

Table 1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2015

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	29,360	9,330	2,180	3,250	3,910	20,030	8,620	250	660	2,230	4,510	2,700	1,060	--
Gender:														
Male	18,560	7,960	1,610	3,200	3,150	10,600	5,540	180	320	1,690	820	1,240	820	--
Female	10,730	1,370	570	40	760	9,360	3,020	70	330	550	3,690	1,470	240	--
Age:														
14 to 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19	910	200	70	40	100	710	210	--	--	20	140	320	--	--
20 to 24	3,070	960	320	340	310	2,120	800	30	--	320	460	400	110	--
25 to 34	7,230	2,410	580	1,040	780	4,820	1,650	40	250	800	950	720	410	--
35 to 44	5,590	1,890	470	650	780	3,700	1,690	60	--	380	1,030	370	130	--
45 to 54	6,510	2,150	330	800	1,020	4,360	2,330	70	190	340	880	290	260	--
55 to 64	3,990	1,270	220	310	730	2,720	1,190	50	150	180	740	320	90	--
65 and over	730	180	60	--	110	550	340	--	--	50	110	40	--	--
Length of service with employer:														
Less than 3 months	4,160	1,930	610	880	440	2,230	660	--	--	620	510	290	100	--
3 to 11 months	6,110	1,770	430	560	780	4,340	1,860	40	220	450	790	720	270	--
1 to 5 years	9,370	2,960	590	1,180	1,190	6,400	2,710	90	360	570	1,540	850	280	--
More than 5 years	8,530	2,500	450	600	1,450	6,030	2,950	110	--	510	1,490	530	400	--
Race or ethnic origin ⁵ :														
White only	10,570	2,950	230	1,580	1,140	7,620	2,980	60	360	910	1,920	1,040	360	--
Black only	790	170	20	60	90	620	140	--	--	50	260	140	--	--
Hispanic or Latino only	4,390	2,660	1,260	820	580	1,730	580	--	--	330	230	260	320	--
Asian only	550	110	--	--	100	440	90	--	--	60	190	60	--	--
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only	190	50	--	--	40	150	60	--	--	30	30	--	--	--
American Indian or Alaskan Native only	140	70	--	--	50	70	30	--	--	--	--	30	--	--
Hispanic or Latino and other race	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multi-race	30	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Not reported	12,700	3,320	660	760	1,900	9,380	4,720	160	280	840	1,860	1,160	340	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both "Multi-race" and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 04, 2016

Table 2. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2015

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--
Gender:															
Male	63.2	85.3	73.9	98.5	80.6	52.9	64.3	72.0	48.5	75.8	18.2	45.9	77.4	--	
Female	36.5	14.7	26.1	1.2	19.4	46.7	35.0	28.0	50.0	24.7	81.8	54.4	22.6	--	
Age:															
14 to 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19	3.1	2.1	3.2	1.2	2.6	3.5	2.4	--	--	.9	3.1	11.9	--	--	
20 to 24	10.5	10.3	14.7	10.5	7.9	10.6	9.3	12.0	--	14.3	10.2	14.8	10.4	--	
25 to 34	24.6	25.8	26.6	32.0	19.9	24.1	19.1	16.0	37.9	35.9	21.1	26.7	38.7	--	
35 to 44	19.0	20.3	21.6	20.0	19.9	18.5	19.6	24.0	--	17.0	22.8	13.7	12.3	--	
45 to 54	22.2	23.0	15.1	24.6	26.1	21.8	27.0	28.0	28.8	15.2	19.5	10.7	24.5	--	
55 to 64	13.6	13.6	10.1	9.5	18.7	13.6	13.8	20.0	22.7	8.1	16.4	11.9	8.5	--	
65 and over	2.5	1.9	2.8	--	2.8	2.7	3.9	--	--	2.2	2.4	1.5	--	--	
Length of service with employer:															
Less than 3 months	14.2	20.7	28.0	27.1	11.3	11.1	7.7	--	--	27.8	11.3	10.7	9.4	--	
3 to 11 months	20.8	19.0	19.7	17.2	19.9	21.7	21.6	16.0	33.3	20.2	17.5	26.7	25.5	--	
1 to 5 years	31.9	31.7	27.1	36.3	30.4	32.0	31.4	36.0	54.5	25.6	34.1	31.5	26.4	--	
More than 5 years	29.1	26.8	20.6	18.5	37.1	30.1	34.2	44.0	--	22.9	33.0	19.6	37.7	--	
Race or ethnic origin ⁵ :															
White only	36.0	31.6	10.6	48.6	29.2	38.0	34.6	24.0	54.5	40.8	42.6	38.5	34.0	--	
Black only	2.7	1.8	.9	1.8	2.3	3.1	1.6	--	--	2.2	5.8	5.2	--	--	
Hispanic or Latino only	15.0	28.5	57.8	25.2	14.8	8.6	6.7	--	--	14.8	5.1	9.6	30.2	--	
Asian only	1.9	1.2	--	--	2.6	2.2	1.0	--	--	2.7	4.2	2.2	--	--	
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only	.6	.5	--	--	1.0	.7	.7	--	--	1.3	.7	--	--	--	
American Indian or Alaskan Native only	.5	.8	--	--	1.3	.3	.3	--	--	--	--	1.1	--	--	
Hispanic or Latino and other race	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Multi-race	.1	--	--	--	--	.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Not reported	43.3	35.6	30.3	23.4	48.6	46.8	54.8	64.0	42.4	37.7	41.2	43.0	32.1	--	

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both "Multi-race" and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies, November 04, 2016. November 04, 2016

Table 3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by major occupational group and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2015

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	29,360	9,330	2,180	3,250	3,910	20,030	8,620	250	660	2,230	4,510	2,700	1,060	--
Management occupations	1,030	550	--	540	--	470	100	--	170	--	60	100	40	--
Business and financial operations occupations	200	--	--	--	--	190	120	--	--	--	20	--	--	--
Computer and mathematical occupations	140	--	--	--	--	100	20	40	--	--	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations	200	30	--	--	20	170	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations	80	--	--	--	--	80	--	--	--	60	--	--	--	--
Community and social service occupations	190	--	--	--	--	180	--	--	--	--	180	--	--	--
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations	250	--	--	--	--	250	--	--	--	--	220	20	--	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	70	--	--	--	--	70	--	20	--	--	--	40	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	1,270	--	--	--	--	1,260	210	--	--	80	970	--	--	--
Healthcare support occupations	1,620	--	--	--	--	1,620	--	--	--	80	1,530	--	--	--
Protective service occupations	380	30	--	30	--	350	20	--	--	270	20	40	--	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations	2,580	30	--	--	30	2,540	310	--	--	20	220	1,950	--	--
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	1,690	140	90	--	50	1,550	260	--	--	750	240	190	80	--
Personal care and service occupations	940	--	--	--	--	940	--	--	120	--	630	90	100	--
Sales and related occupations	1,840	--	--	--	--	1,830	1,720	50	--	--	30	20	--	--
Office and administrative support occupations	1,410	120	--	--	100	1,290	920	--	--	100	140	60	50	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	1,870	1,820	1,780	--	40	50	30	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction and extraction occupations	2,980	2,430	--	2,300	120	550	320	--	--	190	20	--	--	--
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	2,560	620	110	180	330	1,940	870	70	230	130	80	50	530	--
Production occupations	3,140	2,470	50	50	2,380	670	350	20	--	70	60	20	150	--
Transportation and material moving occupations	4,900	1,010	130	120	770	3,880	3,190	20	--	420	70	80	60	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

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⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 04, 2016

Table 4. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker occupations and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2015

Occupation	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	29,360	9,330	2,180	3,250	3,910	20,030	8,620	250	660	2,230	4,510	2,700	1,060	--
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	1,520	300	20	--	280	1,210	900	--	--	210	30	20	--	--
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	1,410	230	40	60	130	1,180	1,090	--	--	80	--	--	--	--
Farmworkers and laborers, crop, nursery, and greenhouse	1,380	1,350	1,350	--	--	30	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Retail salespersons	1,110	--	--	--	--	1,110	1,080	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Nursing assistants	950	--	--	--	--	950	--	--	--	--	950	--	--	--
Construction laborers	850	770	--	720	50	90	--	--	--	80	--	--	--	--
Carpenters	660	590	--	580	--	70	--	--	--	50	--	--	--	--
Personal care aides	610	--	--	--	--	610	--	--	--	--	610	--	--	--
Registered nurses	580	--	--	--	--	580	--	--	--	--	580	--	--	--
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	550	50	--	--	50	490	260	--	--	110	30	30	40	--
Stock clerks and order fillers	550	--	--	--	--	540	530	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	550	--	--	--	--	550	--	--	--	510	--	20	--	--
Construction managers	540	540	--	540	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	490	--	--	--	--	490	180	--	--	--	--	--	310	--
Food preparation workers	430	--	--	--	--	430	270	--	--	--	20	130	--	--
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	420	--	--	--	--	420	--	--	--	--	--	410	--	--
Light truck or delivery services drivers	410	70	--	30	50	340	280	--	--	--	20	--	--	--
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	400	--	--	--	--	400	--	--	--	50	200	140	--	--
Cashiers	350	--	--	--	--	350	340	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Cooks, restaurant	340	--	--	--	--	340	--	--	--	--	--	330	--	--
Waiters and waitresses	340	30	--	--	30	310	--	--	--	--	--	290	--	--
Aircraft structure, surfaces, rigging, and systems assemblers	330	330	--	--	330	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Security guards	310	--	--	--	--	310	--	--	--	260	20	30	--	--
Maintenance and repair workers, general	310	50	--	--	40	260	40	--	50	50	40	30	50	--
Glaziers	310	40	--	30	--	270	270	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
First-line supervisors of construction trades and extraction workers	240	210	--	210	--	30	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	--

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Table 5. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2015

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	29,360	9,330	2,180	3,250	3,910	20,030	8,620	250	660	2,230	4,510	2,700	1,060	--
Nature of injury, illness:														
Fractures	2,080	860	200	440	230	1,220	650	--	--	100	170	240	40	--
Sprains, strains, tears	11,840	2,700	540	800	1,360	9,140	4,240	90	220	970	2,600	600	420	--
Amputations	120	80	--	--	50	50	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Bruise, contusions	1,830	710	260	60	390	1,130	570	--	--	180	220	100	--	--
Chemical burns and corrosions	70	50	--	--	30	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heat (thermal) burns	460	60	20	--	30	400	40	--	--	--	40	320	--	--
Soreness, pain	5,120	1,580	520	570	480	3,550	1,240	80	100	500	810	690	120	--
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	2,810	1,160	200	590	370	1,650	590	30	--	200	80	440	270	--
Cuts, lacerations	2,410	1,040	180	540	320	1,370	520	30	--	90	60	410	230	--
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	400	120	20	50	50	280	70	--	--	110	20	40	40	--
Carpal tunnel syndrome	150	30	--	--	30	110	40	--	--	50	--	--	--	--
Tendonitis	70	20	--	--	--	50	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	--
Multiple traumatic injuries	830	300	100	160	50	530	170	--	220	--	70	50	--	--
With sprains and other injuries	610	250	80	150	30	360	80	--	160	--	60	40	--	--
With fractures and other injuries	130	20	--	--	--	120	50	--	60	--	--	--	--	--
Part of body affected:														
Head	2,450	650	220	190	250	1,790	710	30	50	140	220	370	260	--
Eye	820	290	100	60	130	530	340	--	--	--	30	30	100	--
Neck	520	50	--	--	30	470	330	--	--	80	50	--	--	--
Trunk	8,650	2,290	420	940	940	6,350	3,060	30	90	560	1,790	470	350	--
Back	6,410	1,590	280	730	580	4,820	2,070	--	90	460	1,540	350	300	--
Upper extremities	8,480	2,940	560	900	1,480	5,540	2,170	60	380	500	1,200	1,000	240	--
Shoulder	2,300	660	90	250	320	1,640	620	30	--	130	670	160	--	--
Arm	1,160	380	130	110	140	780	270	--	160	60	90	170	30	--
Wrist	870	310	60	110	140	570	240	--	--	70	180	50	--	--
Hand	3,690	1,500	260	410	840	2,190	980	--	--	210	200	600	170	--
Lower extremities	6,160	2,170	520	840	810	3,990	1,730	120	--	740	580	680	100	--
Knee	2,310	810	140	280	390	1,500	610	30	--	380	260	190	--	--
Ankle	1,230	380	130	110	140	850	430	40	--	130	110	80	40	--
Foot	1,220	390	110	110	160	830	420	30	--	70	130	160	--	--
Toe, toenail	230	100	20	40	30	130	80	--	--	--	--	30	--	--
Body systems	330	140	30	20	80	200	60	--	--	40	70	20	--	--
Multiple	2,350	870	350	220	300	1,480	490	20	80	150	540	100	100	--
Source of injury, illness:														
Chemical, chemical products	330	180	40	30	110	160	50	--	--	--	40	20	40	--
Containers	3,800	740	200	150	400	3,060	1,670	--	170	350	270	380	210	--
Furniture, fixtures	1,340	210	--	100	110	1,130	650	30	--	50	230	150	--	--
Machinery	1,620	760	170	190	390	860	280	--	--	100	240	170	50	--
Parts and materials	2,510	1,370	170	450	750	1,140	760	30	--	90	30	30	180	--
Person, injured or ill worker	4,630	1,560	330	450	790	3,060	1,400	100	90	570	490	290	130	--
Worker motion or position	4,280	1,500	330	430	750	2,780	1,190	100	80	550	450	280	130	--
Person, other than injured or ill workers	2,120	--	--	--	--	2,110	50	--	--	90	1,750	210	--	--
Health care patient	970	--	--	--	--	970	--	--	--	--	960	--	--	--
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	3,090	720	200	110	410	2,370	670	40	250	210	670	470	60	--
Ladder	1,380	930	340	550	50	450	370	30	--	--	--	--	--	--
Handtools	1,810	940	180	490	270	870	380	--	--	120	50	260	60	--
Vehicles	2,540	490	170	170	150	2,050	1,360	--	--	290	160	80	120	--
Trucks	790	200	40	120	40	590	470	--	--	80	--	--	--	--

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Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	330	20	--	--	--	300	140	--	--	50	60	30	--	--
Event or exposure:														
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	1,160	160	100	--	40	1,000	60	--	--	200	440	260	40	--
Intentional injury by other person	490	--	--	--	--	490	30	--	--	40	230	180	--	--
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	260	--	--	--	--	260	--	--	--	50	170	30	--	--
Animal and insect related incidents	410	160	100	--	40	250	20	--	--	110	30	60	30	--
Transportation incidents	1,310	380	110	160	110	930	630	--	--	110	90	40	--	--
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	730	90	20	30	40	640	420	--	--	60	80	30	--	--
Fires and explosions	30	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Falls, slips, trips	6,850	2,530	840	970	730	4,320	1,600	80	330	690	870	620	130	--
Slips, trips without fall	1,680	610	240	150	220	1,070	340	40	--	370	110	110	40	--
Fall on same level	2,910	720	210	130	390	2,180	630	--	240	180	660	440	--	--
Fall to lower level	2,010	1,050	390	550	110	960	580	30	--	110	100	80	40	--
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	950	290	80	40	180	660	120	--	--	40	120	360	--	--
Contact with object, equipment	7,380	2,980	630	1,050	1,290	4,400	2,310	60	--	360	350	770	510	--
Struck by object or equipment	4,240	1,580	370	630	580	2,660	1,450	50	--	140	210	500	290	--
Struck against object or equipment	1,510	700	110	300	290	810	350	--	--	90	100	210	50	--
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	900	500	120	70	320	400	270	--	--	30	40	40	--	--
Overexertion and bodily reaction	11,220	2,850	380	960	1,510	8,370	3,750	100	220	840	2,500	600	360	--
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	820	310	30	--	280	510	250	--	--	70	130	20	--	--
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	3,400	740	90	300	360	2,660	1,240	--	170	270	470	290	210	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 04, 2016

