--	--	1.3	1.2	3.7	--
Event or exposure:														
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	3.2	.7	3.1	--	--	4.2	.8	--	--	14.0	7.0	.8	--	--
Intentional injury by other person	.7	--	--	--	--	1.0	.2	--	--	--	3.4	--	--	--
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	.7	--	--	--	--	.9	.2	--	--	--	3.2	--	--	--
Animal and insect related incidents	1.9	.7	3.1	--	--	2.3	.2	--	--	13.3	.4	--	--	--
Transportation incidents	3.7	2.3	5.1	1.0	1.4	4.2	7.3	10.3	6.3	3.2	1.5	--	--	--
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	2.3	1.1	1.5	1.0	1.0	2.8	4.2	10.3	4.8	2.6	1.3	--	--	--
Fires and explosions	.2	.2	--	--	.5	.1	.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Falls, slips, trips	22.2	24.1	41.5	21.5	17.2	21.5	20.7	31.0	31.7	15.9	25.7	22.3	14.8	--
Slips, trips without fall	4.7	4.7	9.2	5.9	1.9	4.7	4.4	6.9	7.9	4.9	4.9	3.9	4.9	--
Fall on same level	11.7	9.9	13.3	6.3	10.0	12.4	9.3	10.3	22.2	8.8	19.6	14.8	3.7	--
Fall to lower level	5.4	9.3	18.5	8.8	5.3	3.8	6.1	13.8	--	2.3	.9	2.7	6.2	--
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	4.3	3.4	2.6	2.9	4.1	4.6	3.1	--	--	8.4	3.4	9.0	--	--
Contact with object, equipment	22.1	32.6	29.7	36.6	31.8	17.9	21.2	17.2	9.5	9.1	8.9	30.9	37.0	--
Struck by object or equipment	11.7	15.7	17.9	16.6	14.1	10.1	11.7	--	4.8	3.9	4.5	21.5	19.8	--
Struck against object or equipment	5.2	6.6	6.2	5.4	7.4	4.7	6.2	13.8	3.2	2.6	2.3	6.3	3.7	--
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	3.0	6.6	1.5	11.2	6.5	1.5	2.1	--	--	1.0	.9	2.3	--	--
Overexertion and bodily reaction	43.8	36.0	17.9	37.1	44.0	46.9	46.5	34.5	50.8	47.4	53.6	36.3	44.4	--
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	4.0	4.9	1.5	--	8.6	3.6	4.1	--	3.2	2.6	4.5	1.2	6.2	--
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	10.5	9.3	3.6	18.0	7.7	11.0	13.4	6.9	4.8	11.4	9.6	5.9	16.0	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 10, 2013

Table 7. Incidence rates¹ nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ per 10,000 full-time workers for selected characteristics and major industry sector, Private industry, Washington, 2012

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	152.8	185.2	281.9	193.2	156.9	142.7	192.3	31.1	54.3	106.3	175.4	148.0	142.9	--
Nature of injury, illness:														
Fractures	8.7	13.9	24.3	12.5	11.8	7.0	9.9	--	1.6	4.5	9.3	7.9	6.4	--
Sprains, strains, tears	60.8	61.3	80.4	63.0	55.6	60.7	87.2	14.6	27.9	33.3	92.1	43.9	42.8	--
Amputations	.4	1.0	--	--	1.1	.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Bruise, contusions	9.7	13.5	32.4	4.3	12.2	8.6	15.9	3.0	6.9	3.1	8.2	5.3	6.0	--
Chemical burns and corrosions	.6	.7	--	--	.8	.6	.4	--	--	.9	--	1.9	--	--
Heat (thermal) burns	2.4	2.7	--	2.8	3.2	2.3	2.0	--	--	--	1.6	11.1	--	--
Soreness, pain	25.1	25.3	45.3	33.3	16.9	25.1	31.5	2.1	7.8	24.6	27.5	26.3	35.5	--
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	13.8	26.8	33.5	32.3	22.9	9.8	10.5	--	--	14.8	3.6	17.4	17.4	--
Cuts, lacerations	9.9	22.4	26.3	29.7	18.5	6.0	9.3	--	--	1.5	2.8	14.4	12.6	--
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	4.0	4.4	7.1	2.5	4.4	3.8	1.2	--	--	13.3	.9	3.1	4.8	--
Carpal tunnel syndrome	1.7	2.3	--	--	3.4	1.6	1.6	--	--	1.0	2.2	--	6.6	--
Tendonitis	.6	1.0	--	--	1.0	.5	.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multiple traumatic injuries	4.2	3.1	11.2	1.6	1.6	4.6	6.7	--	--	1.0	9.3	3.0	--	--
With sprains and other injuries	2.8	2.4	10.8	--	1.0	2.9	2.1	--	--	--	8.6	2.8	--	--
With fractures and other injuries	.1	--	--	--	--	.2	.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Part of body affected:														
Head	13.3	16.7	26.0	13.5	15.6	12.2	12.3	3.9	3.0	21.1	11.0	6.9	21.0	--
Eye	5.4	9.7	15.9	7.5	9.0	4.0	2.4	--	--	8.7	2.6	2.8	16.1	--
Neck	2.4	2.1	2.3	--	2.8	2.5	2.9	--	--	1.2	4.0	5.4	--	--
Trunk	46.5	49.5	67.5	56.1	42.2	45.5	54.4	3.9	22.1	46.6	57.4	38.3	52.3	--
Back	36.8	34.6	47.1	36.7	30.5	37.5	43.3	3.3	21.6	42.0	49.3	24.1	44.9	--
Upper extremities	43.9	61.9	74.8	75.8	53.0	38.3	53.5	9.8	10.6	21.2	44.1	53.3	39.4	--
Shoulder	11.8	13.1	16.3	15.7	11.2	11.4	17.7	4.5	6.5	4.5	14.5	10.3	8.9	--
Arm	6.2	9.6	11.5	12.4	8.0	5.2	8.8	2.0	--	2.4	7.2	3.2	--	--
Wrist	6.5	7.3	9.8	5.9	7.2	6.2	6.7	--	--	3.9	9.5	6.7	16.0	--
Hand	17.4	30.5	34.5	41.2	25.2	13.3	17.9	2.2	1.6	9.8	9.0	29.4	10.4	--
Lower extremities	29.1	36.5	79.2	30.5	27.8	26.7	45.7	9.8	8.9	9.3	30.2	27.0	18.3	--
Knee	12.2	14.5	21.7	16.1	12.0	11.5	21.2	5.2	2.2	3.5	13.0	10.7	4.4	--
Ankle	6.5	9.1	31.4	6.7	4.3	5.7	6.9	--	2.9	3.7	8.3	8.6	--	--
Foot	5.7	6.9	12.8	--	7.5	5.3	10.2	--	--	--	4.4	6.8	6.4	--
Toe, toenail	1.4	2.8	4.4	--	3.1	.9	1.9	--	--	--	.6	--	--	--
Body systems	1.8	1.2	--	1.5	1.0	1.9	4.0	--	--	--	1.8	--	--	--
Multiple	15.4	15.9	30.1	12.6	13.5	15.2	19.2	3.8	8.7	5.9	26.8	15.0	9.4	--
Source of injury, illness:														
Chemical, chemical products	1.6	2.6	4.8	--	2.7	1.3	.7	--	--	1.0	2.6	2.2	--	--
Containers	20.4	16.4	24.3	16.6	14.3	21.6	43.1	--	5.1	13.5	13.4	20.0	10.6	--
Furniture, fixtures	7.5	4.3	--	5.3	4.6	8.4	9.1	2.3	23.8	1.7	9.7	10.2	5.0	--
Machinery	8.7	20.2	11.4	26.9	19.9	5.1	7.4	--	1.8	2.1	4.1	9.9	7.2	--
Parts and materials	12.0	26.1	19.6	33.6	24.8	7.6	17.8	--	--	2.2	.7	1.0	34.3	--
Person, injured or ill worker	27.0	30.2	35.1	22.1	32.2	25.9	34.0	8.6	8.3	26.5	28.4	20.5	31.1	--
Worker motion or position	26.0	29.8	35.1	20.5	32.1	24.9	30.7	8.6	8.3	26.5	28.2	20.1	31.1	--
Person, other than injured or ill workers	8.8	--	--	--	--	11.5	1.8	--	--	1.0	56.0	1.5	--	--
Health care patient	5.5	--	--	--	--	7.2	--	--	--	--	37.6	--	--	--
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	19.0	18.7	37.0	12.4	16.4	19.1	23.9	1.9	5.8	9.5	31.6	24.5	10.4	--
Ladder	3.8	11.5	45.3	13.4	1.9	1.4	2.9	--	--	--	--	1.2	--	--
Handtools	9.5	20.6	28.2	27.7	15.7	6.1	5.8	--	--	9.2	3.7	11.8	8.5	--
Vehicles	12.5	10.0	25.8	5.6	7.6	13.4	30.6	7.3	3.2	6.9	6.4	2.8	11.2	--
Trucks	4.9	2.7	9.3	1.7	1.4	5.6	14.7	3.1	--	3.7	--	--	--	--