Table 6. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2015

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--
Nature of injury, illness:															
Fractures	7.1	9.2	9.2	13.5	5.9	6.1	7.5	--	--	4.5	3.8	8.9	3.8	--	--
Sprains, strains, tears	40.3	28.9	24.8	24.6	34.8	45.6	49.2	36.0	33.3	43.5	57.6	22.2	39.6	--	--
Amputations	.4	.9	--	--	1.3	.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Bruise, contusions	6.2	7.6	11.9	1.8	10.0	5.6	6.6	--	--	8.1	4.9	3.7	--	--	--
Chemical burns and corrosions	.2	.5	--	--	.8	.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heat (thermal) burns	1.6	.6	9	--	.8	2.0	.5	--	--	--	.9	11.9	--	--	--
Soreness, pain	17.4	16.9	23.9	17.5	12.3	17.7	14.4	32.0	15.2	22.4	18.0	25.6	11.3	--	--
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	9.6	12.4	9.2	18.2	9.5	8.2	6.8	12.0	--	9.0	1.8	16.3	25.5	--	--
Cuts, lacerations	8.2	11.1	8.3	16.6	8.2	6.8	6.0	12.0	--	4.0	1.3	15.2	21.7	--	--
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	1.4	1.3	.9	1.5	1.3	1.4	.8	--	--	4.9	.4	1.5	3.8	--	--
Carpal tunnel syndrome	.5	.3	--	--	.8	.5	.5	--	--	2.2	--	--	--	--	--
Tendonitis	.2	.2	--	--	--	.2	--	--	--	--	.9	--	--	--	--
Multiple traumatic injuries	2.8	3.2	4.6	4.9	1.3	2.6	2.0	--	33.3	--	1.6	1.9	--	--	--
With sprains and other injuries	2.1	2.7	3.7	4.6	.8	1.8	.9	--	24.2	--	1.3	1.5	--	--	--
With fractures and other injuries	.4	.2	--	--	--	.6	.6	--	9.1	--	--	--	--	--	--
Part of body affected:															
Head	8.3	7.0	10.1	5.8	6.4	8.9	8.2	12.0	7.6	6.3	4.9	13.7	24.5	--	--
Eye	2.8	3.1	4.6	1.8	3.3	2.6	3.9	--	--	--	.7	1.1	9.4	--	--
Neck	1.8	.5	--	--	.8	2.3	3.8	--	--	3.6	1.1	--	--	--	--
Trunk	29.5	24.5	19.3	28.9	24.0	31.7	35.5	12.0	13.6	25.1	39.7	17.4	33.0	--	--
Back	21.8	17.0	12.8	22.5	14.8	24.1	24.0	--	13.6	20.6	34.1	13.0	28.3	--	--
Upper extremities	28.9	31.5	25.7	27.7	37.9	27.7	25.2	24.0	57.6	22.4	26.6	37.0	22.6	--	--
Shoulder	7.8	7.1	4.1	7.7	8.2	8.2	7.2	12.0	--	5.8	14.9	5.9	--	--	--
Arm	4.0	4.1	6.0	3.4	3.6	3.9	3.1	--	24.2	2.7	2.0	6.3	2.8	--	--
Wrist	3.0	3.3	2.8	3.4	3.6	2.8	2.8	--	--	3.1	4.0	1.9	--	--	--
Hand	12.6	16.1	11.9	12.6	21.5	10.9	11.4	--	--	9.4	4.4	22.2	16.0	--	--
Lower extremities	21.0	23.3	23.9	25.8	20.7	19.9	20.1	48.0	--	33.2	12.9	25.2	9.4	--	--
Knee	7.9	8.7	6.4	8.6	10.0	7.5	7.1	12.0	--	17.0	5.8	7.0	--	--	--
Ankle	4.2	4.1	6.0	3.4	3.6	4.2	5.0	16.0	--	5.8	2.4	3.0	3.8	--	--
Foot	4.2	4.2	5.0	3.4	4.1	4.1	4.9	12.0	--	3.1	2.9	5.9	--	--	--
Toe, toenail	.8	1.1	.9	1.2	.8	.6	.9	--	--	--	--	1.1	--	--	--
Body systems	1.1	1.5	1.4	.6	2.0	1.0	.7	--	--	1.8	1.6	.7	--	--	--
Multiple	8.0	9.3	16.1	6.8	7.7	7.4	5.7	8.0	12.1	6.7	12.0	3.7	9.4	--	--
Source of injury, illness:															
Chemical, chemical products	1.1	1.9	1.8	.9	2.8	.8	.6	--	--	--	.9	.7	3.8	--	--
Containers	12.9	7.9	9.2	4.6	10.2	15.3	19.4	--	25.8	15.7	6.0	14.1	19.8	--	--
Furniture, fixtures	4.6	2.3	--	3.1	2.8	5.6	7.5	12.0	--	2.2	5.1	5.6	--	--	--
Machinery	5.5	8.1	7.8	5.8	10.0	4.3	3.2	--	--	4.5	5.3	6.3	4.7	--	--
Parts and materials	8.5	14.7	7.8	13.8	19.2	5.7	8.8	12.0	--	4.0	.7	1.1	17.0	--	--
Person, injured or ill worker	15.8	16.7	15.1	13.8	20.2	15.3	16.2	40.0	13.6	25.6	10.9	10.7	12.3	--	--
Worker motion or position	14.6	16.1	15.1	13.2	19.2	13.9	13.8	40.0	12.1	24.7	10.0	10.4	12.3	--	--
Person, other than injured or ill workers	7.2	--	--	--	--	10.5	.6	--	--	4.0	38.8	7.8	--	--	--
Health care patient	3.3	--	--	--	--	4.8	--	--	--	--	21.3	--	--	--	--
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	10.5	7.7	9.2	3.4	10.5	11.8	7.8	16.0	37.9	9.4	14.9	17.4	5.7	--	--
Ladder	4.7	10.0	15.6	16.9	1.3	2.2	4.3	12.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Handtools	6.2	10.1	8.3	15.1	6.9	4.3	4.4	--	--	5.4	1.1	9.6	5.7	--	--
Vehicles	8.7	5.3	7.8	5.2	3.8	10.2	15.8	--	--	13.0	3.5	3.0	11.3	--	--
Trucks	2.7	2.1	1.8	3.7	1.0	2.9	5.5	--	--	3.6	--	--	--	--	--

Table 6. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2015

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	1.1	.2	--	--	--	1.5	1.6	--	--	2.2	1.3	1.1	--	--
Event or exposure:														
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	4.0	1.7	4.6	--	1.0	5.0	.7	--	--	9.0	9.8	9.6	3.8	--
Intentional injury by other person	1.7	--	--	--	--	2.4	.3	--	--	1.8	5.1	6.7	--	--
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	.9	--	--	--	--	1.3	--	--	--	2.2	3.8	1.1	--	--
Animal and insect related incidents	1.4	1.7	4.6	--	1.0	1.2	.2	--	--	4.9	.7	2.2	2.8	--
Transportation incidents	4.5	4.1	5.0	4.9	2.8	4.6	7.3	--	--	4.9	2.0	1.5	--	--
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	2.5	1.0	.9	.9	1.0	3.2	4.9	--	--	2.7	1.8	1.1	--	--
Fires and explosions	.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Falls, slips, trips	23.3	27.1	38.5	29.8	18.7	21.6	18.6	32.0	50.0	30.9	19.3	23.0	12.3	--
Slips, trips without fall	5.7	6.5	11.0	4.6	5.6	5.3	3.9	16.0	--	16.6	2.4	4.1	3.8	--
Fall on same level	9.9	7.7	9.6	4.0	10.0	10.9	7.3	--	36.4	8.1	14.6	16.3	--	--
Fall to lower level	6.8	11.3	17.9	16.9	2.8	4.8	6.7	12.0	--	4.9	2.2	3.0	3.8	--
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	3.2	3.1	3.7	1.2	4.6	3.3	1.4	--	--	1.8	2.7	13.3	--	--
Contact with object, equipment	25.1	31.9	28.9	32.3	33.0	22.0	26.8	24.0	--	16.1	7.8	28.5	48.1	--
Struck by object or equipment	14.4	16.9	17.0	19.4	14.8	13.3	16.8	20.0	--	6.3	4.7	18.5	27.4	--
Struck against object or equipment	5.1	7.5	5.0	9.2	7.4	4.0	4.1	--	--	4.0	2.2	7.8	4.7	--
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	3.1	5.4	5.5	2.2	8.2	2.0	3.1	--	--	1.3	.9	1.5	--	--
Overexertion and bodily reaction	38.2	30.5	17.4	29.5	38.6	41.8	43.5	40.0	33.3	37.7	55.4	22.2	34.0	--
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	2.8	3.3	1.4	--	7.2	2.5	2.9	--	--	3.1	2.9	.7	--	--
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	11.6	7.9	4.1	9.2	9.2	13.3	14.4	--	25.8	12.1	10.4	10.7	19.8	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 04, 2016

Table 7. Incidence rates¹ nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers for selected characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2015

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	142.1	189.2	284.2	236.4	140.0	127.3	183.2	24.2	51.3	68.6	155.3	140.5	166.2	--	
Nature of injury, illness:															
Fractures	10.1	17.5	25.9	31.9	8.1	7.8	13.8	--	--	3.1	5.9	12.4	6.2	--	
Sprains, strains, tears	57.3	54.7	71.0	58.0	48.7	58.1	90.2	9.1	17.1	29.8	89.5	30.9	65.9	--	
Amputations	.6	1.6	--	--	1.8	.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Bruise, contusions	8.9	14.3	33.5	4.5	13.9	7.2	12.0	--	--	5.7	7.7	5.2	--	--	
Chemical burns and corrosions	.4	1.0	--	--	1.1	.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Heat (thermal) burns	2.2	1.2	2.8	--	1.2	2.5	.9	--	--	--	1.3	16.4	--	--	
Soreness, pain	24.8	32.0	67.9	41.7	17.3	22.5	26.4	8.2	7.8	15.2	27.8	36.1	19.1	--	
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	13.6	23.5	26.1	43.0	13.2	10.5	12.6	2.7	--	6.2	2.7	23.0	42.6	--	
Cuts, lacerations	11.7	21.1	24.1	39.1	11.4	8.7	11.1	2.7	--	2.8	1.9	21.1	36.6	--	
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	1.9	2.4	2.0	3.9	1.9	1.8	1.4	--	--	3.5	.8	1.9	6.1	--	
Carpal tunnel syndrome	.7	.6	--	--	1.1	.7	.8	--	--	1.5	--	--	--	--	
Tendonitis	.4	.4	--	--	--	.3	--	--	--	--	1.3	--	--	--	
Multiple traumatic injuries	4.0	6.1	12.8	11.3	1.7	3.4	3.6	--	17.3	--	2.4	2.5	--	--	
With sprains and other injuries	3.0	5.1	9.8	11.0	1.0	2.3	1.8	--	12.7	--	2.0	1.9	--	--	
With fractures and other injuries	.7	.4	--	--	--	.7	1.1	--	4.7	--	--	--	--	--	
Part of body affected:															
Head	11.8	13.3	28.6	13.5	9.0	11.4	15.2	2.5	4.2	4.3	7.7	19.4	41.3	--	
Eye	4.0	5.8	13.4	4.4	4.5	3.4	7.2	--	--	--	1.0	1.8	15.4	--	
Neck	2.5	1.0	--	--	.9	3.0	7.0	--	--	2.4	1.7	--	--	--	
Trunk	41.9	46.5	54.8	68.3	33.6	40.4	65.0	2.5	7.2	17.2	61.6	24.7	55.0	--	
Back	31.0	32.2	36.1	53.3	20.8	30.7	44.0	--	7.0	14.2	53.0	18.1	47.3	--	
Upper extremities	41.1	59.7	73.2	65.5	53.1	35.2	46.2	5.4	29.5	15.2	41.2	52.2	37.7	--	
Shoulder	11.1	13.4	11.4	18.4	11.6	10.4	13.2	3.0	--	3.9	23.0	8.1	--	--	
Arm	5.6	7.8	17.4	7.8	5.1	5.0	5.7	--	12.6	1.7	3.1	8.7	5.1	--	
Wrist	4.2	6.2	8.4	7.6	4.9	3.6	5.0	--	--	2.3	6.2	2.4	--	--	
Hand	17.8	30.4	33.5	29.8	29.9	13.9	20.9	--	--	6.3	6.9	31.0	26.7	--	
Lower extremities	29.8	44.0	67.7	61.0	29.2	25.4	36.8	11.9	--	22.7	19.9	35.4	16.3	--	
Knee	11.2	16.4	17.8	20.5	14.1	9.5	12.9	2.9	--	11.7	9.1	10.0	--	--	
Ankle	6.0	7.7	16.5	8.3	5.0	5.4	9.2	3.9	--	4.1	3.6	4.3	5.8	--	
Foot	5.9	7.9	14.7	8.2	5.9	5.3	8.8	2.5	--	2.2	4.5	8.1	--	--	
Toe, toenail	1.1	2.0	3.1	3.1	1.2	.8	1.8	--	--	--	--	1.5	--	--	
Body systems	1.6	2.8	4.1	1.7	2.9	1.3	1.3	--	--	1.2	2.5	1.1	--	--	
Multiple	11.4	17.7	45.1	16.3	10.8	9.4	10.5	1.9	6.3	4.5	18.7	5.3	15.0	--	
Source of injury, illness:															
Chemical, chemical products	1.6	3.6	5.6	2.1	3.8	1.0	1.0	--	--	--	1.2	1.2	5.6	--	
Containers	18.4	15.1	26.2	10.7	14.2	19.4	35.5	--	13.4	10.6	9.4	19.7	33.0	--	
Furniture, fixtures	6.5	4.2	--	7.3	3.8	7.2	13.9	2.9	--	1.5	8.0	7.7	--	--	
Machinery	7.8	15.3	22.2	14.2	14.0	5.5	6.0	--	--	3.0	8.2	8.6	7.3	--	
Parts and materials	12.1	27.8	21.9	33.0	26.8	7.2	16.1	2.8	--	2.8	1.1	1.6	27.7	--	
Person, injured or ill worker	22.4	31.7	42.6	32.9	28.2	19.5	29.8	9.4	6.7	17.6	16.8	15.0	19.7	--	
Worker motion or position	20.7	30.4	42.6	31.1	26.7	17.7	25.4	9.4	6.6	17.0	15.7	14.5	19.7	--	
Person, other than injured or ill workers	10.3	--	--	--	--	13.4	1.0	--	--	2.7	60.4	11.1	--	--	
Health care patient	4.7	--	--	--	--	6.2	--	--	--	--	33.1	--	--	--	
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	15.0	14.6	26.7	8.0	14.6	15.1	14.2	3.9	19.3	6.5	23.2	24.4	9.6	--	
Ladder	6.7	18.9	43.9	39.7	1.8	2.8	7.8	2.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Handtools	8.8	19.1	23.6	35.5	9.8	5.5	8.0	--	--	3.8	1.6	13.6	8.6	--	
Vehicles	12.3	9.9	21.7	12.1	5.5	13.1	28.9	--	--	8.8	5.6	4.2	18.3	--	
Trucks	3.8	4.0	5.3	8.7	1.4	3.8	10.0	--	--	2.4	--	--	--	--	

Table 7. Incidence rates¹ nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers for selected characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2015