Table 7. Incidence rates¹ nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ per 10,000 full-time workers for selected characteristics and major industry sector, Private industry, Washington, 2012

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	1.7	.6	--	--	.8	2.0	3.5	--	--	--	2.2	1.9	5.9	--
Event or exposure:														
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	4.9	1.5	9.3	--	--	6.0	1.6	--	--	14.9	12.2	1.0	--	--
Intentional injury by other person	1.1	--	--	--	--	1.4	.4	--	--	--	5.8	--	--	--
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	1.0	--	--	--	--	1.3	.5	--	--	--	5.5	--	--	--
Animal and insect related incidents	2.8	1.5	9.3	--	--	3.3	.5	--	--	14.2	.8	--	--	--
Transportation incidents	5.6	4.2	15.1	1.8	2.4	6.0	14.0	3.3	3.2	3.6	2.4	--	--	--
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	3.5	2.1	4.9	1.7	1.6	3.9	8.1	3.3	2.4	2.7	2.1	--	--	--
Fires and explosions	.3	.6	--	--	.7	.2	.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Falls, slips, trips	34.0	44.6	116.3	41.7	27.1	30.7	39.7	9.6	17.1	16.9	45.0	32.8	20.9	--
Slips, trips without fall	7.1	8.6	25.3	11.6	3.1	6.6	8.4	2.6	4.0	5.2	8.6	5.6	6.6	--
Fall on same level	17.9	18.4	38.1	12.6	15.6	17.7	17.9	2.9	11.8	9.2	34.2	21.8	5.2	--
Fall to lower level	8.2	17.2	51.9	16.8	8.3	5.5	11.7	4.1	--	2.4	1.5	3.8	8.5	--
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	6.6	6.5	7.2	5.7	6.5	6.6	6.0	--	--	8.8	5.8	13.4	--	--
Contact with object, equipment	33.8	60.3	83.8	70.6	50.1	25.6	40.7	5.6	5.3	9.6	15.5	45.5	53.1	--
Struck by object or equipment	17.9	29.1	50.6	32.2	22.3	14.4	22.5	--	2.9	4.2	7.7	31.9	28.6	--
Struck against object or equipment	8.0	12.2	17.7	10.3	11.5	6.7	12.0	4.6	2.1	2.8	3.9	9.2	5.4	--
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	4.6	12.3	4.8	22.2	10.3	2.2	3.9	--	--	1.1	1.5	3.4	--	--
Overexertion and bodily reaction	66.8	66.7	50.0	71.7	69.0	66.9	89.4	10.5	27.5	50.4	94.0	54.0	62.9	--
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	6.1	9.1	4.5	--	13.6	5.2	7.8	--	1.6	2.7	7.8	2.0	8.8	--
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	16.1	17.3	10.5	34.7	12.2	15.7	25.9	1.8	2.2	11.9	16.8	8.7	22.7	--

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 10, 2013

Table 8. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and number of days away from work, Private industry, Washington, 2012

Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	14.9	9.7	19.8	13.1	11.6	5.6	25.3	8
Gender:									
Male	100.0	15.0	9.4	20.7	13.4	12.0	6.2	23.2	7
Female	100.0	14.5	10.3	18.3	12.6	11.0	4.5	28.8	8
Age:									
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	100.0	14.5	17.7	17.7	19.4	11.3	--	16.1	5
20 - 24	100.0	23.0	13.9	25.5	12.8	11.3	3.3	10.2	4
25 - 34	100.0	19.7	9.7	21.1	9.5	14.2	5.8	20.1	5
35 - 44	100.0	14.9	9.8	18.9	12.6	10.3	5.9	27.5	8
45 - 54	100.0	11.9	9.2	19.6	17.3	10.8	4.7	26.3	9
55 - 64	100.0	7.4	6.5	16.7	11.7	12.0	7.4	38.1	16
65 and over	100.0	13.3	3.3	20.0	16.7	5.0	15.0	26.7	9
Length of service with employer:									
Less than 3 months	100.0	21.5	9.4	22.6	11.8	8.9	5.5	20.2	5
3 - 11 months	100.0	15.6	11.5	21.6	18.0	10.0	4.1	19.3	6
1 - 5 years	100.0	15.7	10.6	17.1	13.8	13.1	5.5	24.2	8
5 years or more	100.0	10.7	7.8	20.4	10.9	12.4	6.5	31.3	11
Race or ethnic origin ² :									
White	100.0	17.8	9.6	19.0	13.5	13.4	5.3	21.5	7
Hispanic or Latino	100.0	17.7	12.5	20.8	12.3	8.3	4.6	23.9	5
Black or African American	100.0	7.3	12.2	18.3	7.3	9.8	2.4	43.9	18
Asian	100.0	12.3	15.4	13.8	16.9	9.2	7.7	24.6	6
American Indian or Alaska Native	100.0	--	13.3	40.0	13.3	--	--	26.7	4
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	100.0	11.1	33.3	11.1	16.7	16.7	--	11.1	4
Multi-race	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	88.0	102
Hispanic and other	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both Multi-race and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 10, 2013

Table 9. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by major occupational group and number of days away from work, Private industry, Washington, 2012

Occupation	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
All occupations	100.0	14.9	9.7	19.8	13.1	11.6	5.6	25.3	8
Management occupations	100.0	22.4	22.4	18.4	16.3	4.1	--	14.3	3
Business and financial operations occupations	100.0	18.2	--	27.3	27.3	--	--	--	5
Computer and mathematical occupations	100.0	--	18.2	--	18.2	--	18.2	27.3	13
Architecture and engineering occupations	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	50.0	--	28
Life, physical, and social science occupations	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	30
Community and social service occupations	100.0	15.4	--	15.4	15.4	30.8	--	23.1	11
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations	100.0	28.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	7
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	100.0	40.0	20.0	--	--	20.0	--	10.0	2
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	100.0	11.0	11.0	17.6	13.2	12.5	8.8	25.7	9
Healthcare support occupations	100.0	5.5	8.2	17.1	11.6	12.3	5.5	40.4	16
Protective service occupations	100.0	15.0	--	15.0	20.0	10.0	--	30.0	10
Food preparation and serving related occupations	100.0	17.4	10.6	16.1	14.2	23.4	4.6	14.2	7
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	100.0	17.2	9.7	11.7	13.8	9.0	3.4	35.5	10
Personal care and service occupations	100.0	31.3	13.5	19.8	15.6	6.3	--	11.5	3
Sales and related occupations	100.0	15.4	11.8	21.9	8.9	8.9	3.6	30.2	6
Office and administrative support occupations	100.0	14.1	10.6	21.8	11.8	12.9	7.1	22.4	7
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	100.0	17.8	11.8	29.0	12.4	7.7	4.1	17.2	4
Construction and extraction occupations	100.0	17.1	6.5	23.1	12.5	7.9	3.2	29.2	7
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	100.0	14.5	10.5	25.5	9.1	10.5	9.1	20.9	5
Production occupations	100.0	15.8	9.0	21.8	10.9	13.1	6.5	22.9	7
Transportation and material moving occupations	100.0	8.6	7.9	19.1	17.7	12.2	6.1	28.7	10

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 10, 2013

Table 10. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected occupations and number of days away from work, Private industry, Washington, 2012

Occupation	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	14.9	9.7	19.8	13.1	11.6	5.6	25.3	8
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	100.0	4.1	5.8	19.2	25.0	12.2	5.8	27.9	10
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	100.0	11.9	12.6	22.2	13.3	7.4	5.9	27.4	7
Farmworkers and laborers, crop, nursery, and greenhouse	100.0	16.2	11.5	29.2	13.8	7.7	5.4	16.2	4
Nursing assistants	100.0	6.9	9.8	21.6	8.8	14.7	3.9	34.3	13
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	100.0	8.8	7.7	8.8	8.8	6.6	3.3	56.0	60
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	100.0	32.1	8.6	7.4	2.5	13.6	--	33.3	6
Maintenance and repair workers, general	100.0	18.5	9.9	35.8	9.9	6.2	7.4	12.3	5
Stock clerks and order fillers	100.0	12.9	8.6	30.0	14.3	11.4	4.3	20.0	5
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	100.0	14.9	13.4	16.4	10.4	11.9	6.0	26.9	9
Retail salespersons	100.0	17.2	9.4	23.4	7.8	9.4	3.1	28.1	5
Registered nurses	100.0	6.9	8.6	22.4	8.6	17.2	5.2	31.0	12
Construction laborers	100.0	41.2	13.7	19.6	7.8	--	--	11.8	2
Light truck or delivery services drivers	100.0	6.0	6.0	12.0	16.0	8.0	8.0	44.0	21
Aircraft structure, surfaces, rigging, and systems assemblers	100.0	18.8	--	20.8	--	10.4	--	29.2	13
Food preparation workers	100.0	12.8	17.0	21.3	12.8	12.8	--	21.3	5
Cooks, restaurant	100.0	15.6	13.3	22.2	20.0	11.1	4.4	13.3	5
Cashiers	100.0	10.0	12.5	12.5	12.5	7.5	5.0	35.0	10
Carpenters	100.0	10.0	10.0	17.5	25.0	15.0	--	17.5	7
Nonfarm animal caretakers	100.0	--	--	--	11.4	--	--	--	1
Personal care aides	100.0	5.7	14.3	31.4	22.9	5.7	--	17.1	5
First-line supervisors of retail sales workers	100.0	16.1	--	16.1	9.7	12.9	--	35.5	11
Tree trimmers and pruners	100.0	--	--	14.8	77.8	--	--	--	10
Bartenders	100.0	--	--	--	--	88.5	--	--	12
Waiters and waitresses	100.0	36.4	18.2	--	--	18.2	--	9.1	2
Industrial truck and tractor operators	100.0	--	--	13.6	18.2	31.8	9.1	18.2	15
Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers	100.0	18.2	18.2	9.1	--	31.8	--	13.6	8