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	1.6	.5	--	--	--	1.9	3.1	--	--	1.7	2.2	1.5	--	--
Event or exposure:														
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	5.6	3.3	13.1	--	1.4	6.4	1.2	--	--	6.0	15.0	13.8	6.4	--
Intentional injury by other person	2.4	--	--	--	--	3.1	.7	--	--	1.1	8.0	9.4	--	--
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	1.3	--	--	--	--	1.7	--	--	--	1.4	6.0	1.4	--	--
Animal and insect related incidents	2.0	3.2	13.1	--	1.4	1.6	.4	--	--	3.3	1.0	3.0	5.5	--
Transportation incidents	6.3	7.8	14.9	12.0	3.8	5.9	13.4	--	--	3.5	3.1	2.0	--	--
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	3.5	1.8	2.9	2.3	1.3	4.1	8.9	--	--	2.0	2.8	1.5	--	--
Fires and explosions	.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Falls, slips, trips	33.2	51.4	109.1	70.4	26.1	27.5	34.0	7.7	25.8	21.2	29.9	32.5	19.9	--
Slips, trips without fall	8.1	12.3	31.1	10.8	7.9	6.8	7.3	3.7	--	11.3	3.8	5.6	6.8	--
Fall on same level	14.1	14.7	27.2	9.2	13.9	13.9	13.3	--	18.8	5.6	22.7	22.8	--	--
Fall to lower level	9.7	21.3	50.7	40.0	4.0	6.1	12.3	2.5	--	3.3	3.3	4.1	6.2	--
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	4.6	5.9	9.9	2.8	6.4	4.2	2.6	--	--	1.1	4.0	18.6	--	--
Contact with object, equipment	35.7	60.5	82.8	76.6	46.4	28.0	49.2	5.8	--	11.0	12.1	40.0	79.7	--
Struck by object or equipment	20.5	32.1	48.9	45.6	20.8	16.9	30.8	5.0	--	4.3	7.1	25.8	45.7	--
Struck against object or equipment	7.3	14.1	14.1	21.9	10.4	5.2	7.4	--	--	2.8	3.4	10.7	7.6	--
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	4.4	10.2	15.2	4.9	11.5	2.5	5.8	--	--	.9	1.3	1.9	--	--
Overexertion and bodily reaction	54.3	57.8	49.4	69.6	54.2	53.2	79.7	9.8	17.2	25.6	86.2	31.3	56.6	--
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	4.0	6.2	3.8	--	9.9	3.2	5.4	--	--	2.1	4.6	1.0	--	--
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	16.5	15.0	11.3	21.7	12.8	16.9	26.4	--	13.1	8.4	16.1	15.0	33.6	--

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 04, 2016

Table 8. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and number of days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2015

Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	13.8	12.1	20.2	12.0	11.9	7.9	22.0	7
Gender:									
Male	100.0	14.9	11.3	21.0	10.7	11.7	9.0	21.4	7
Female	100.0	11.9	13.6	18.9	14.1	12.3	6.2	23.0	8
Age:									
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	100.0	19.8	17.6	26.4	9.9	15.4	4.4	6.6	3
20 - 24	100.0	20.5	16.3	29.6	11.1	8.5	6.5	7.8	3
25 - 34	100.0	15.4	16.3	18.4	15.1	8.6	8.9	17.6	5
35 - 44	100.0	12.5	14.0	16.8	10.4	16.5	4.8	25.0	8
45 - 54	100.0	11.5	6.1	22.6	10.6	12.4	7.2	29.5	10
55 - 64	100.0	12.8	9.0	16.3	11.8	12.0	11.8	26.3	11
65 and over	100.0	12.3	6.8	11.0	9.6	12.3	8.2	41.1	16
Length of service with employer:									
Less than 3 months	100.0	17.8	10.8	20.9	10.3	12.5	9.9	17.5	6
3 - 11 months	100.0	15.1	11.6	22.3	15.4	8.7	9.8	17.0	6
1 - 5 years	100.0	15.0	14.5	22.1	10.9	10.6	6.0	20.8	5
5 years or more	100.0	9.8	10.6	15.9	11.3	15.4	7.3	30.0	11
Race or ethnic origin ² :									
White	100.0	13.9	11.8	16.9	12.0	13.0	10.2	22.1	8
Hispanic or Latino	100.0	18.2	18.7	23.0	9.3	7.7	6.6	16.4	4
Black or African American	100.0	13.9	12.7	31.6	15.2	6.3	3.8	16.5	5
Asian	100.0	9.1	12.7	25.5	10.9	7.3	7.3	23.6	6
American Indian or Alaska Native	100.0	--	14.3	28.6	--	--	14.3	21.4	7
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	100.0	15.8	10.5	21.1	21.1	10.5	15.8	10.5	7
Multi-race	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2
Hispanic and other	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Table 8. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and number of days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2015

Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both Multi-race and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 04, 2016

Table 9. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by major occupational group and number of days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2015

Occupation	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	13.8	12.1	20.2	12.0	11.9	7.9	22.0	7
Management occupations	100.0	31.1	19.4	7.8	5.8	1.9	17.5	15.5	2
Business and financial operations occupations	100.0	--	10.0	--	30.0	--	10.0	30.0	10
Computer and mathematical occupations	100.0	14.3	28.6	--	--	--	--	35.7	4
Architecture and engineering occupations	100.0	--	10.0	85.0	--	--	--	--	3
Life, physical, and social science occupations	100.0	25.0	--	37.5	--	--	--	--	4
Community and social service occupations	100.0	31.6	31.6	10.5	--	--	--	15.8	2
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations	100.0	28.0	12.0	28.0	12.0	--	--	16.0	3
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	100.0	--	28.6	--	--	--	--	--	7
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	100.0	10.2	6.3	13.4	27.6	11.8	7.1	22.8	9
Healthcare support occupations	100.0	9.9	12.3	25.9	13.0	11.1	1.9	25.9	6
Protective service occupations	100.0	10.5	10.5	21.1	7.9	5.3	13.2	28.9	11
Food preparation and serving related occupations	100.0	17.1	13.6	23.6	14.3	2.7	9.7	19.0	5
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	100.0	11.2	10.7	19.5	10.1	16.0	19.5	13.0	10
Personal care and service occupations	100.0	7.4	22.3	10.6	23.4	23.4	5.3	9.6	8
Sales and related occupations	100.0	10.9	6.5	17.4	10.3	10.3	6.5	39.1	17
Office and administrative support occupations	100.0	15.6	10.6	14.2	12.8	16.3	6.4	24.1	8
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	100.0	16.0	19.3	24.6	11.8	8.0	5.3	15.0	3
Construction and extraction occupations	100.0	15.4	9.7	22.5	7.7	17.1	4.0	23.8	7
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	100.0	13.3	18.4	21.1	9.0	10.2	9.4	19.1	5
Production occupations	100.0	14.0	9.9	16.2	13.7	15.0	7.6	23.9	9
Transportation and material moving occupations	100.0	11.4	8.4	22.7	10.4	14.9	7.8	24.3	8

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 04, 2016

Table 10. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected occupations and number of days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2015

Occupation	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	13.8	12.1	20.2	12.0	11.9	7.9	22.0	7
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	100.0	17.8	11.8	21.1	11.8	9.2	7.9	19.7	5
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	100.0	5.7	5.0	25.5	12.1	15.6	11.3	25.5	11
Farmworkers and laborers, crop, nursery, and greenhouse	100.0	15.2	18.1	24.6	12.3	8.0	6.5	15.2	4
Retail salespersons	100.0	11.7	2.7	11.7	9.0	10.8	6.3	47.7	29
Nursing assistants	100.0	8.4	17.9	31.6	15.8	10.5	2.1	13.7	4
Construction laborers	100.0	34.1	4.7	16.5	4.7	27.1	3.5	9.4	3
Carpenters	100.0	3.0	3.0	28.8	12.1	6.1	--	45.5	14
Personal care aides	100.0	4.9	9.8	13.1	29.5	23.0	6.6	11.5	8
Registered nurses	100.0	5.2	8.6	17.2	13.8	19.0	8.6	27.6	12
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	100.0	7.3	9.1	16.4	3.6	38.2	--	21.8	19
Stock clerks and order fillers	100.0	5.5	9.1	16.4	16.4	14.5	5.5	29.1	11
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	100.0	7.3	9.1	20.0	5.5	3.6	52.7	--	27
Construction managers	100.0	44.4	--	--	--	--	27.8	24.1	30
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	100.0	6.1	42.9	16.3	14.3	6.1	8.2	6.1	3
Food preparation workers	100.0	11.6	11.6	27.9	23.3	7.0	7.0	14.0	5
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	100.0	42.9	16.7	19.0	11.9	--	--	--	2
Light truck or delivery services drivers	100.0	14.6	4.9	19.5	9.8	12.2	7.3	34.1	12
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	100.0	7.5	17.5	22.5	20.0	10.0	5.0	17.5	6
Cashiers	100.0	8.6	17.1	14.3	11.4	8.6	14.3	25.7	10
Cooks, restaurant	100.0	23.5	26.5	35.3	5.9	--	--	--	2
Waiters and waitresses	100.0	5.9	--	20.6	--	--	50.0	17.6	30
Aircraft structure, surfaces, rigging, and systems assemblers	100.0	--	--	--	--	36.4	24.2	36.4	21
Security guards	100.0	6.5	9.7	22.6	9.7	6.5	12.9	32.3	11
Maintenance and repair workers, general	100.0	29.0	6.5	12.9	12.9	--	--	25.8	5
Glaziers	100.0	--	--	--	6.5	--	--	--	3
First-line supervisors of construction trades and extraction workers	100.0	--	--	--	--	45.8	--	33.3	12

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 04, 2016

Table 11. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by major industry sector and number of days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2015

Industry Sector	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Private Industry ^{2,3,4}	100.0	13.8	12.1	20.2	12.0	11.9	7.9	22.0	7
Goods producing	100.0	17.6	10.1	18.9	10.3	14.4	7.2	21.5	7
Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	100.0	18.3	17.4	24.3	12.4	8.3	5.5	13.8	4
Construction	100.0	22.2	5.5	16.6	6.5	16.6	8.6	24.0	10
Manufacturing	100.0	13.6	9.7	17.6	12.3	15.9	6.9	23.8	9
Service providing	100.0	12.0	13.1	20.9	12.7	10.8	8.3	22.2	7
Trade transportation and utilities	100.0	9.6	9.6	19.6	12.9	14.0	7.8	26.5	10
Information	100.0	16.0	16.0	24.0	12.0	--	--	32.0	5
Financial activities	100.0	--	37.9	33.3	--	10.6	--	9.1	5
Professional and business services	100.0	14.8	7.2	23.8	9.4	7.2	16.6	22.0	7
Educational and health services	100.0	11.8	11.8	20.6	15.3	11.5	5.3	23.7	7
Leisure and hospitality	100.0	17.8	16.7	23.0	13.7	4.4	9.6	15.2	5
Other services except public administration	100.0	18.9	33.0	12.3	12.3	6.6	12.3	5.7	2

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 04, 2016

Table 12. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2015

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	29,360	9,330	2,180	3,250	3,910	20,030	8,620	250	660	2,230	4,510	2,700	1,060	--
Time of event:														
12:01 AM - 4:00 AM	700	180	20	--	150	520	250	--	--	80	100	60	--	--
4:01 AM - 8:00 AM	2,390	960	240	270	460	1,430	780	--	--	140	380	90	30	--
8:01 AM - 12:00 PM	8,090	3,310	780	1,250	1,290	4,780	2,220	60	--	520	920	640	380	--
12:01 PM - 4:00 PM	6,150	1,850	530	740	580	4,290	2,040	40	180	640	760	490	150	--
4:01 PM - 8:00 PM	3,150	670	110	100	460	2,480	850	50	200	180	700	340	180	--
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	1,470	310	50	30	230	1,160	390	--	--	170	230	360	--	--
Not reported	7,400	2,040	440	860	740	5,360	2,090	90	230	500	1,410	720	320	--
Hours on the job before event occurred:														
Occurred before shift began	40	--	--	--	--	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Less than 1 hour	1,730	390	120	60	210	1,340	650	--	--	120	280	170	110	--
1 - 2 hours	2,670	900	250	410	250	1,770	670	40	120	150	390	220	190	--
2 - 4 hours	5,130	1,700	410	730	570	3,430	1,650	30	--	390	760	460	100	--
4 - 6 hours	4,280	1,490	320	560	600	2,790	1,030	--	60	460	470	620	140	--
6 - 8 hours	3,810	1,210	320	430	460	2,600	1,300	30	170	370	370	300	70	--
8 - 10 hours	1,880	570	190	110	270	1,310	750	30	--	150	230	70	70	--
10 - 12 hours	550	190	60	60	70	370	110	--	--	70	130	--	50	--
12 - 16 hours	200	60	--	--	40	140	70	--	--	20	40	--	--	--
More than 16 hours	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Not reported	9,060	2,810	500	880	1,430	6,250	2,380	100	240	520	1,830	850	320	--
Day of week:														
Sunday	1,980	300	60	80	170	1,680	620	--	--	110	410	510	--	--
Monday	5,060	1,620	310	580	730	3,430	1,330	70	100	670	800	200	270	--
Tuesday	5,790	1,970	580	710	680	3,830	1,650	40	410	410	960	340	--	--
Wednesday	4,450	1,470	310	330	830	2,980	1,470	40	--	280	640	360	150	--
Thursday	5,060	1,810	280	720	820	3,250	1,460	70	--	360	620	470	220	--
Friday	4,200	1,500	400	670	430	2,710	1,080	--	--	330	610	490	140	--
Saturday	2,810	660	250	160	250	2,160	990	--	--	70	470	330	250	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 04, 2016

Table 13. Percent Distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2015

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--
Time of event:															
12:01 AM - 4:00 AM	2.4	1.9	.9	--	3.8	2.6	2.9	--	--	3.6	2.2	2.2	--	--	--
4:01 AM - 8:00 AM	8.1	10.3	11.0	8.3	11.8	7.1	9.0	--	--	6.3	8.4	3.3	2.8	2.8	--
8:01 AM - 12:00 PM	27.6	35.5	35.8	38.5	33.0	23.9	25.8	24.0	--	23.3	20.4	23.7	35.8	35.8	--
12:01 PM - 4:00 PM	20.9	19.8	24.3	22.8	14.8	21.4	23.7	16.0	27.3	28.7	16.9	18.1	14.2	14.2	--
4:01 PM - 8:00 PM	10.7	7.2	5.0	3.1	11.8	12.4	9.9	20.0	30.3	8.1	15.5	12.6	17.0	17.0	--
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	5.0	3.3	2.3	.9	5.9	5.8	4.5	--	--	7.6	5.1	13.3	--	--	--
Not reported	25.2	21.9	20.2	26.5	18.9	26.8	24.2	36.0	34.8	22.4	31.3	26.7	30.2	30.2	--
Hours on the job before event occurred:															
Occurred before shift began	.1	--	--	--	--	.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Less than 1 hour	5.9	4.2	5.5	1.8	5.4	6.7	7.5	--	--	5.4	6.2	6.3	10.4	10.4	--
1 - 2 hours	9.1	9.6	11.5	12.6	6.4	8.8	7.8	16.0	18.2	6.7	8.6	8.1	17.9	17.9	--
2 - 4 hours	17.5	18.2	18.8	22.5	14.6	17.1	19.1	12.0	--	17.5	16.9	17.0	9.4	9.4	--
4 - 6 hours	14.6	16.0	14.7	17.2	15.3	13.9	11.9	--	9.1	20.6	10.4	23.0	13.2	13.2	--
6 - 8 hours	13.0	13.0	14.7	13.2	11.8	13.0	15.1	12.0	25.8	16.6	8.2	11.1	6.6	6.6	--
8 - 10 hours	6.4	6.1	8.7	3.4	6.9	6.5	8.7	12.0	--	6.7	5.1	2.6	6.6	6.6	--
10 - 12 hours	1.9	2.0	2.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.3	--	--	3.1	2.9	--	4.7	4.7	--
12 - 16 hours	.7	.6	--	--	1.0	.7	.8	--	--	.9	.9	--	--	--	--
More than 16 hours	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Not reported	30.9	30.1	22.9	27.1	36.6	31.2	27.6	40.0	36.4	23.3	40.6	31.5	30.2	30.2	--
Day of week:															
Sunday	6.7	3.2	2.8	2.5	4.3	8.4	7.2	--	--	4.9	9.1	18.9	--	--	--
Monday	17.2	17.4	14.2	17.8	18.7	17.1	15.4	28.0	15.2	30.0	17.7	7.4	25.5	25.5	--
Tuesday	19.7	21.1	26.6	21.8	17.4	19.1	19.1	16.0	62.1	18.4	21.3	12.6	--	--	--
Wednesday	15.2	15.8	14.2	10.2	21.2	14.9	17.1	16.0	--	12.6	14.2	13.3	14.2	14.2	--
Thursday	17.2	19.4	12.8	22.2	21.0	16.2	16.9	28.0	--	16.1	13.7	17.4	20.8	20.8	--
Friday	14.3	16.1	18.3	20.6	11.0	13.5	12.5	--	--	14.8	13.5	18.1	13.2	13.2	--
Saturday	9.6	7.1	11.5	4.9	6.4	10.8	11.5	--	--	3.1	10.4	12.2	23.6	23.6	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 04, 2016

Table 14. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and number of days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2015

Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	13.8	12.1	20.2	12.0	11.9	7.9	22.0	7
Time of event:									
12:01AM - 4:00AM	100.0	12.9	7.1	27.1	18.6	7.1	4.3	21.4	6
4:01AM - 8:00AM	100.0	12.1	12.6	17.2	13.8	14.6	7.1	23.0	8
8:01AM - 12noon	100.0	13.6	11.5	19.5	10.9	14.1	9.0	21.1	7
12:01PM - 4:00PM	100.0	16.6	13.2	18.9	12.8	9.4	8.6	20.5	6
4:01PM - 8:00PM	100.0	14.6	15.6	18.7	13.3	8.9	4.8	24.1	7
8:01PM - 12midnight	100.0	10.2	8.2	19.0	10.2	9.5	8.2	34.7	12
Time not reported	100.0	12.7	11.5	23.4	11.1	12.8	8.0	20.5	7
Hours on the job before event occurred:									
Before shift began	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5
Less than 1 hour	100.0	15.6	13.3	20.2	13.9	8.7	4.0	24.3	6
1 - 2 hours	100.0	12.0	20.6	19.9	9.0	12.7	8.6	17.2	5
2 - 4 hours	100.0	15.2	9.2	17.7	11.3	16.4	5.1	25.1	9
4 - 6 hours	100.0	14.5	9.8	20.3	9.1	7.9	14.7	23.6	8
6 - 8 hours	100.0	17.6	13.6	21.5	16.8	7.3	3.4	19.7	5
8 - 10 hours	100.0	11.7	16.5	14.9	13.8	9.0	9.6	25.0	8
10 - 12 hours	100.0	20.0	9.1	12.7	14.5	21.8	9.1	12.7	8
12 - 16 hours	100.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	--	10.0	25.0	8
More than 16 hours	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Hours not reported	100.0	11.5	10.8	22.6	11.5	13.8	8.4	21.3	8
Day of week:									
Sunday	100.0	15.7	8.1	19.7	14.1	12.1	13.6	16.7	8
Monday	100.0	12.8	9.7	18.6	11.1	14.0	14.6	19.0	9
Tuesday	100.0	10.4	14.3	21.2	11.6	9.7	6.7	26.4	7
Wednesday	100.0	16.9	10.1	23.6	11.0	9.7	4.3	24.3	5
Thursday	100.0	16.8	11.7	15.6	10.3	15.6	8.9	21.1	8
Friday	100.0	15.0	12.4	24.3	10.5	8.1	4.5	25.0	5
Saturday	100.0	9.6	18.9	18.1	19.2	15.3	3.9	15.3	7

Table 14. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and number of days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2015

Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 04, 2016

Table 15. Incidence rates ¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected parts of body, private industry, Washington, 2015

Characteristic	Private industry	Part of body affected by the injury or illness ³															Body systems	Multiple parts	All other body parts
		Head		Neck	Trunk		Upper extremities					Lower extremities							
		Total	Eyes		Total	Back	Total	Shoulder	Arm	Hand	Wrist	Total	Knee	Ankle	Foot				
Total	142.1	11.8	4.0	2.5	41.9	31.0	41.1	11.1	5.6	17.8	4.2	29.8	11.2	6.0	5.9	1.6	11.4	2.0	
Gender:																			
Male	151.0	12.9	5.7	1.8	45.0	31.8	43.1	11.1	5.1	20.6	3.9	35.4	12.3	6.6	7.1	1.5	9.2	2.2	
Female	128.9	10.2	1.5	3.7	37.2	29.9	38.0	11.1	6.4	13.8	4.7	21.7	9.5	4.9	4.1	1.8	14.6	1.7	
Age:																			
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	210.6	17.4	4.3	--	47.3	45.6	82.2	10.1	11.1	54.0	5.1	46.0	9.6	10.8	16.2	--	15.6	--	
20 - 24	169.1	17.5	3.5	2.8	53.9	43.6	55.2	9.7	5.1	35.0	4.8	30.2	7.6	10.2	9.7	--	7.0	1.7	
25 - 34	141.9	13.1	3.4	5.3	38.9	30.7	37.3	8.3	7.3	16.5	3.5	37.2	16.2	5.2	5.1	.7	9.1	.4	
35 - 44	124.2	9.5	5.0	.7	38.9	27.4	35.6	12.1	4.6	13.2	3.8	25.2	6.7	6.1	4.9	1.3	10.9	2.1	
45 - 54	165.3	10.7	6.2	3.6	49.1	35.2	49.2	17.1	6.6	15.6	5.2	32.6	14.5	6.8	6.5	2.7	12.9	4.5	
55 - 64	125.9	13.2	1.9	.5	40.8	26.3	30.4	10.8	4.6	11.2	2.8	21.4	10.3	2.8	4.5	2.5	15.8	1.2	
65 and over	93.1	7.3	--	--	15.5	11.4	45.2	5.2	--	28.6	8.3	11.7	4.8	--	--	--	10.4	--	
Major occupational group:																			
Management occupations	84.9	4.0	2.3	--	29.5	23.3	28.6	1.9	13.7	10.9	1.4	9.8	1.7	--	3.0	--	2.3	10.2	
Business and financial operations occupations	15.4	2.2	--	--	2.1	1.9	3.1	--	--	--	1.5	2.1	1.4	--	--	--	5.9	--	
Computer and mathematical occupations	11.7	--	--	--	2.0	--	3.5	2.4	--	--	--	4.8	3.8	--	--	--	--	--	
Architecture and engineering occupations	33.8	--	--	--	29.6	29.6	3.2	--	--	3.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Life, physical, and social science occupations	54.5	20.2	--	--	17.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Community and social service occupations	94.9	--	--	--	36.8	26.6	9.9	--	--	--	--	18.1	7.8	--	--	--	10.2	7.6	
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Education, training, and library occupations	98.4	25.9	--	--	14.3	14.3	17.0	--	--	--	--	23.0	--	--	19.7	--	15.5	--	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	24.8	5.8	--	--	7.0	--	5.7	--	--	--	--	5.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	121.8	2.3	--	21.4	35.8	30.7	30.6	11.2	--	9.6	6.3	14.4	7.0	2.4	2.6	1.9	15.1	--	
Healthcare support occupations	323.0	13.4	--	--	135.5	114.8	98.6	70.6	7.6	10.4	5.4	34.0	19.3	5.9	4.1	6.0	29.7	4.1	
Protective service occupations	218.1	26.9	--	--	41.6	25.9	30.3	12.9	--	--	10.2	75.2	10.9	22.7	23.3	8.8	30.8	--	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	164.0	21.1	2.3	1.1	27.0	20.2	69.6	10.5	8.6	42.0	6.3	38.1	11.8	4.2	7.0	--	4.3	2.1	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	326.5	11.6	4.7	12.3	104.1	99.5	62.9	16.7	14.6	29.5	--	104.1	66.5	19.1	6.7	4.2	23.7	3.8	
Personal care and service occupations	166.1	15.2	5.5	--	86.0	83.0	23.6	9.9	3.9	8.5	--	13.6	5.3	4.4	--	--	25.8	--	
Sales and related occupations	74.3	3.9	--	.7	27.6	17.4	21.9	4.2	2.4	12.4	2.4	14.7	4.6	3.0	6.1	--	4.9	--	
Office and administrative support occupations	53.1	2.5	--	1.0	15.5	12.0	14.9	4.1	1.8	4.6	3.8	11.2	3.2	3.4	2.7	.9	6.3	.7	
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	249.5	19.9	11.4	--	52.6	33.0	56.5	6.7	13.2	25.4	8.7	60.9	15.2	13.4	14.2	3.6	45.1	10.0	
Construction and extraction occupations	276.6	14.8	4.0	1.5	92.6	46.5	72.0	28.5	7.4	27.2	8.0	75.8	25.3	11.3	7.3	1.9	17.7	--	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	287.1	48.3	22.2	2.1	79.6	61.9	88.2	16.2	11.2	32.9	8.7	57.6	26.8	15.5	9.2	--	9.7	--	
Production occupations	206.5	16.6	8.9	1.5	45.1	29.0	89.8	18.2	9.4	50.5	7.9	32.8	15.4	7.4	6.7	3.5	14.4	2.7	
Transportation and material moving occupations	296.8	28.3	12.8	5.1	87.3	64.2	74.6	25.6	9.7	29.9	5.5	73.4	23.9	16.6	17.3	4.4	21.4	2.3	

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year)

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 04, 2016

Table 16. Incidence rates ¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected natures of injury or illness, private industry, Washington, 2015

Characteristic	Private industry	Nature of injury or illness ³															
		Sprains, strains	Fractures	Cuts, lacerations, punctures			Bruises	Heat burns	Chemical burns	Amputations	Carpal tunnel syndrome	Tendonitis	Multiple traumatic injuries			Soreness Pain	All other natures
				Total	Cuts, lacerations	Punctures							Total	with fractures	with sprains		
Total	142.1	57.3	10.1	13.6	11.7	1.9	8.9	2.2	.4	.6	.7	.4	4.0	.7	3.0	24.8	19.2
Gender:																	
Male	151.0	56.2	12.7	17.8	15.9	2.0	9.0	2.2	.6	.9	.2	.2	2.8	.3	2.1	25.0	23.4
Female	128.9	58.7	6.2	7.4	5.6	1.9	8.7	2.2	--	--	1.5	.5	5.9	1.1	4.3	24.6	13.0
Age:																	
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	210.6	64.2	7.3	30.4	28.9	--	15.3	18.1	7.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	45.0	27.4
20 - 24	169.1	59.7	7.6	24.3	22.0	2.3	10.6	3.8	--	2.0	--	--	1.5	--	--	30.8	27.9
25 - 34	141.9	50.3	10.7	18.3	14.5	3.8	8.2	2.4	--	.3	--	.5	8.1	--	7.7	25.1	17.6
35 - 44	124.2	53.0	11.7	8.2	6.8	1.4	6.6	1.6	.8	.7	1.2	.6	2.8	.4	2.1	22.6	14.4
45 - 54	165.3	80.2	9.0	12.7	11.7	1.1	8.8	.7	--	--	1.3	--	2.3	--	1.6	22.7	26.9
55 - 64	125.9	51.1	8.6	7.8	6.5	1.2	10.8	--	--	--	.8	--	4.1	2.8	.7	25.9	15.3
65 and over	93.1	33.1	21.4	3.9	3.9	--	5.9	--	--	--	3.9	--	2.6	--	2.5	12.4	12.1
Major occupational group:																	
Management occupations	84.9	24.6	3.9	10.5	10.5	--	1.5	--	--	--	--	--	13.6	--	13.5	9.4	21.5
Business and financial operations occupations	15.4	5.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.7	--	2.7	5.3	--
Computer and mathematical occupations	11.7	3.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.8	1.8
Architecture and engineering occupations	33.8	30.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.1
Life, physical, and social science occupations	54.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	19.3
Community and social service occupations	94.9	24.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	37.4	18.4
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations	98.4	11.2	21.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	12.6	--	10.9	23.0	25.3
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	24.8	8.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.6
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	121.8	84.7	2.5	6.5	--	6.1	4.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.4	11.9
Healthcare support occupations	323.0	205.1	--	10.9	--	10.0	17.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	66.5	18.5
Protective service occupations	218.1	35.5	45.5	--	--	--	20.3	--	--	--	--	--	11.2	--	--	77.5	25.1
Food preparation and serving related occupations	164.0	38.6	14.4	30.2	29.9	--	6.2	22.7	--	--	1.4	--	1.8	--	1.5	35.0	12.0
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	326.5	192.4	5.9	26.0	23.2	--	15.6	--	--	--	--	--	3.1	--	--	58.5	23.5
Personal care and service occupations	166.1	75.0	9.2	13.1	7.4	5.7	4.7	--	--	--	--	--	13.6	10.5	2.8	35.0	14.2
Sales and related occupations	74.3	37.6	7.9	5.0	4.9	--	6.9	--	--	--	--	--	1.4	--	--	9.6	5.1
Office and administrative support occupations	53.1	25.2	2.6	4.3	1.7	2.6	4.2	--	--	--	1.8	--	1.0	--	--	6.8	6.8
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	249.5	61.5	23.2	17.0	15.4	--	34.5	2.8	--	--	--	--	12.2	--	9.7	61.9	35.2
Construction and extraction occupations	276.6	69.2	51.9	37.5	33.8	3.7	8.8	--	--	1.9	--	--	12.8	--	12.4	51.0	41.8
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	287.1	131.1	3.7	44.3	43.6	--	19.1	--	1.8	3.8	2.4	--	--	--	--	45.0	35.1
Production occupations	206.5	69.8	12.3	22.5	17.9	4.7	13.9	1.6	1.3	3.2	2.3	--	2.3	--	1.0	25.7	50.9
Transportation and material moving occupations	296.8	125.4	18.5	20.5	18.8	1.6	20.4	1.4	--	--	--	--	6.8	1.8	3.8	56.9	45.5

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 04, 2016

Table 17. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected sources of injury or illness, private industry, Washington, 2015

Characteristic	Private industry	Source of injury or illness ³												
		Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	Person, other than worker	Health care patient	Person, injured or ill worker	Worker motion or position	Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	All other sources
Total	142.1	1.6	18.4	6.5	7.8	12.1	10.3	4.7	22.4	20.7	15.0	8.8	12.3	20.3
Gender:														
Male	151.0	1.8	21.3	4.2	9.1	18.8	4.4	1.2	23.5	21.2	8.4	12.7	15.2	21.5
Female	128.9	1.3	14.2	9.9	6.0	2.4	18.9	9.9	20.8	20.1	24.6	3.0	7.8	18.3
Age:														
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	210.6	7.6	39.9	14.3	17.0	8.2	28.1	--	11.1	10.6	9.8	17.5	14.2	38.7
20 - 24	169.1	1.6	26.9	4.0	12.9	11.0	23.0	6.2	20.3	20.2	10.5	13.9	13.0	28.4
25 - 34	141.9	1.1	16.5	5.7	5.7	13.1	12.9	4.9	19.6	19.0	12.5	6.9	14.2	21.7
35 - 44	124.2	2.2	15.2	6.3	8.3	12.4	8.0	4.3	21.1	20.8	10.6	8.8	9.3	16.1
45 - 54	165.3	.7	24.5	10.4	7.0	18.5	8.2	6.1	29.9	25.0	14.0	13.0	14.5	20.5
55 - 64	125.9	2.2	12.2	5.1	7.3	7.8	5.1	3.5	24.4	22.2	28.5	3.8	10.8	11.8
65 and over	93.1	--	8.4	3.5	3.2	2.8	2.1	--	15.9	14.1	22.0	3.8	5.9	23.2
Major occupational group:														
Management occupations	84.9	--	13.2	5.1	1.3	1.7	--	--	12.5	12.4	16.6	21.8	3.8	7.0
Business and financial operations occupations	15.4	--	--	3.0	--	--	--	--	2.5	2.5	4.1	--	--	2.6
Computer and mathematical occupations	11.7	--	--	--	--	3.4	--	--	2.0	2.0	5.1	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations	33.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	29.2	--	--	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations	54.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social service occupations	94.9	--	--	--	--	--	25.8	10.7	12.4	10.3	34.0	--	--	10.1
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations	98.4	--	--	--	--	--	25.9	--	--	--	46.8	--	--	14.9
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	24.8	--	--	--	--	--	8.6	--	5.5	5.5	--	--	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	121.8	--	1.7	7.5	--	--	43.2	41.3	15.8	15.2	9.3	--	20.5	19.9
Healthcare support occupations	323.0	--	13.6	8.2	38.1	--	153.8	91.8	23.7	23.7	27.2	--	9.2	46.7
Protective service occupations	218.1	--	--	17.4	--	--	69.6	--	55.7	49.8	36.7	--	27.2	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations	164.0	2.2	31.6	6.1	12.3	1.3	11.0	--	19.3	19.0	27.2	16.4	3.3	32.8
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	326.5	--	39.2	56.2	12.8	4.7	--	--	89.5	88.6	27.9	18.0	17.1	48.6
Personal care and service occupations	166.1	--	6.2	--	--	--	--	70.8	7.9	25.3	31.5	--	6.6	13.8
Sales and related occupations	74.3	--	16.2	11.6	1.9	2.6	--	--	11.7	10.7	8.3	3.2	4.6	13.2
Office and administrative support occupations	53.1	--	15.2	3.0	--	2.1	--	--	11.7	11.1	7.1	--	4.9	6.7
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	249.5	4.8	23.4	--	19.1	21.0	--	--	38.2	38.2	25.0	16.5	15.8	46.0
Construction and extraction occupations	276.6	2.7	4.1	9.8	14.1	40.1	--	--	27.1	24.8	13.8	21.0	11.4	57.2
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	287.1	2.8	42.2	2.7	19.1	65.6	--	--	41.7	41.6	24.6	30.7	27.1	23.9
Production occupations	206.5	5.6	19.7	6.2	27.9	38.6	--	--	37.6	37.2	14.0	18.3	8.2	26.5
Transportation and material moving occupations	296.8	3.0	64.6	6.0	9.9	28.8	--	--	47.1	43.0	21.3	10.6	68.7	34.7