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 10, 2013

Table 11. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by major industry sector and number of days away from work, 2012

Washington -- Private industry

Industry Sector	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Private Industry ^{2,3,4}	100.0	14.9	9.7	19.8	13.1	11.6	5.6	25.3	8
Goods-producing	100.0	17.1	9.2	23.6	12.2	10.3	6.5	21.2	6
Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	100.0	16.9	12.3	27.7	13.3	8.2	5.1	16.9	5
Construction	100.0	16.6	9.8	25.4	13.7	7.3	4.4	22.9	5
Manufacturing	100.0	17.5	7.7	20.8	11.0	12.7	8.1	22.2	8
Service-providing	100.0	14.0	9.9	18.3	13.5	12.2	5.2	26.9	9
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	100.0	9.7	8.8	19.7	14.6	11.0	5.3	30.9	10
Information	100.0	31.0	10.3	6.9	--	13.8	--	31.0	8
Financial activities	100.0	22.2	6.3	47.6	11.1	3.2	3.2	6.3	5
Professional and business services	100.0	21.4	8.8	7.8	15.9	7.5	5.2	33.8	10
Education and health services	100.0	10.0	10.9	21.1	12.1	13.2	5.5	27.2	9
Leisure and hospitality	100.0	17.6	13.7	14.8	12.5	22.3	5.9	13.3	7
Other services	100.0	29.6	12.3	19.8	7.4	11.1	3.7	17.3	3

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 10, 2013

Table 12. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and major industry sector, Private industry, Washington, 2012

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	28,500	8,170	1,950	2,050	4,180	20,330	8,260	290	630	3,080	4,700	2,560	810	--
Time of event:														
12:01 AM - 4:00 AM	1,010	330	20	--	300	680	310	--	--	50	220	80	--	--
4:01 AM - 8:00 AM	2,480	870	190	200	480	1,610	850	20	20	160	410	110	40	--
8:01 AM - 12:00 PM	7,560	2,450	730	640	1,080	5,100	2,060	90	370	770	1,230	360	220	--
12:01 PM - 4:00 PM	5,940	2,030	610	610	810	3,910	1,860	80	130	440	930	270	190	--
4:01 PM - 8:00 PM	2,480	390	40	60	300	2,080	950	20	--	160	540	330	60	--
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	2,230	310	20	20	270	1,920	670	--	--	510	330	370	30	--
Not reported	6,810	1,790	340	510	940	5,020	1,550	60	90	980	1,040	1,020	270	--
Hours on the job before event occurred:														
Occurred before shift began	70	20	--	--	20	50	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Less than 1 hour	1,800	430	120	150	160	1,380	770	20	20	140	260	130	50	--
1 - 2 hours	2,060	490	120	120	250	1,570	730	40	50	170	360	170	50	--
2 - 4 hours	5,390	1,540	400	410	730	3,850	1,660	30	230	690	700	400	150	--
4 - 6 hours	4,030	1,010	280	250	480	3,020	1,230	30	150	400	710	430	70	--
6 - 8 hours	3,440	1,050	370	230	440	2,390	980	30	50	390	650	190	100	--
8 - 10 hours	1,380	580	190	170	220	800	430	--	--	50	210	50	40	--
10 - 12 hours	380	140	40	--	90	240	70	--	--	80	80	--	--	--
12 - 16 hours	100	--	--	--	--	90	40	--	--	--	30	--	--	--
More than 16 hours	30	--	--	--	--	30	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Not reported	9,820	2,910	410	720	1,780	6,910	2,320	110	110	1,150	1,710	1,180	320	--
Day of week:														
Sunday	1,840	230	80	50	100	1,610	740	--	--	90	360	350	40	--
Monday	5,100	1,880	340	540	1,000	3,220	1,280	90	60	600	750	230	190	--
Tuesday	5,370	1,630	460	380	790	3,750	1,430	40	130	860	760	350	180	--
Wednesday	4,630	1,200	250	380	570	3,430	1,380	70	290	390	890	240	160	--
Thursday	4,360	1,300	340	280	680	3,060	1,440	--	100	340	740	350	90	--
Friday	4,500	1,420	320	310	780	3,090	1,270	50	30	440	800	390	110	--
Saturday	2,690	520	170	100	250	2,170	720	--	--	350	410	640	40	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

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SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 10, 2013

Table 13. Percent Distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and major industry sector, Private industry, Washington, 2012