Table 17. Incidence rates ¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected sources of injury or illness, private industry, Washington, 2015

Characteristic	Private industry	Source of injury or illness ³												
		Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	Person, other than worker	Health care patient	Person, injured or ill worker	Worker motion or position	Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	All other sources

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: $(N/EH) \times 20,000,000$ where

- N = number of injuries and illnesses
- EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
- 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 04, 2016

Table 18. Incidence rates ¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected events or exposures leading to injury or illness, private industry, Washington, 2015

Characteristic	Private industry	Event or exposure leading to injury or illness ³																			
		Contact with objects				Falls, slips, trips				Overexertion		Repetitive motion involving microtasks	Exposure to harmful substance or environment	Transportation accidents		Fires and explosions	Violence and other injuries by persons or animal				All other events
		Total	Struck by object	Struck against object	Caught in or compressed or crushed	Total	Fall to lower level	Fall on same level	Slips or trips without fall	Total	In lifting			Total	Roadway accidents		Total	Intentional injury by other person	Injury by person—unit intentional or intent unknown	Animal and insect related incidents	
Total	142.1	35.7	20.5	7.3	4.4	33.2	9.7	14.1	8.1	54.3	16.5	4.0	4.6	6.3	3.5	.1	5.6	2.4	1.3	2.0	2.2
Gender:																					
Male	151.0	45.6	25.3	9.1	6.0	32.5	13.5	7.7	9.6	53.6	19.0	2.3	4.7	7.3	3.2	.2	5.4	2.5	9	2.0	1.8
Female	128.9	21.3	13.6	4.6	2.0	34.2	4.2	23.6	6.0	55.4	12.7	6.4	4.4	4.8	3.9	--	5.9	2.1	1.9	1.9	2.7
Age:																					
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	210.6	93.3	54.5	14.5	20.4	15.0	5.7	6.6	--	62.6	18.6	--	25.2	7.4	4.4	--	4.4	--	--	--	--
20 - 24	169.1	52.3	26.5	10.9	9.8	24.6	6.7	11.3	4.7	64.6	19.1	2.1	7.4	11.7	2.4	--	6.8	3.3	1.2	2.3	1.4
25 - 34	141.9	37.7	20.3	10.9	3.8	34.1	11.6	12.2	10.1	44.6	16.5	2.6	4.0	8.6	6.2	--	11.2	5.3	1.2	4.5	1.5
35 - 44	124.2	28.5	17.6	5.2	3.5	31.7	8.4	10.1	9.7	49.6	10.4	3.9	4.0	4.5	2.0	--	4.3	1.3	2.0	9	1.5
45 - 54	165.3	39.3	23.8	6.7	3.6	28.1	9.7	10.6	7.2	82.0	29.7	6.9	2.6	6.5	4.0	--	4.4	1.6	1.1	1.7	2.4
55 - 64	125.9	22.4	11.1	4.5	3.3	49.2	12.4	28.1	8.3	43.3	9.1	3.5	3.5	3.6	2.0	--	2.0	9	7	--	1.7
65 and over	93.1	28.0	23.4	2.6	--	31.4	4.3	23.4	3.6	27.7	8.3	7.9	--	3.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Major occupational group:																					
Management occupations	84.9	30.8	29.5	--	--	19.4	2.2	17.0	--	30.5	16.0	--	--	1.5	--	--	2.4	--	--	--	--
Business and financial operations occupations	15.4	6.2	6.0	--	--	4.7	--	4.1	--	3.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Computer and mathematical occupations	11.7	--	--	--	--	5.2	--	4.9	--	6.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations	33.8	3.2	--	--	3.0	--	--	--	--	29.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations	54.5	13.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	17.9	--	--	18.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social service occupations	94.9	--	--	--	--	43.3	--	31.9	9.2	15.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	27.7	12.5	8.9	--	--
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations	98.4	17.9	6.1	11.8	--	47.6	--	47.6	--	6.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	23.1	10.7	10.7	--	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	24.8	--	--	--	--	6.4	--	--	--	7.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.6	--	6.6	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	121.8	5.9	4.1	1.8	--	16.7	3.4	7.5	5.9	57.5	5.2	3.9	4.4	--	--	--	15.6	4.3	6.3	5.0	1.5
Healthcare support occupations	323.0	13.3	6.6	3.4	--	33.4	3.5	27.5	--	219.8	30.6	5.4	4.2	3.8	3.8	--	32.5	12.8	9.1	10.5	16.1
Protective service occupations	218.1	--	--	--	--	68.0	--	46.6	14.5	45.0	--	--	--	24.3	9.7	--	69.6	38.8	27.8	--	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations	164.0	48.5	30.9	13.6	2.1	38.6	3.9	25.9	8.8	36.2	14.8	3.3	25.4	1.2	--	--	11.1	11.0	--	--	3.1
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	326.5	48.4	22.1	11.8	4.1	114.1	17.2	23.9	68.0	139.3	57.8	4.0	5.6	13.1	6.9	--	3.9	--	--	--	3.7
Personal care and service occupations	166.1	16.2	8.6	--	--	45.7	2.8	29.0	13.5	76.3	22.5	--	--	6.6	5.1	--	18.3	9.9	--	--	5.7
Sales and related occupations	74.3	21.7	16.3	3.7	1.5	12.4	2.5	6.9	2.2	37.1	17.4	1.7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.7
Office and administrative support occupations	53.1	11.4	7.2	2.5	1.2	9.9	1.4	6.6	1.9	26.6	8.0	4.8	.7	2.1	--	--	2.1	--	--	--	1.6
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	249.5	65.6	39.8	11.3	11.6	101.7	43.3	29.1	29.2	44.5	8.5	3.0	8.5	10.8	2.0	--	13.2	--	--	--	13.2
Construction and extraction occupations	276.6	72.7	32.6	28.2	6.0	114.0	78.4	11.1	11.1	68.3	17.8	1.7	3.0	12.4	2.7	--	--	--	--	--	4.2
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	287.1	113.5	66.6	20.6	11.5	49.4	10.2	17.4	19.2	109.3	59.9	4.5	4.1	8.0	5.0	--	--	--	--	--	2.1
Production occupations	206.5	77.2	37.8	13.9	20.1	30.7	6.3	14.2	9.8	83.1	17.3	19.1	9.4	2.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.3
Transportation and material moving occupations	296.8	78.2	38.1	12.1	10.4	52.4	17.1	20.1	13.5	122.8	35.2	7.1	6.0	29.5	17.7	--	2.6	--	--	--	2.2

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year)

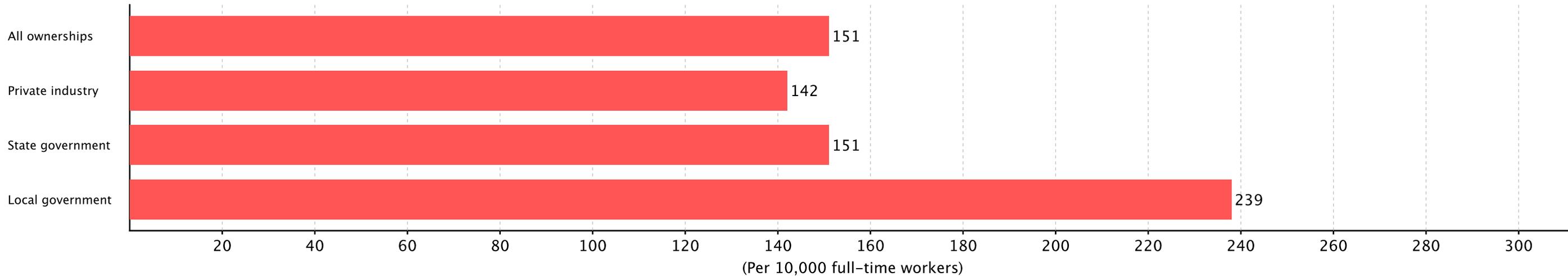
² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

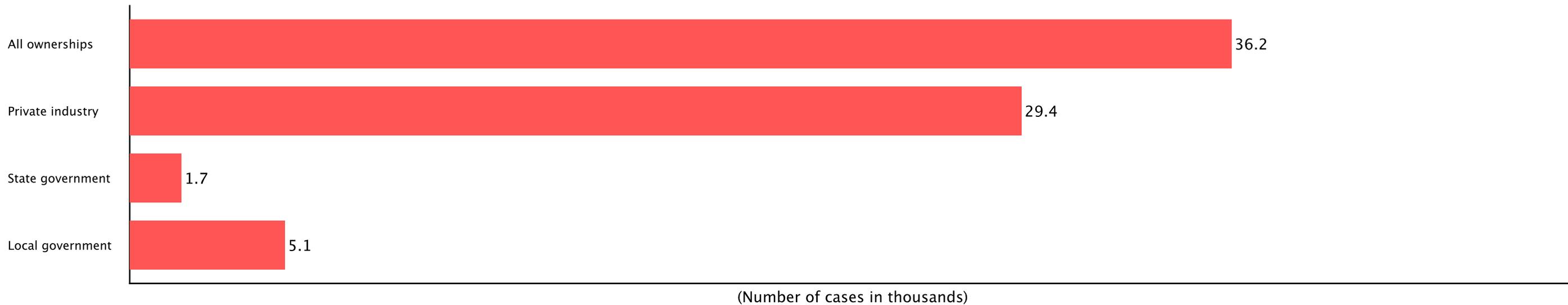
NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 04, 2016

Rate of injuries and illnesses with days away from work, by ownership, Washington, 2015

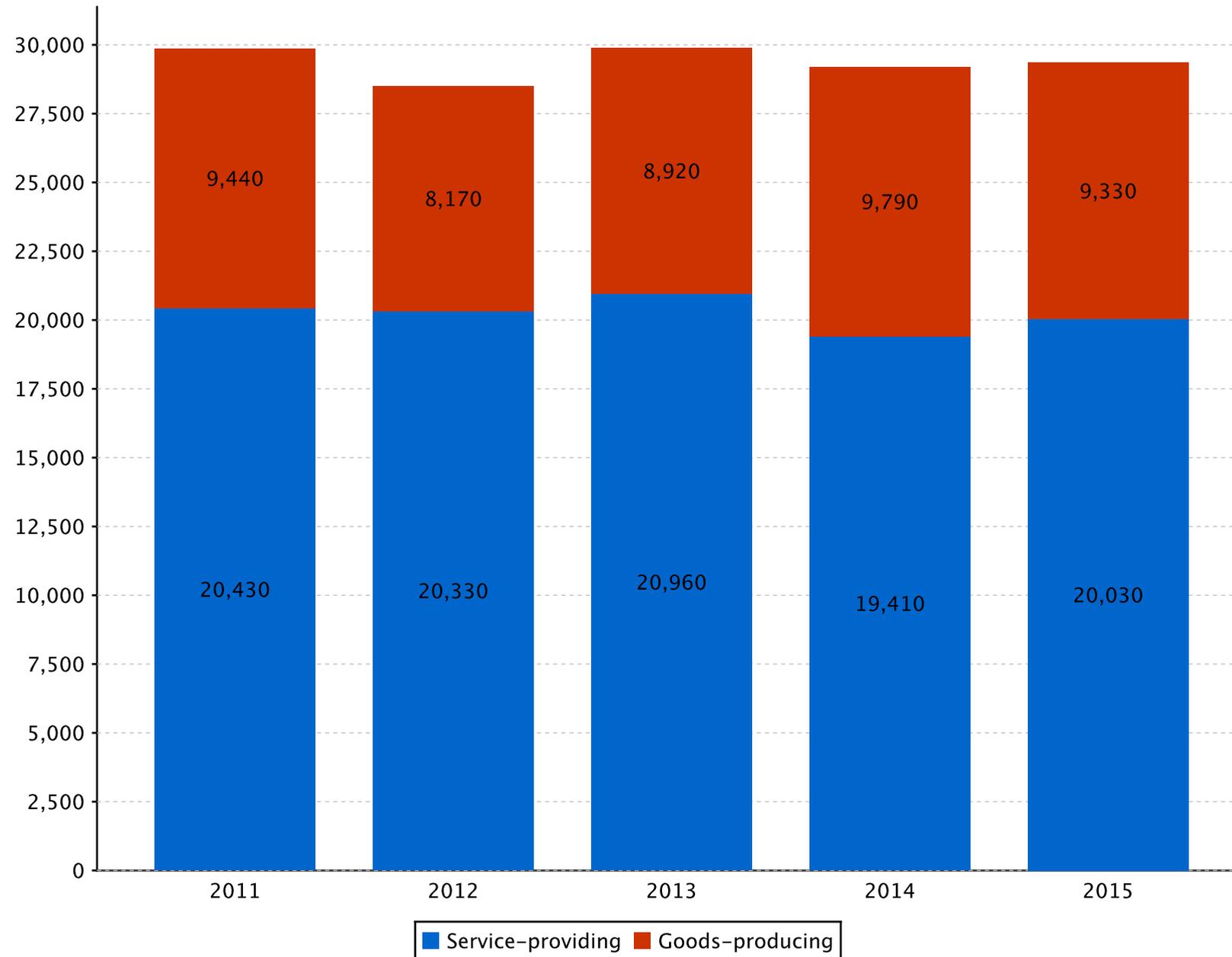


Number of injuries and illnesses with days away from work, by ownership, Washington, 2015

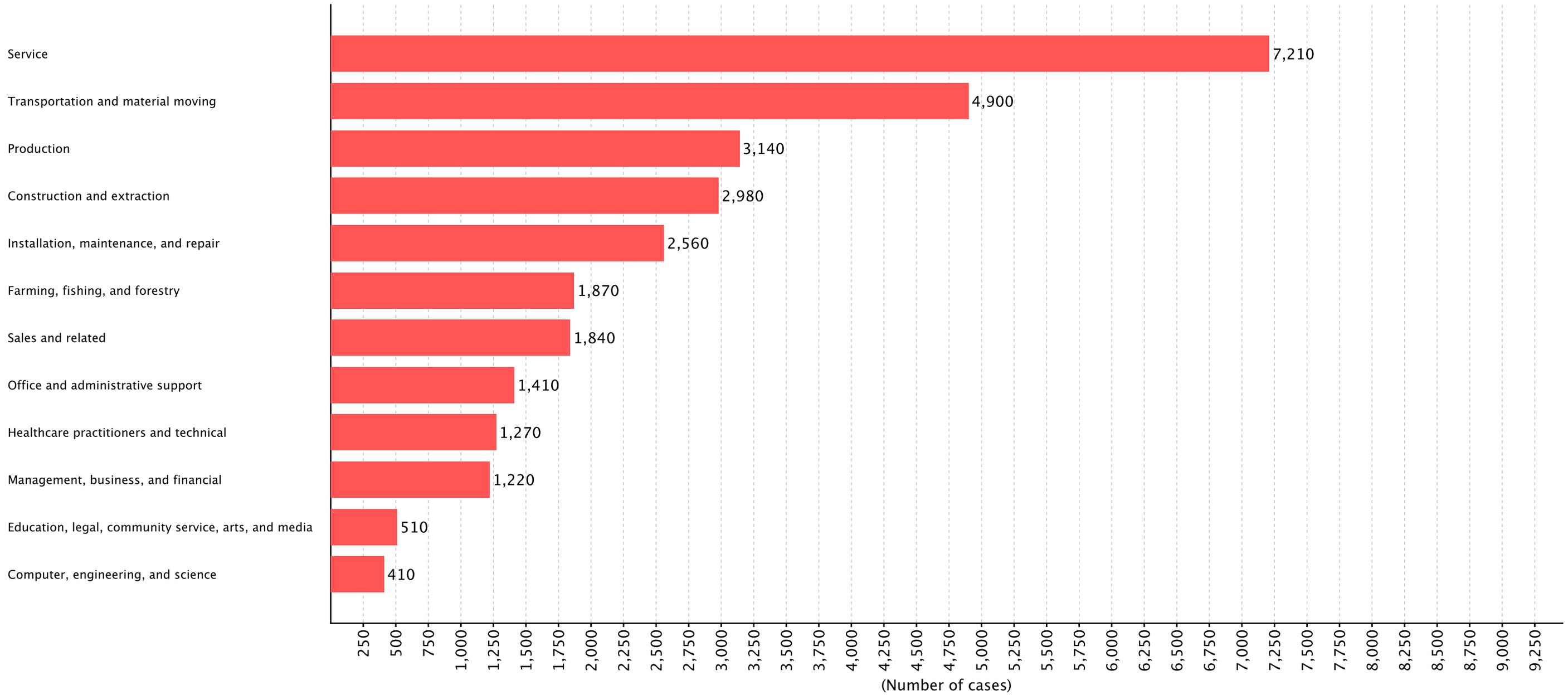


[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2016]

Number of injuries and illnesses with days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2011–2015
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2016]

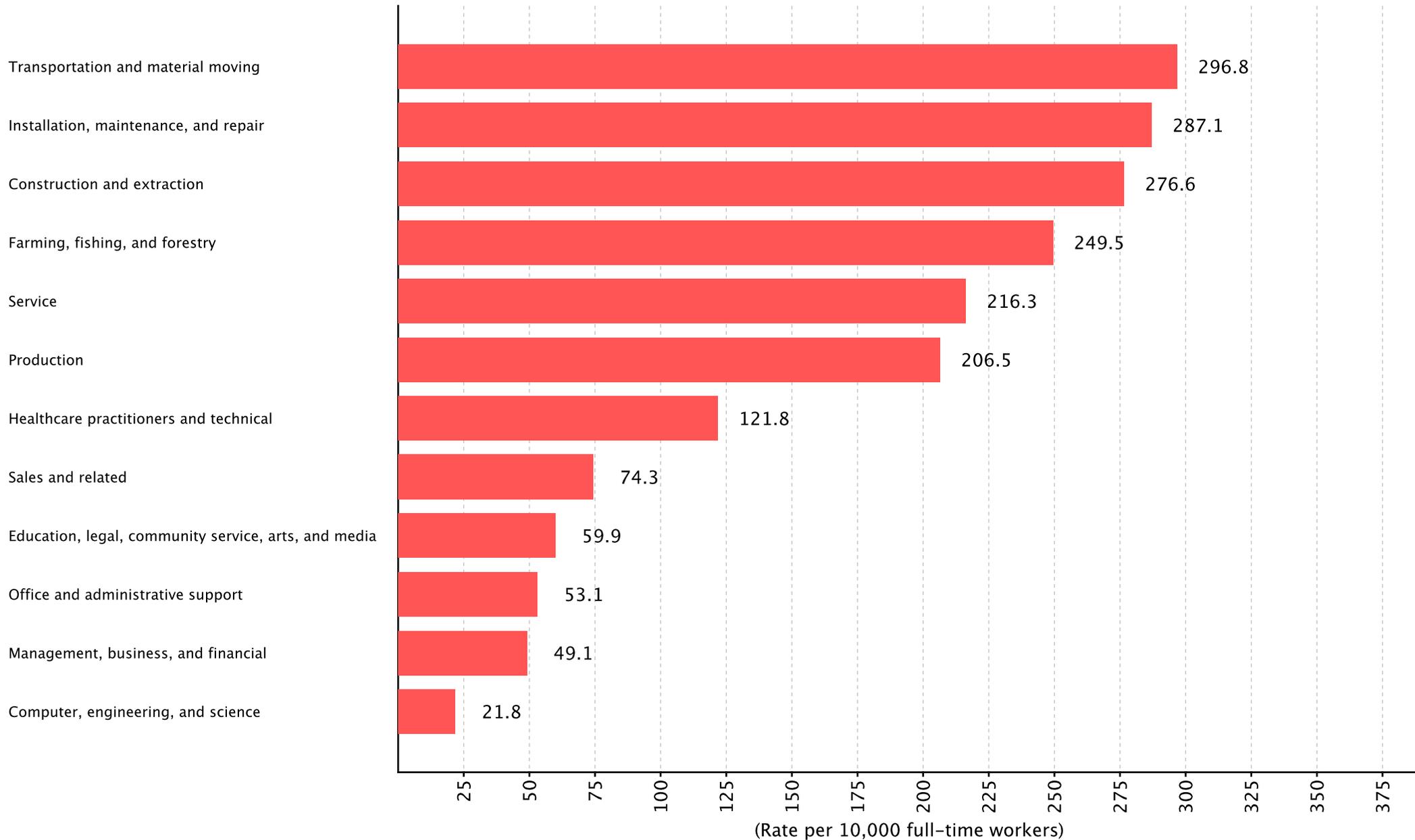


Number of injuries and illnesses by major occupation categories, private industry, Washington, 2015



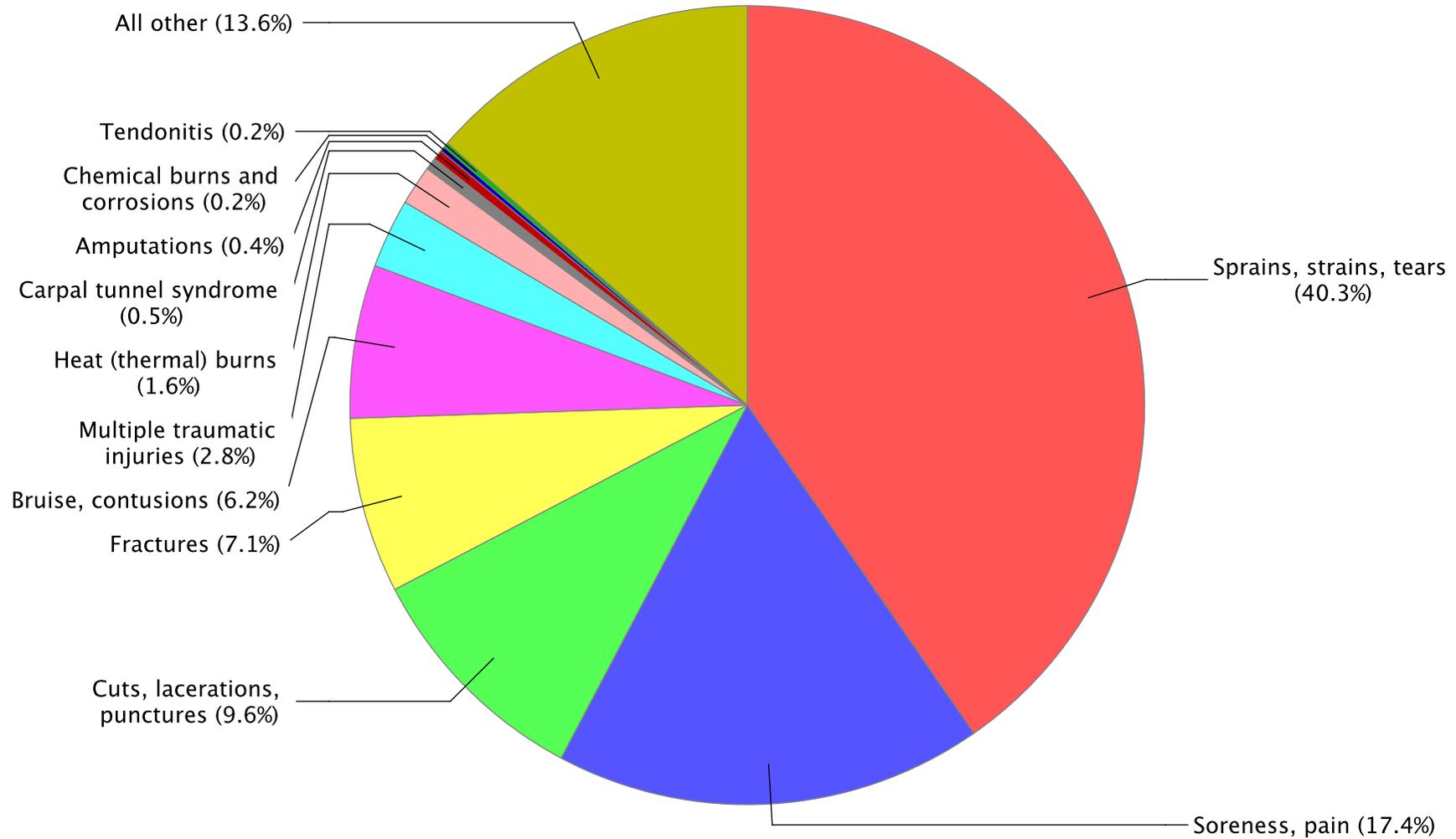
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2016]

Incidence rates of injuries and illnesses by major occupation categories, private industry, Washington, 2015



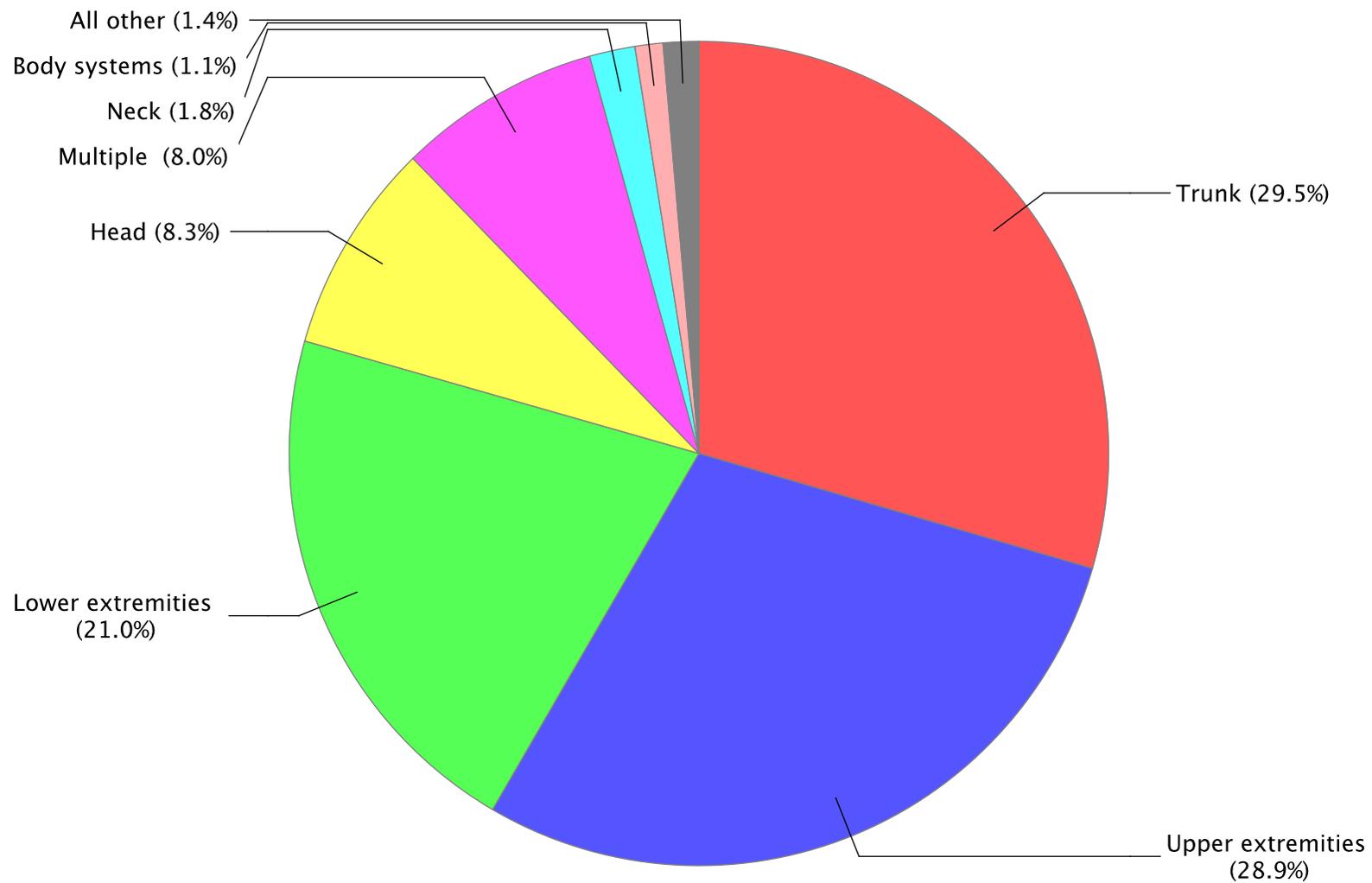
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2016]

Distribution of injuries and illnesses by nature, private industry, Washington, 2015
[Total Cases = 29,360]



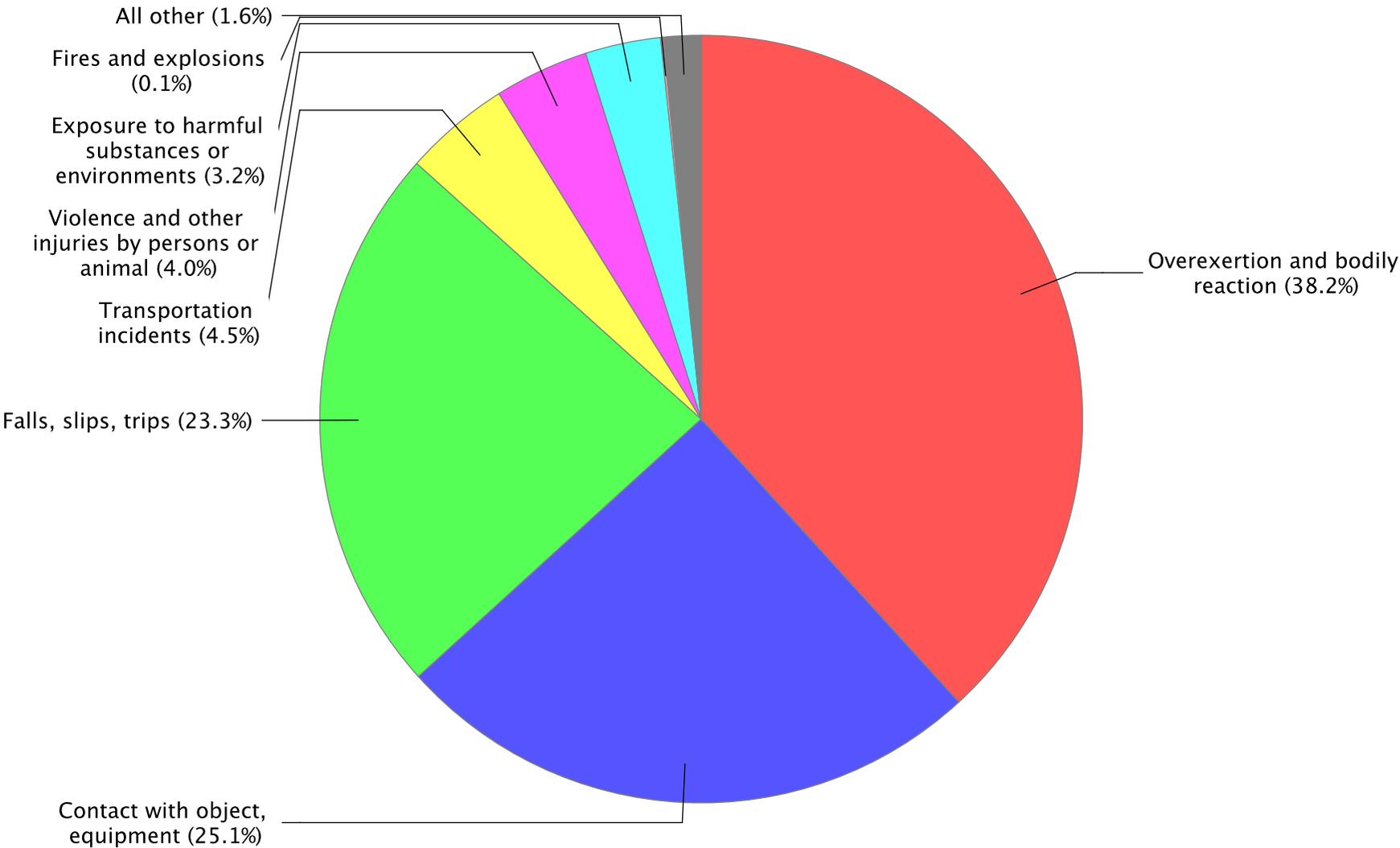
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2016]