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--
Time of event:														
12:01 AM - 4:00 AM	3.5	4.0	1.0	--	7.2	3.3	3.8	--	--	1.6	4.7	3.1	--	--
4:01 AM - 8:00 AM	8.7	10.6	9.7	9.8	11.5	7.9	10.3	6.9	3.2	5.2	8.7	4.3	4.9	--
8:01 AM - 12:00 PM	26.5	30.0	37.4	31.2	25.8	25.1	24.9	31.0	58.7	25.0	26.2	14.1	27.2	--
12:01 PM - 4:00 PM	20.8	24.8	31.3	29.8	19.4	19.2	22.5	27.6	20.6	14.3	19.8	10.5	23.5	--
4:01 PM - 8:00 PM	8.7	4.8	2.1	2.9	7.2	10.2	11.5	6.9	--	5.2	11.5	12.9	7.4	--
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	7.8	3.8	1.0	1.0	6.5	9.4	8.1	--	--	16.6	7.0	14.5	3.7	--
Not reported	23.9	21.9	17.4	24.9	22.5	24.7	18.8	20.7	14.3	31.8	22.1	39.8	33.3	--
Hours on the job before event occurred:														
Occurred before shift began	.2	.2	--	--	.5	.2	.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Less than 1 hour	6.3	5.3	6.2	7.3	3.8	6.8	9.3	6.9	3.2	4.5	5.5	5.1	6.2	--
1 - 2 hours	7.2	6.0	6.2	5.9	6.0	7.7	8.8	13.8	7.9	5.5	7.7	6.6	6.2	--
2 - 4 hours	18.9	18.8	20.5	20.0	17.5	18.9	20.1	10.3	36.5	22.4	14.9	15.6	18.5	--
4 - 6 hours	14.1	12.4	14.4	12.2	11.5	14.9	14.9	10.3	23.8	13.0	15.1	16.8	8.6	--
6 - 8 hours	12.1	12.9	19.0	11.2	10.5	11.8	11.9	10.3	7.9	12.7	13.8	7.4	12.3	--
8 - 10 hours	4.8	7.1	9.7	8.3	5.3	3.9	5.2	--	--	1.6	4.5	2.0	4.9	--
10 - 12 hours	1.3	1.7	2.1	--	2.2	1.2	.8	--	--	2.6	1.7	--	--	--
12 - 16 hours	.4	--	--	--	--	.4	.5	--	--	--	.6	--	--	--
More than 16 hours	.1	--	--	--	--	.1	.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Not reported	34.5	35.6	21.0	35.1	42.6	34.0	28.1	37.9	17.5	37.3	36.4	46.1	39.5	--
Day of week:														
Sunday	6.5	2.8	4.1	2.4	2.4	7.9	9.0	--	--	2.9	7.7	13.7	4.9	--
Monday	17.9	23.0	17.4	26.3	23.9	15.8	15.5	31.0	9.5	19.5	16.0	9.0	23.5	--
Tuesday	18.8	20.0	23.6	18.5	18.9	18.4	17.3	13.8	20.6	27.9	16.2	13.7	22.2	--
Wednesday	16.2	14.7	12.8	18.5	13.6	16.9	16.7	24.1	46.0	12.7	18.9	9.4	19.8	--
Thursday	15.3	15.9	17.4	13.7	16.3	15.1	17.4	--	15.9	11.0	15.7	13.7	11.1	--
Friday	15.8	17.4	16.4	15.1	18.7	15.2	15.4	17.2	4.8	14.3	17.0	15.2	13.6	--
Saturday	9.4	6.4	8.7	4.9	6.0	10.7	8.7	--	--	11.4	8.7	25.0	4.9	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 10, 2013

Table 14. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and number of days away from work, Private industry, Washington, 2012

Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	14.9	9.7	19.8	13.1	11.6	5.6	25.3	8
Time of event:									
12:01AM - 4:00AM	100.0	5.0	5.9	25.7	13.9	8.9	2.0	39.6	11
4:01AM - 8:00AM	100.0	12.5	8.5	19.4	12.9	10.9	9.7	26.2	9
8:01AM - 12noon	100.0	19.0	11.5	20.2	12.4	10.3	4.9	21.8	5
12:01PM - 4:00PM	100.0	12.8	10.4	23.6	13.6	12.3	6.2	21.2	7
4:01PM - 8:00PM	100.0	16.9	10.1	15.3	9.3	15.7	7.7	24.6	9
8:01PM - 12midnight	100.0	8.5	9.0	16.1	16.6	9.9	6.3	33.6	10
Time not reported	100.0	15.7	8.5	18.2	13.7	12.3	4.0	27.6	10
Hours on the job before event occurred:									
Before shift began	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	10
Less than 1 hour	100.0	11.1	10.6	15.6	16.7	7.8	7.2	30.6	9
1 - 2 hours	100.0	14.6	15.0	19.9	12.1	13.1	4.9	20.9	6
2 - 4 hours	100.0	21.9	9.3	22.6	12.4	10.8	4.3	18.7	5
4 - 6 hours	100.0	13.9	9.4	21.3	12.7	10.7	6.2	25.6	7
6 - 8 hours	100.0	12.8	12.2	16.9	14.5	14.5	5.8	23.3	8
8 - 10 hours	100.0	10.1	8.7	18.1	10.9	12.3	10.1	29.7	12
10 - 12 hours	100.0	7.9	15.8	15.8	21.1	--	7.9	23.7	8
12 - 16 hours	100.0	--	20.0	20.0	--	--	--	20.0	4
More than 16 hours	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	9
Hours not reported	100.0	13.8	7.6	19.7	12.7	12.2	5.1	28.9	10
Day of week:									
Sunday	100.0	10.3	13.6	26.6	10.9	12.5	5.4	20.7	5
Monday	100.0	15.1	10.6	20.0	11.8	10.4	6.7	25.5	7
Tuesday	100.0	19.4	8.8	19.6	13.6	9.1	4.5	25.0	6
Wednesday	100.0	13.2	12.1	19.9	10.4	9.9	5.4	29.4	8
Thursday	100.0	15.8	8.3	17.9	12.4	12.4	6.4	27.1	10
Friday	100.0	8.7	7.6	20.2	21.1	13.8	5.1	23.8	10
Saturday	100.0	20.8	9.7	17.1	8.9	17.1	5.6	21.2	7

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 10, 2013

Table 15. Incidence rates ¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected parts of body, Private industry, Washington, 2012

Characteristic	Private industry	Part of body affected by the injury or illness																	
		Head		Neck	Trunk		Upper extremities					Lower extremities				Body systems	Multiple parts	All other body parts	
		Total	Eyes		Total	Back	Total	Shoulder	Arm	Hand	Wrist	Total	Knee	Ankle	Foot				
Total	152.8	13.3	5.4	2.4	46.5	36.8	43.9	11.8	6.2	17.4	6.5	29.1	12.2	6.5	5.7	1.8	15.4	.6	
Gender:																			
Male	163.4	14.3	7.8	2.4	51.0	38.6	46.3	12.1	6.6	21.0	4.8	32.2	14.4	7.0	5.7	2.2	14.5	.5	
Female	137.3	11.8	1.9	2.3	40.0	34.5	40.4	11.3	5.7	12.2	8.9	24.5	9.1	5.9	5.6	1.1	16.7	.4	
Age:																			
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	198.5	8.7	--	--	26.4	24.8	54.8	9.2	--	38.7	--	77.6	13.2	15.6	40.1	--	29.4	--	
20 - 24	157.5	16.9	10.2	2.1	40.2	30.5	54.2	10.1	2.9	32.9	5.3	34.8	9.0	11.4	9.1	1.6	6.2	1.4	
25 - 34	146.8	17.9	4.1	1.6	44.6	35.2	42.0	8.0	5.3	19.8	7.2	22.2	7.3	5.8	5.7	.8	17.3	--	
35 - 44	138.1	10.9	4.7	3.0	45.3	37.6	42.4	10.9	7.4	16.6	6.0	22.1	8.8	4.7	4.7	1.5	12.7	--	
45 - 54	173.7	13.1	9.2	1.6	59.6	48.1	47.3	16.5	7.8	14.8	6.4	31.3	18.0	3.6	3.8	4.5	15.7	.8	
55 - 64	158.0	9.3	1.8	4.4	40.4	29.8	42.6	15.7	6.8	8.3	9.0	39.0	19.1	10.3	4.5	--	21.7	--	
65 and over	100.3	12.3	--	--	33.2	20.5	19.8	3.3	2.9	11.2	--	23.3	12.6	8.6	--	--	10.2	--	
Major occupational group:																			
Management occupations	45.5	4.5	--	--	13.1	8.3	8.5	2.3	--	5.5	--	15.4	7.5	4.0	1.4	--	3.2	--	
Business and financial operations occupations	9.8	--	--	--	4.1	2.8	2.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Computer and mathematical occupations	10.1	--	--	--	1.6	--	2.3	--	--	--	--	5.6	2.2	2.1	--	--	--	--	
Architecture and engineering occupations	9.7	--	--	--	2.7	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.5	--	2.8	--	--	--	--	
Life, physical, and social science occupations	34.3	--	--	--	--	--	11.6	--	--	--	--	13.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Community and social service occupations	59.4	--	--	--	10.8	9.6	--	--	--	--	--	21.8	12.8	--	--	--	13.6	--	
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Education, training, and library occupations	29.9	8.8	--	--	--	--	8.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	79.6	13.6	--	--	--	--	13.5	9.6	--	--	--	36.3	25.7	--	--	--	9.9	--	
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	143.0	14.7	2.9	5.8	47.3	39.5	40.0	14.8	5.4	11.4	5.0	13.0	9.2	2.0	--	4.1	18.1	--	
Healthcare support occupations	292.4	5.1	--	5.5	91.8	79.7	70.3	27.6	9.3	9.9	22.0	59.6	20.6	25.5	5.0	--	59.2	--	
Protective service occupations	159.9	--	--	--	32.7	28.7	19.1	--	--	--	--	82.9	42.6	13.8	--	--	14.7	--	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	147.3	5.0	1.3	3.0	36.2	19.0	61.6	13.6	3.2	33.3	7.4	21.9	7.6	7.1	6.3	--	17.7	--	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	618.3	77.2	65.0	7.6	314.9	294.1	118.9	30.0	10.5	41.8	29.0	52.8	19.3	18.9	--	--	43.6	--	
Personal care and service occupations	193.9	61.5	--	--	43.3	36.4	46.1	13.8	9.6	14.0	5.5	30.3	6.2	7.0	15.4	--	11.3	--	
Sales and related occupations	71.2	4.3	--	1.6	18.9	16.8	18.6	7.0	4.7	3.3	3.1	20.8	5.8	3.7	6.4	--	6.2	--	
Office and administrative support occupations	65.9	4.7	.8	.6	23.5	19.7	21.9	6.9	3.5	3.9	5.4	11.4	4.5	2.3	3.0	--	3.2	--	
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	464.1	48.8	27.6	--	123.7	82.4	110.8	26.3	17.9	47.7	15.7	123.6	34.5	48.2	18.7	--	49.8	--	
Construction and extraction occupations	260.1	17.1	7.1	--	71.3	48.9	93.3	17.7	16.0	49.9	9.0	61.5	42.0	10.9	2.5	2.8	14.1	--	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	242.6	20.6	7.0	3.5	77.5	63.9	70.9	19.8	6.0	33.4	8.4	49.8	30.6	12.1	2.6	1.7	15.2	3.4	
Production occupations	265.4	24.0	17.8	6.4	56.7	44.9	110.8	16.7	13.5	64.2	14.0	44.6	18.7	2.7	16.5	2.5	20.3	--	
Transportation and material moving occupations	371.1	25.9	8.8	6.0	118.5	88.7	82.9	30.6	18.1	20.2	9.6	68.2	24.7	12.9	14.8	11.0	58.1	--	

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 10, 2013

Table 16. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected natures of injury or illness, Private industry, Washington, 2012