Distribution of injuries and illnesses by part of body, private industry, Washington, 2015
[Total Cases = 29,360]



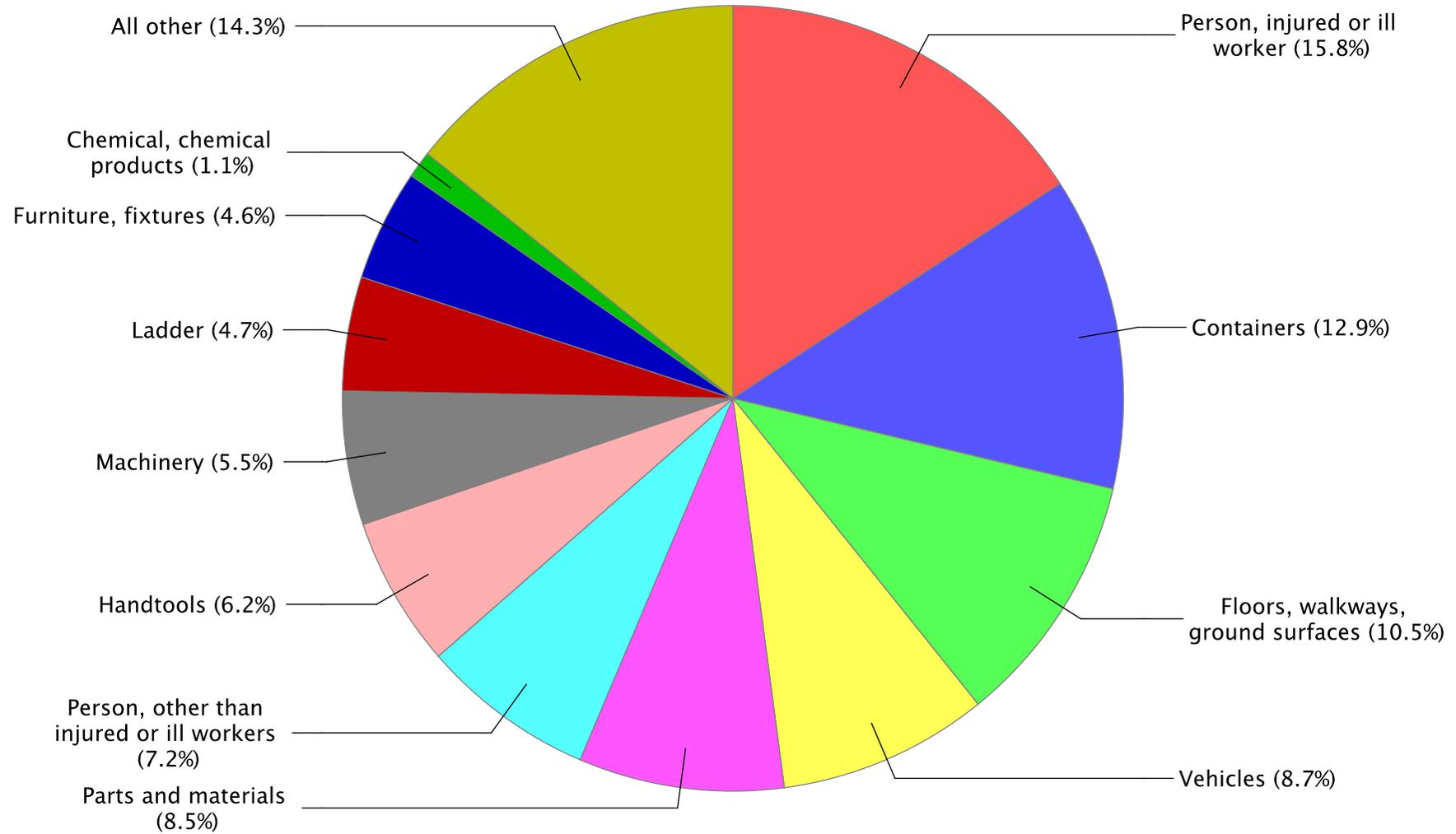
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2016]

Distribution of injuries and illnesses by event or exposure, private industry, Washington, 2015
[Total Cases = 29,360]



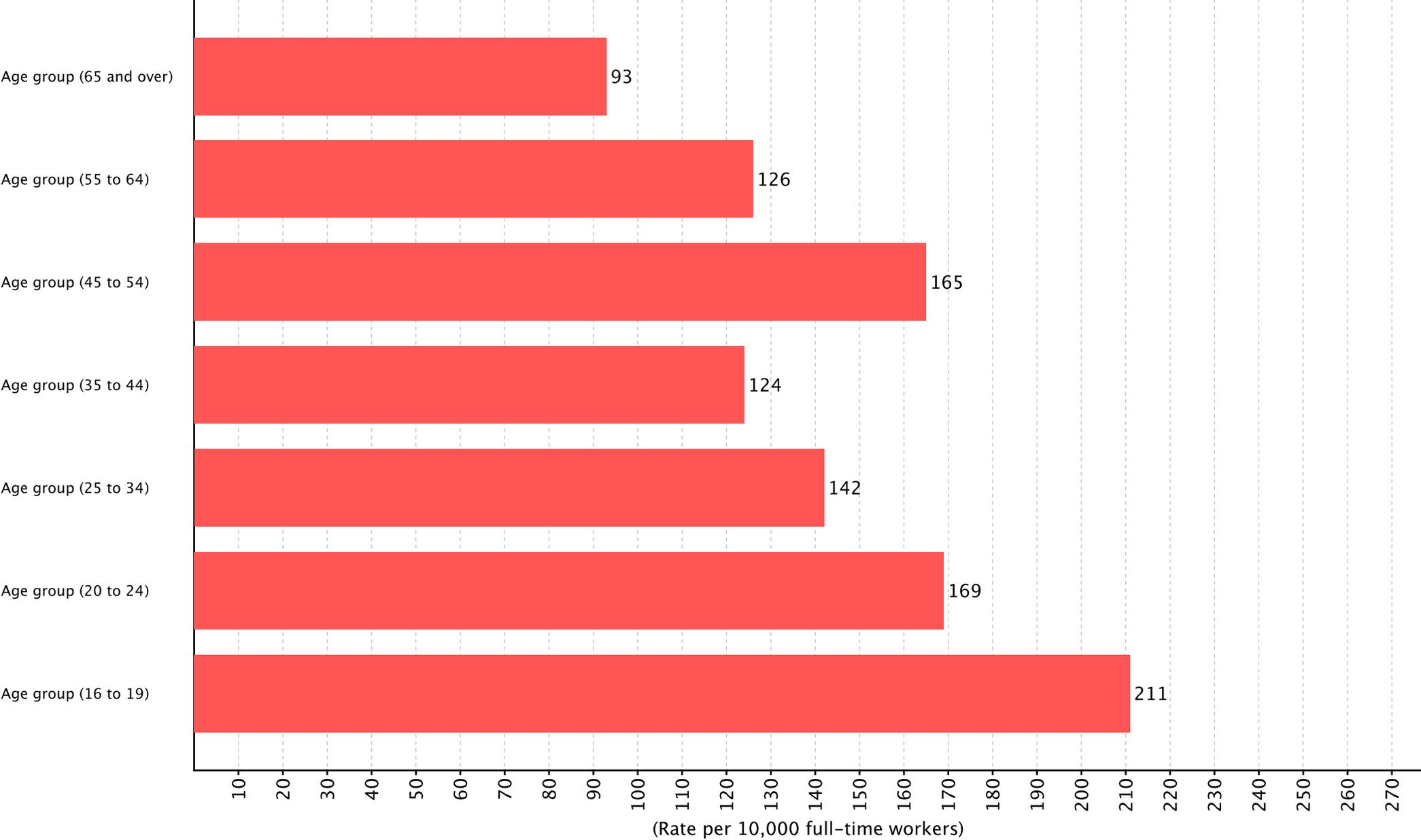
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2016]

Distribution of injuries and illnesses by source, private industry, Washington, 2015
[Total Cases = 29,360]



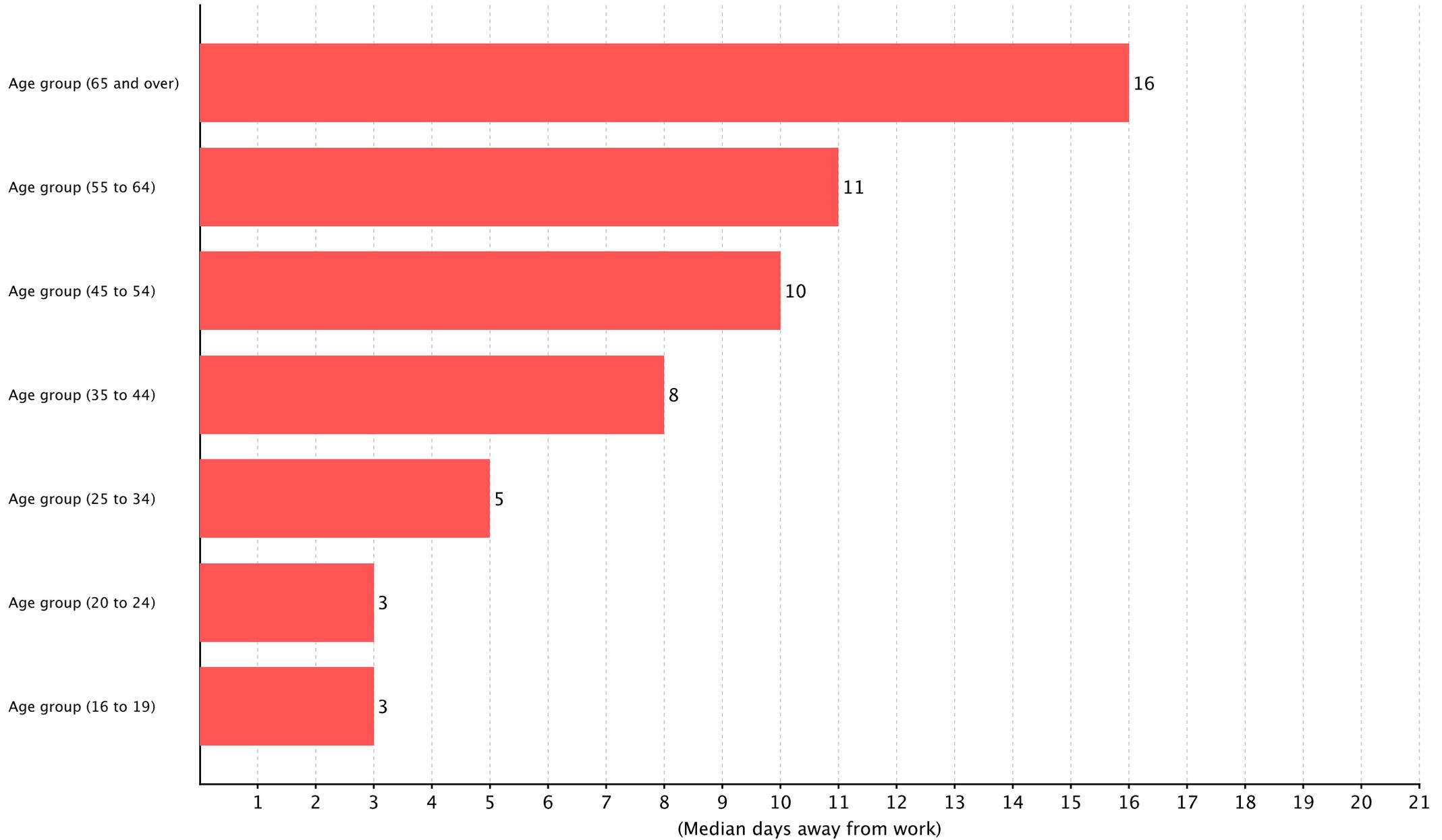
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2016]

Incidence rate by age of worker, private industry, Washington, 2015



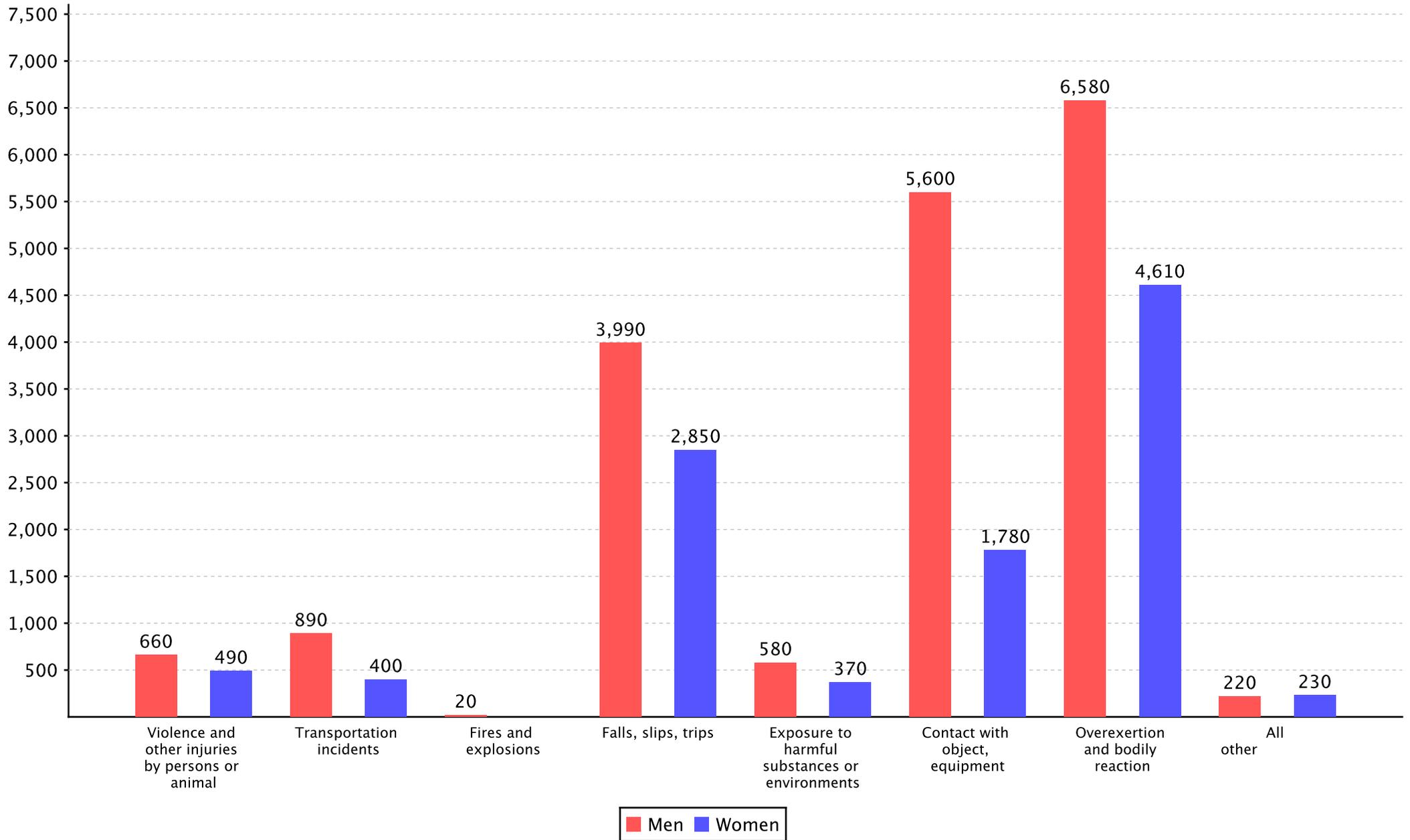
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2016]