Characteristic	Private industry	Nature of injury or illness															
		Sprains, strains	Fractures	Cuts, lacerations, punctures			Bruises	Heat burns	Chemical burns	Amputations	Carpal tunnel syndrome	Tendonitis	Multiple traumatic injuries			Soreness Pain	All other natures
				Total	Cuts, lacerations	Punctures							Total	with fractures	with sprains		
Total	152.8	60.8	8.7	13.8	9.9	4.0	9.7	2.4	.6	.4	1.7	.6	4.2	.1	2.8	25.1	24.7
Gender:																	
Male	163.4	64.2	8.4	16.7	14.3	2.4	8.9	2.5	.7	.5	1.5	.6	4.1	.2	2.1	23.9	31.5
Female	137.3	55.8	9.0	9.7	3.4	6.3	11.0	2.3	.5	--	2.1	.6	4.5	--	3.8	27.1	14.5
Age:																	
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	198.5	46.8	24.2	32.9	28.6	--	11.3	18.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	38.8	22.3
20 - 24	157.5	58.2	5.9	22.0	16.8	5.2	12.7	3.9	1.6	--	--	--	2.6	--	2.1	21.2	27.9
25 - 34	146.8	50.1	6.0	20.9	12.5	8.3	8.5	1.7	.4	.4	1.0	1.0	9.0	--	5.3	17.8	29.9
35 - 44	138.1	54.9	5.5	13.5	10.1	3.3	8.1	2.3	.3	--	1.6	.7	2.0	--	1.6	30.0	19.1
45 - 54	173.7	86.7	10.0	8.8	6.6	2.1	10.5	.8	.9	.7	1.6	.5	1.6	--	1.2	21.7	30.1
55 - 64	158.0	57.6	15.9	6.0	5.0	1.1	11.5	2.9	--	--	4.4	--	5.9	.7	3.9	34.6	18.4
65 and over	100.3	31.3	12.8	7.8	7.6	--	9.0	--	--	--	--	--	3.0	--	--	18.4	15.9
Major occupational group:																	
Management occupations	45.5	15.1	2.5	4.1	4.1	--	7.3	--	--	--	--	--	1.6	--	--	9.9	3.8
Business and financial operations occupations	9.8	4.5	1.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Computer and mathematical occupations	10.1	5.1	2.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.5	--
Architecture and engineering occupations	9.7	--	3.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.7	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations	34.3	--	13.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social service occupations	59.4	34.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	10.8	7.6
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations	29.9	7.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	11.5	6.8
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	79.6	22.3	6.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	16.5	25.7
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	143.0	85.3	2.2	10.0	--	9.8	6.3	--	--	--	--	--	2.3	--	2.1	18.4	16.4
Healthcare support occupations	292.4	150.6	26.6	--	--	--	15.0	--	--	--	--	--	36.2	--	35.6	40.4	19.4
Protective service occupations	159.9	53.8	24.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	28.7	35.0
Food preparation and serving related occupations	147.3	42.8	6.1	19.6	16.3	3.3	4.7	16.8	--	--	1.3	--	3.7	--	3.6	19.6	30.9
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	618.3	223.7	10.5	26.9	22.0	4.9	14.7	--	10.1	--	9.9	--	9.0	--	5.5	171.3	138.3
Personal care and service occupations	193.9	57.0	15.1	62.8	--	61.6	10.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	23.5	19.2
Sales and related occupations	71.2	34.4	5.9	3.1	2.9	--	3.3	--	--	--	--	--	.8	--	.8	14.6	8.3
Office and administrative support occupations	65.9	31.3	2.6	2.6	2.5	--	6.3	--	--	--	2.2	--	.7	--	--	9.3	10.2
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	464.1	134.0	38.3	42.2	28.7	13.5	59.6	--	--	--	--	--	18.2	--	17.4	75.1	89.5
Construction and extraction occupations	260.1	109.4	11.9	44.4	40.2	4.2	6.1	--	--	--	--	1.8	--	--	--	33.3	50.7
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	242.6	92.8	13.9	30.1	27.7	2.4	10.1	--	--	--	4.4	--	2.9	--	--	48.9	36.3
Production occupations	265.4	82.3	19.3	41.6	34.2	7.4	25.2	8.5	1.4	1.8	6.6	2.0	2.3	--	1.2	24.9	49.5
Transportation and material moving occupations	371.1	168.3	18.8	12.8	9.7	3.2	30.6	--	--	1.2	2.0	1.9	19.3	--	6.8	64.6	50.5

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 10, 2013

Table 17. Incidence rates ¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected sources of injury or illness, Private industry, Washington, 2012

Characteristic	Private industry	Source of injury or illness												
		Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	Person, other than worker	Health care patient	Person, injured or ill worker	Worker motion or position	Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	All other sources
Total	152.8	1.6	20.4	7.5	8.7	12.0	8.8	5.5	27.0	26.0	19.0	9.5	12.5	22.1
Gender:														
Male	163.4	1.7	22.1	6.5	10.3	17.9	3.2	1.9	27.4	26.0	16.2	14.8	16.7	22.0
Female	137.3	1.5	17.9	8.9	6.4	3.4	17.0	10.8	26.5	26.2	23.0	1.9	6.4	21.6
Age:														
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	198.5	--	22.1	--	23.9	17.5	7.8	--	10.9	10.0	5.3	18.6	33.7	27.0
20 - 24	157.5	2.6	28.6	7.5	10.9	11.9	11.3	4.9	20.6	20.6	9.8	11.5	10.5	29.6
25 - 34	146.8	1.1	19.4	5.8	9.3	9.1	11.5	7.4	20.1	19.8	13.7	12.0	11.7	29.1
35 - 44	138.1	1.1	19.2	7.4	8.1	13.0	9.3	6.9	29.5	29.4	14.5	9.6	9.2	14.0
45 - 54	173.7	2.2	18.7	11.1	9.0	14.1	7.3	4.6	34.3	31.3	24.4	10.5	13.9	24.3
55 - 64	158.0	1.1	22.6	6.9	6.3	12.2	5.4	3.6	30.4	29.8	33.0	3.0	17.2	16.5
65 and over	100.3	3.5	13.9	3.3	3.3	2.7	3.6	--	14.0	14.0	22.3	7.7	13.1	9.4
Major occupational group:														
Management occupations	45.5	--	6.1	1.9	--	3.4	2.4	--	8.3	8.3	13.6	--	--	4.4
Business and financial operations occupations	9.8	--	2.0	--	--	--	--	--	4.1	3.7	--	--	--	1.6
Computer and mathematical occupations	10.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.4	2.4	--	--	2.0	--
Architecture and engineering occupations	9.7	--	--	--	2.8	--	--	--	2.8	2.8	--	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations	34.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	15.6
Community and social service occupations	59.4	--	--	--	--	--	23.7	7.8	13.4	13.4	11.7	--	--	--
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations	29.9	--	--	--	--	--	12.7	--	--	--	13.0	--	--	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	79.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	29.2	29.2	12.6	--	15.5	17.2
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	143.0	3.8	4.1	8.7	4.7	--	54.6	47.5	25.8	25.4	8.7	--	5.7	25.0
Healthcare support occupations	292.4	3.2	14.9	9.0	3.4	--	132.6	107.5	26.5	26.5	77.2	--	--	22.9
Protective service occupations	159.9	--	--	--	--	--	36.6	--	35.8	35.8	28.4	--	15.5	25.6
Food preparation and serving related occupations	147.3	1.8	26.6	7.0	11.3	--	--	--	15.4	15.1	27.0	10.6	1.4	44.4
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	618.3	10.4	86.3	22.7	12.7	6.3	--	--	173.7	173.7	62.7	73.1	27.9	135.1
Personal care and service occupations	193.9	--	4.9	5.5	9.1	--	47.5	--	22.4	22.4	21.0	--	--	77.5
Sales and related occupations	71.2	--	17.6	5.9	2.3	3.2	--	--	14.9	14.4	11.0	1.3	5.6	5.3
Office and administrative support occupations	65.9	--	21.1	8.4	1.1	3.5	.9	--	13.5	13.3	6.4	1.6	4.3	4.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	464.1	9.1	36.2	--	13.4	37.4	--	--	53.0	53.0	61.8	36.9	37.1	93.7
Construction and extraction occupations	260.1	--	17.7	6.9	31.6	41.8	--	--	31.9	29.9	38.1	37.9	4.1	33.1
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	242.6	2.2	19.8	30.8	16.8	37.6	--	--	49.9	49.5	18.8	17.3	21.3	19.6
Production occupations	265.4	4.1	24.5	7.4	40.5	41.5	--	--	51.0	51.0	19.2	30.0	9.4	35.3
Transportation and material moving occupations	371.1	1.6	71.0	12.6	10.8	41.8	1.4	--	61.7	52.5	41.5	9.7	92.2	25.9

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 10, 2013

Table 18. Incidence rates ¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected events or exposures leading to injury or illness, Private Industry, Washington, 2012

Characteristic	Private Industry	Event or exposure leading to injury or illness																			
		Contact with objects				Falls, slips, trips				Overexertion		Repetitive motion involving microtasks	Exposure to harmful substance or environment	Transportation accidents		Fires and explosions	Violence and other injuries by persons or animal				All other events
		Total	Struck by object	Struck against object	Caught in or compressed or crushed	Total	Fall to lower level	Fall on same level	Slips or trips without fall	Total	In lifting			Total	Roadway accidents		Total	Intentional injury by other person	Injury by person—unintentional or intent unknown	Animal and insect related incidents	
Total	152.8	33.8	17.9	8.0	4.6	34.0	8.2	17.9	7.1	66.8	16.1	6.1	6.6	5.6	3.5	.3	4.9	1.1	1.0	2.8	.8
Gender:																					
Male	163.4	41.4	22.3	8.1	6.2	33.0	11.4	13.5	7.4	70.8	18.4	5.1	7.7	7.4	4.8	.4	2.3	.5	.6	1.1	.3
Female	137.3	22.7	11.6	7.8	2.2	35.4	3.7	24.5	6.7	61.3	12.8	7.5	4.9	2.9	1.5	--	8.8	1.9	1.6	5.3	1.2
Age:																					
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	198.5	70.0	46.3	11.0	11.1	23.9	12.2	--	6.8	57.2	13.1	--	22.6	21.7	18.4	--	--	--	--	--	--
20 - 24	157.5	61.9	30.2	15.2	8.7	26.8	5.0	9.4	11.1	51.0	13.3	2.2	6.8	4.5	2.6	--	6.1	1.7	2.0	2.4	--
25 - 34	146.8	37.8	17.3	10.4	6.9	25.4	4.7	15.2	5.3	60.9	16.9	3.1	3.9	7.2	5.2	--	10.6	1.0	1.5	8.2	.9
35 - 44	138.1	33.2	20.3	6.7	2.4	29.0	5.9	14.0	8.0	64.4	14.8	5.4	4.4	3.6	1.6	.9	2.7	1.0	.9	.9	--
45 - 54	173.7	26.7	13.6	6.0	4.4	39.6	14.9	18.1	5.8	85.6	17.4	10.5	12.2	5.0	3.3	--	3.0	1.5	.5	.9	1.5
55 - 64	158.0	22.1	12.3	6.3	2.5	52.0	10.4	33.0	8.2	70.2	19.0	9.5	4.3	6.8	3.3	--	2.4	.7	.5	1.2	--
65 and over	100.3	16.3	11.6	--	--	42.0	7.3	26.9	7.8	29.1	7.4	--	3.5	5.0	3.5	--	4.4	--	--	--	--
Major occupational group:																					
Management occupations	45.5	9.4	6.6	2.6	--	21.2	1.6	12.3	7.1	11.1	6.5	--	1.7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Business and financial operations occupations	9.8	1.6	--	--	--	3.1	1.6	--	--	4.8	--	1.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Computer and mathematical occupations	10.1	--	--	--	--	4.7	3.7	--	--	4.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations	9.7	3.0	--	--	--	4.3	--	3.7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations	34.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	12.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social service occupations	59.4	--	--	--	--	18.8	--	9.9	--	22.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	9.8	--	--	--	--
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations	29.9	--	--	--	--	13.5	--	13.0	--	7.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	79.6	12.8	8.4	--	--	20.8	6.1	12.9	--	32.6	--	--	--	11.7	11.7	--	--	--	--	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	143.0	7.1	5.0	1.7	--	19.4	--	12.4	6.4	86.0	12.3	4.1	8.3	1.7	--	--	20.6	4.9	5.7	10.0	--
Healthcare support occupations	292.4	20.9	11.3	8.4	--	87.0	--	76.5	7.6	159.7	19.0	9.6	4.5	--	--	--	18.5	9.0	8.7	--	--
Protective service occupations	159.9	29.0	19.7	--	--	40.5	--	23.0	--	47.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	36.6	17.6	19.0	--	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations	147.3	40.1	25.8	9.0	4.4	35.9	3.4	24.0	6.7	50.7	11.9	4.1	18.7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.2
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	618.3	78.2	50.1	14.9	5.6	105.2	20.6	57.0	27.0	335.8	72.2	25.4	57.2	20.2	19.2	--	8.3	--	--	8.1	13.5
Personal care and service occupations	193.9	22.9	9.4	7.8	3.8	27.6	--	19.4	4.4	62.3	12.5	5.1	--	--	--	--	77.2	8.8	8.1	60.4	--
Sales and related occupations	71.2	13.8	7.7	5.3	--	14.9	1.1	11.2	2.5	38.7	8.8	3.8	.9	2.3	1.4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Office and administrative support occupations	65.9	11.9	5.7	4.0	.7	13.8	.7	9.9	3.1	37.3	14.1	5.3	--	2.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	464.1	136.3	77.7	28.6	6.5	190.2	86.7	64.2	37.4	86.0	22.4	6.9	13.7	24.2	7.8	--	13.0	--	--	13.0	--
Construction and extraction occupations	260.1	89.2	40.2	14.6	26.1	68.4	37.6	15.7	13.6	92.8	39.5	2.6	5.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	242.6	64.1	31.6	17.9	6.8	44.4	9.7	17.8	16.1	120.1	27.7	6.6	3.2	9.8	4.8	--	--	--	--	--	--
Production occupations	265.4	102.2	42.8	24.7	22.6	38.9	11.4	22.3	4.9	107.4	19.4	25.5	14.4	--	--	1.5	--	--	--	--	--
Transportation and material moving occupations	371.1	69.7	43.4	12.0	6.2	82.5	25.0	34.8	18.6	162.0	43.1	8.5	12.5	42.0	28.0	--	1.6	--	--	--	--

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 10, 2013