Median days away from work due to injuries and illnesses , private industry, Washington, 2015

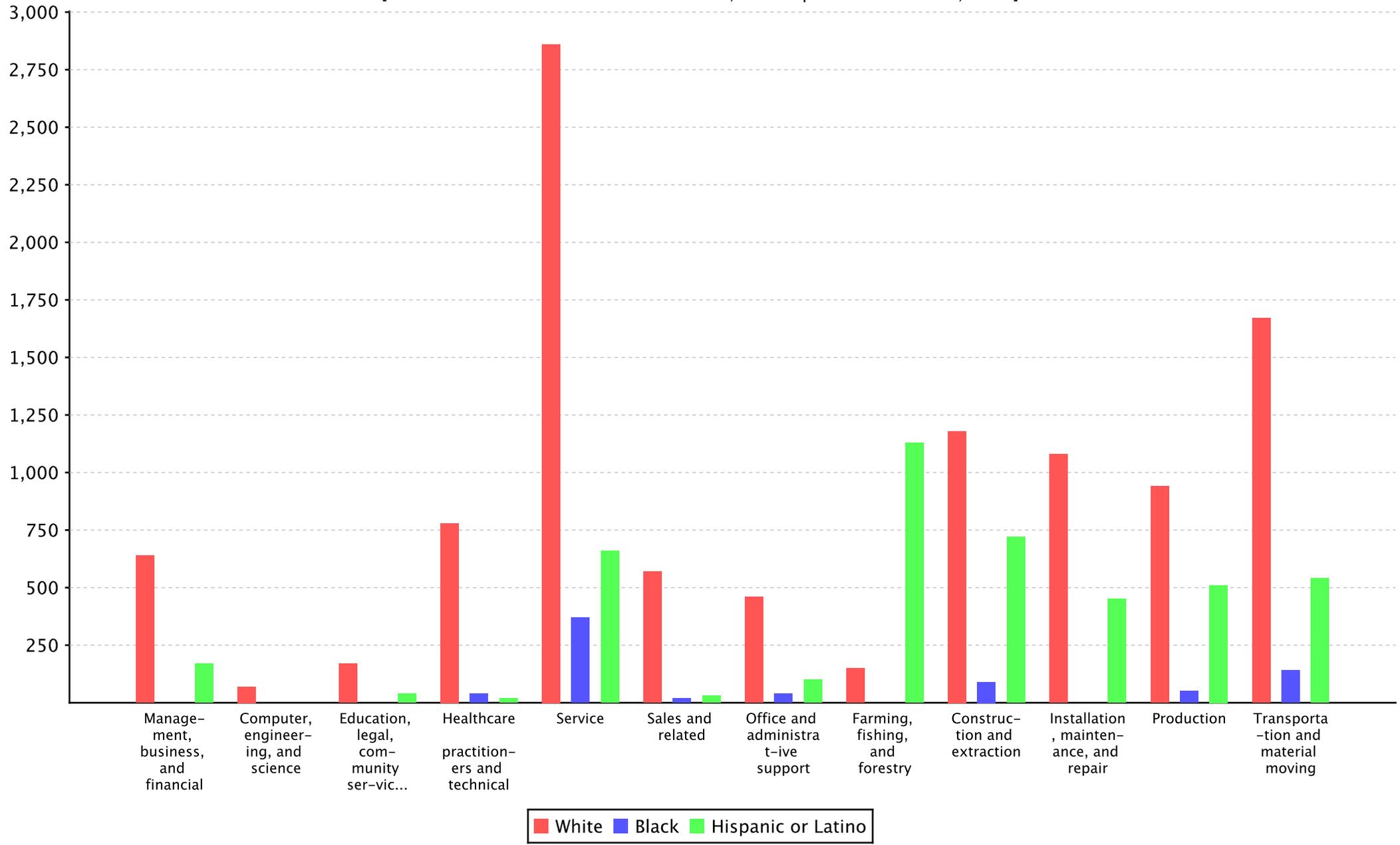


[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2016]

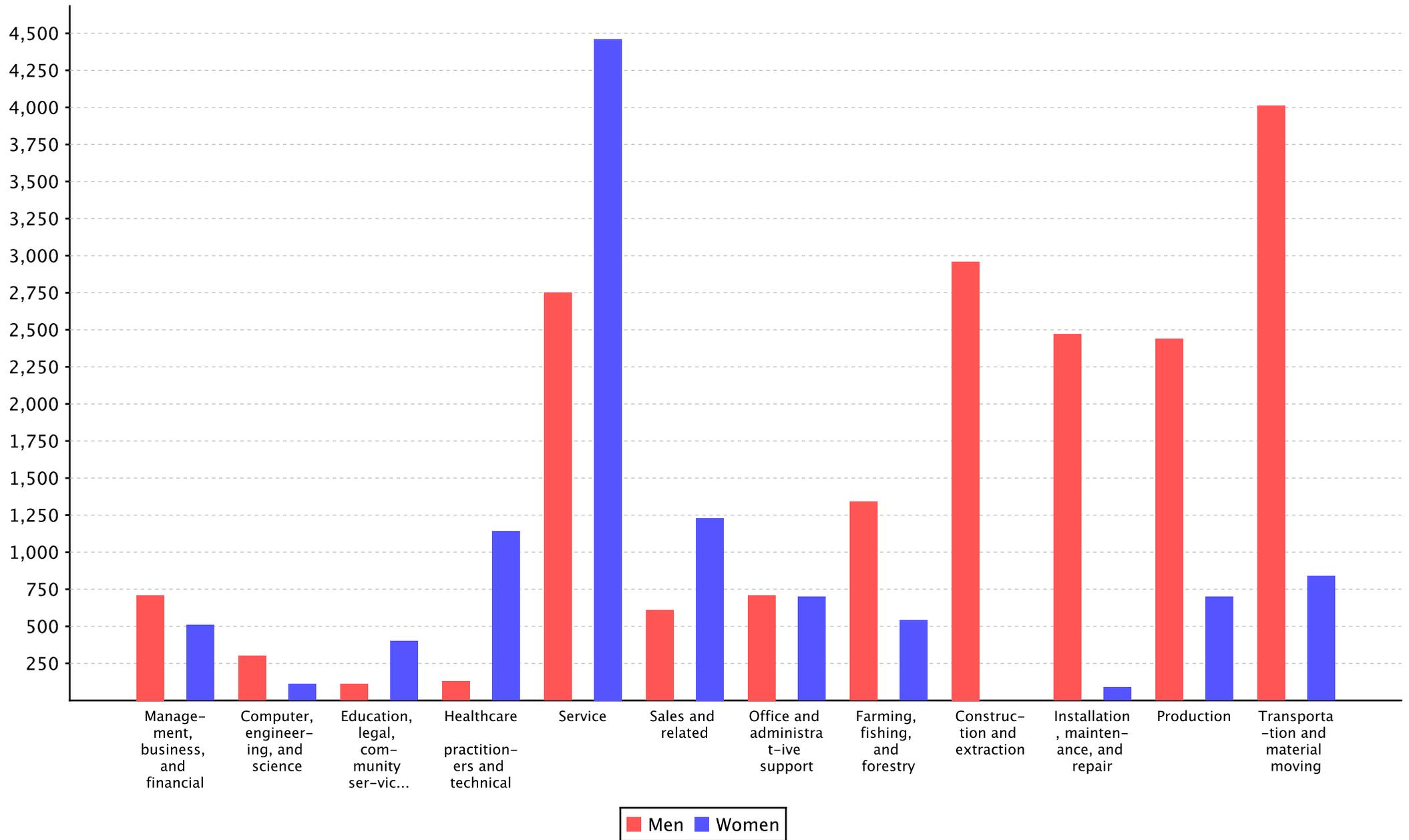
Number of injuries and illnesses by event or exposure and gender, private industry, Washington, 2015
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2016]



Number of injuries and illnesses to White, Black, and Hispanic or Latino workers, private industry, Washington, 2015
 [SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2016]

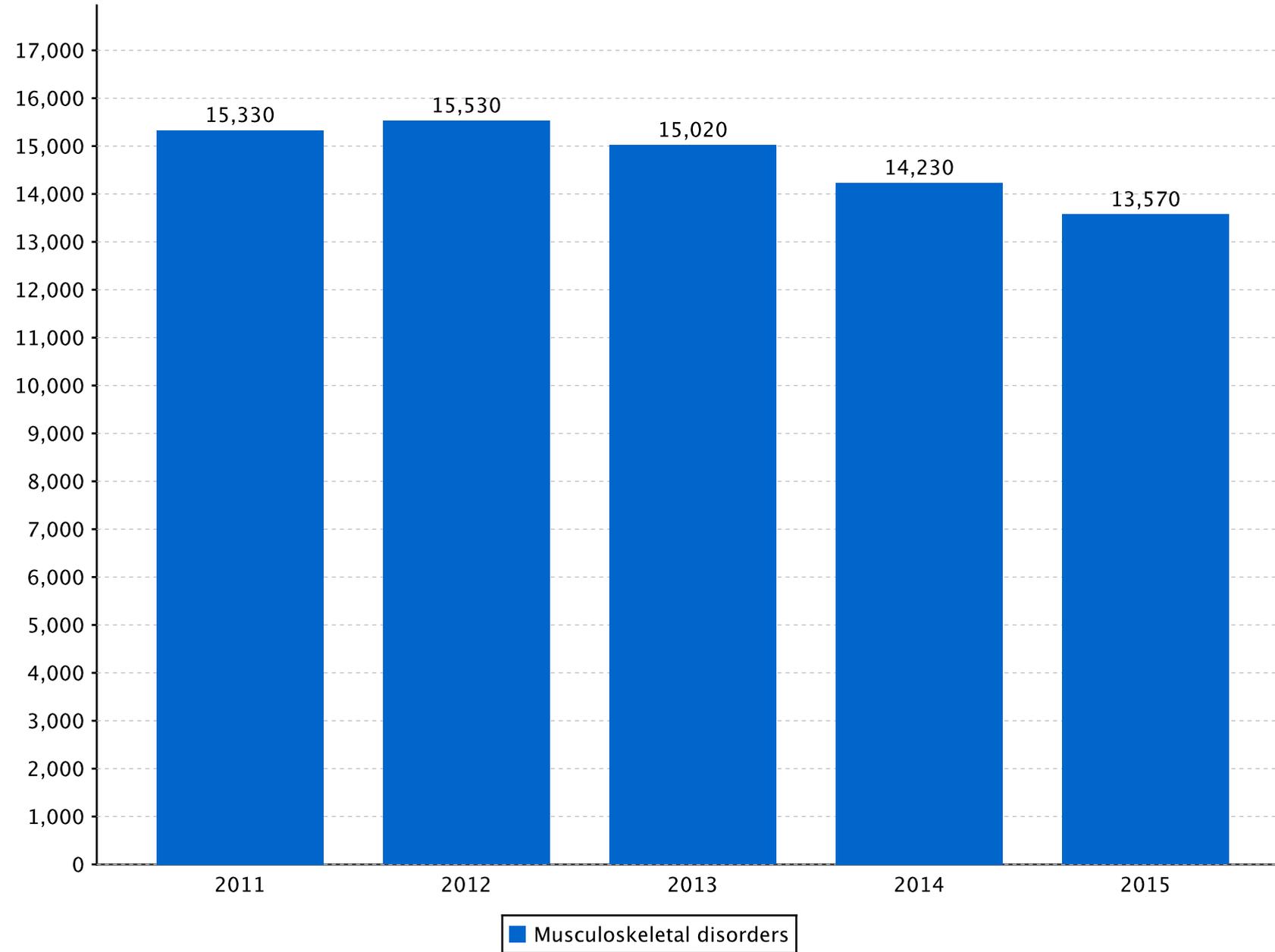


Number of injuries and illnesses by major occupation and gender, private industry, Washington, 2015
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2016]

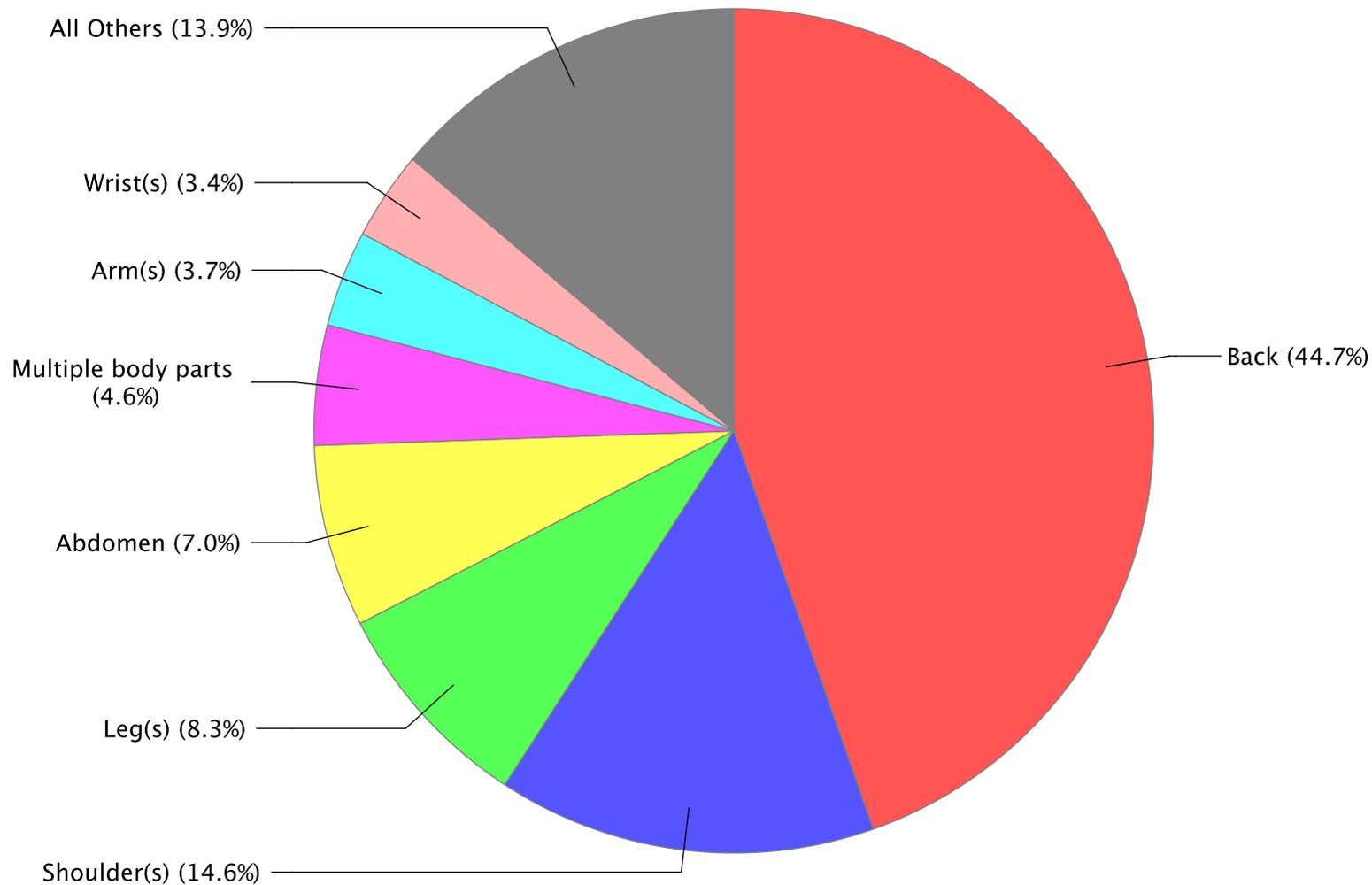


Number of musculoskeletal disorders with days away from work, Washington, 2011–2015

[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2016]



Distribution of musculoskeletal disorders by selected parts of body, private industry, Washington, 2015
[Total Cases = 10,900]



[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2016]